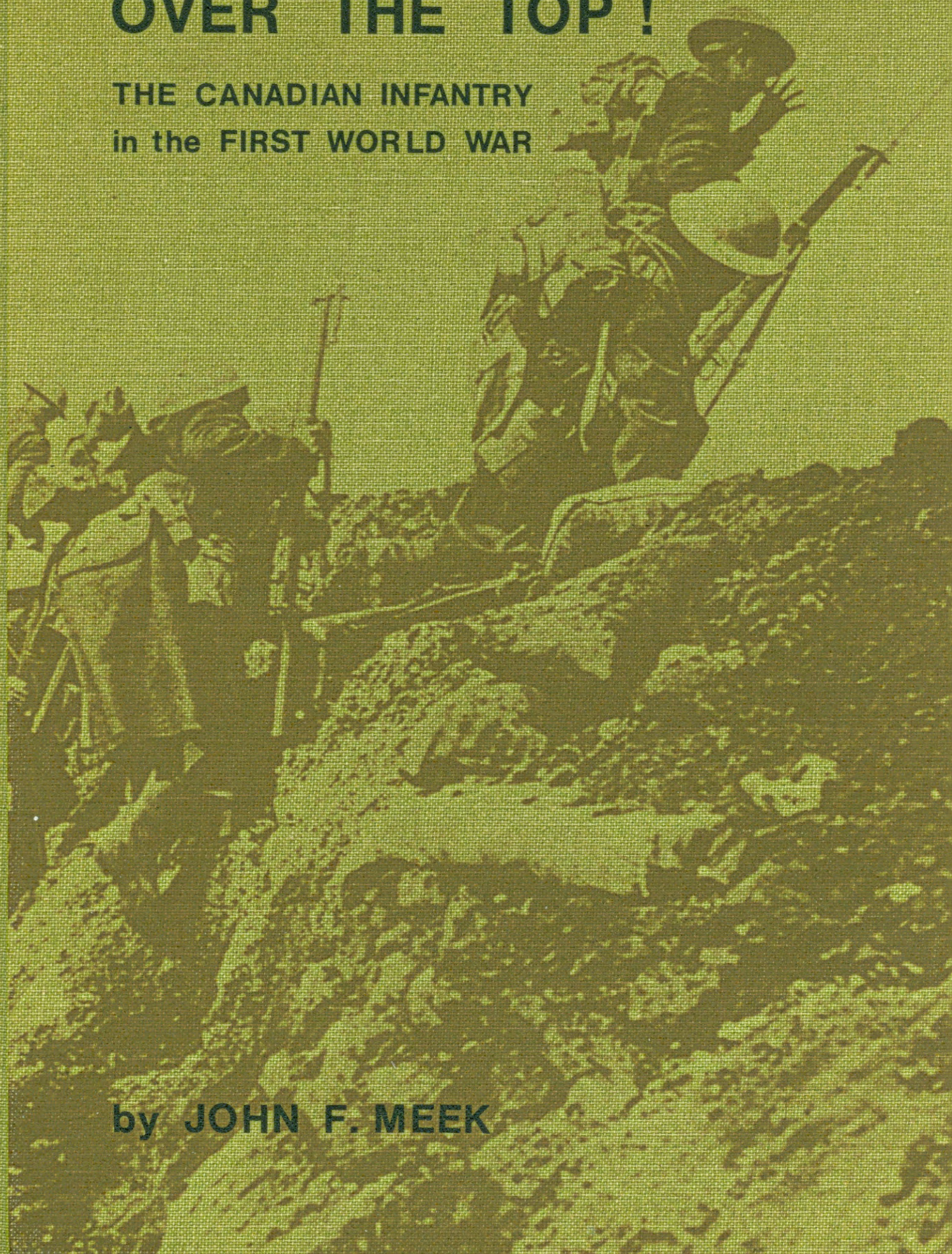


OVER THE TOP!

THE CANADIAN INFANTRY
in the FIRST WORLD WAR



by JOHN F. MEEK

OVER THE TOP!

The Canadian Infantry in the First World War

First Printed in 1971

John F. Meek

Orangeville, Ontario Canada

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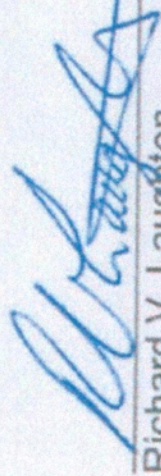
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The Canadian Expeditionary Force Study Group is currently in the process of updating this publication, following the format shown in this version, with new colour images of the CEF Cap Badges and new graphics from the collection at Library and Archives Canada. We are currently evaluating the need to make additional updates and corrections to the text during this process.

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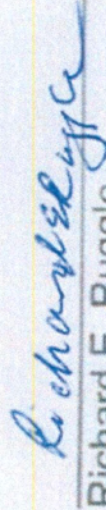
Accepted on Behalf of the CEFSG:



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April 20, 2009

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Richard E. Ruggie

22 APRIL 2009

OVER THE TOP !

THE CANADIAN INFANTRY
in the FIRST WORLD WAR

by JOHN F. MEEK

NUMBER *122* OF 1000 *John F. Meek*
October 1971

1971
First Printing...1000 copies



John F. Meek 1971

DEDICATION

"THE STORY OF CANADA IN THE GREAT WAR.

READ HOW FREE MEN THROUGHOUT THIS LAND KEPT FAITH
IN THE HOUR OF TRIAL, AND IN THE DAY OF BATTLE,
REMEMBERING THE TRADITIONS THEY HAD BEEN TAUGHT,
COUNTING LIFE NOTHING WITHOUT LIBERTY."

Quotation taken from the opening of 'The Story in Stone'
in the Memorial Chamber, the Parliament Buildings,
Ottawa, Ontario, Canada.



ROYAL CANADIAN MILITARY INSTITUTE
426 UNIVERSITY AVENUE
TORONTO 2

Some time ago, John Meek apprised me of his intention to produce a book which would illustrate the Infantry badges of the Canadian Expeditionary Force of 1914-1919, backed by short sketches of the Battalions they represented. Two aspects of this project immediately struck me: one, that it would be a long and difficult task and two that such a work was badly needed as a part of the detailed study of the efforts of the Canadian Army in the First World War. John came equipped with some of his early proofs which served to allay any doubts about his ability to perform this task. I was most impressed by the quality of the badge photographs (his own work) and the amount of information, supported by references to the appropriate General Orders, which he had managed to get into such a small space.

I thought excellent his plan to separate the book into five parts and four appendices which would include an outline history of the Canadian Expeditionary Force, give its brigade, divisional and corps organizations, the Unit badges in numerical order and trace the disposition of all the 266 Infantry battalions raised by Canada for the First World War.

On seeing the finished work, my original views were completely confirmed. John's own photography has continued to be superb and his plan for the organization of the book has accomplished his purpose of giving a concise picture of the activities and accomplishments of all the Infantry battalions of the C. E. F. in an easily readable fashion. This, then is not only a unique reference work for the serious badge collector, but will also serve those who would begin a study of the Canadian Units that made the name of CANADA second to none on the bloody battlefields of Flanders a half century ago.

I am proud to be associated, in however small a way, with John Meek in this important task and am honoured by his request for this foreword, the writing of which was made easy by the excellence of the pages following.

*Yours sincerely -
John Newlands*

John C. Newlands - Major, late P.P.C. L.I.

Librarian / Curator - Royal Canadian Military Institute



The
"Musket and Doubloon"
EDWARD DENBY

ANTIQUE ARMS AND ARMOUR, MILITARY INSIGNIA

1206 YONGE STREET

TORONTO 7. ONT.

PHONE 921-2493

For many years both dealer and collectors have been searching for a source of information on the Badges and Organization of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces of 1914-1919, looking for a way that would simply, but specifically deal with the many complexities encountered in the collecting of the badges of that gallant, never to be forgotten band of Canadians.

There have been, from time to time, books put out on the subject, but while good, there always seemed to be something obscure or unanswered in the mind of the reader, and it was with this in mind that the author set out to write this book.

The format of "OVER THE TOP!" is simple, precise and packed with information of the type the reader wants. The photography is excellent, and the text complete and easy to digest.

I am delighted and honoured to have had the privilege of writing a foreword to this book; indeed, to be associated in any way with an outstanding effort such as this is an honour indeed.

"OVER THE TOP!" The Canadian Infantry in the First World War, I am sure, will become a standard reference book from this time on, and deservedly so.

EDWARD DENBY

October, 1971.

PREFACE

It would be an impossibility to tell the complete story of the Canadian Infantry in the First World War in a volume of this size, and it is not within the scope of "OVER THE TOP!" to do so. Nor is it intended to be a catalogue of badges. Rather, "OVER THE TOP!" is a summary of each of the 266 numbered and named Infantry Battalions recruited in Canada for service overseas.

The main body of the book, PART 3, contains a brief sketch of each Infantry Battalion of the Canadian Expeditionary Force, each summary being designed to act as a base for further research by the reader.

PART 1 gives an historical brief of the Canadian Corps from 1914 to the conclusion of hostilities in November 1918. Indeed, it is a brief, for volumes have been written on just a single battle or action of the 1914-18 war.

One aspect of the C. E. F. with which most people are not overly familiar is that of the organization of the Corps into Brigades and Divisions. PART 2 of "OVER THE TOP!" attempts to give an outline of this organization. The method of accomplishing this is 'graphics recognition', that is, the use of reduced photos of cap badges so that the collector can immediately identify a Battalion in a Brigade by a picture rather than just reading a number and then having to try and associate a badge design with the number.

PART 4 shows the collector how Infantry Battalions not on the Order of Battle were organized into Reserve Battalions. I should point out that not all the Battalions listed under a Reserve Battalion necessarily served in the Reserve Battalion at the same time. I did not make a note of this in the introduction to PART 4, and feel it should be brought to the reader's attention.

PART 5 shows several ways in which C. E. F. Battalions can be grouped. Two major groupings are illustrated, and several others discussed in the text.

Additional information relating to C. E. F. Infantry Battalions is summed up in the APPENDICES. In particular, the Canadian Mounted Rifles are outlined in Appendix 1.

If the badges in your collection could talk, what a story they could tell. "OVER THE TOP!" will help your badges tell their story, but it is hoped that another purpose will be achieved--that of providing a base for you to continue your research into the fascinating story of the CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE 1914-19.

I sincerely hope that you will be kindly in your criticisms of this work, for there are always many variables in doing research of this type, and after all, I am only human and prone to the odd error!

All comments, additions and corrections will be gratefully received. And the best of everything in your research and collecting the C. E. F. Infantry series.

John F. Meek,
7 - 3rd Avenue,
ORANGEVILLE,
Ontario,
Canada.

October 1, 1971.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

At this time, I would like to acknowledge the help that many people and agencies have given me in preparing "OVER THE TOP!". Without their help and support, this book would not be a reality.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE (Directorate of History). My thanks to Mr. S. F. Wise and his Staff. In particular, I would like to give a special thank-you to Mr. Philip Chaplin. For 2 years, Mr. Chaplin has patiently answered my correspondence regarding research material for the preparation of this book. He was instrumental in supplying me with background material on the P. P. C. L. I. and the R. C. R. as well as the Battle Honours of those Battalions serving on the Order of Battle. Mr. Chaplin also researched background material on the 4 Battalions of Canadian Mounted Rifles. I am certain that there have been many times that Mr. Chaplin wished that I would break my writing arm, but I do sincerely thank him for being so patient with me!

Mr. Chaplin also supplied information used in the Appendix listing other Battle Honours to Battalions not on the Order of Battle.

PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF CANADA (Historical Photographs Section). All photographs depicting the activities of the C. E. F. were supplied by this Section. In particular, I would like to thank Mr. P. Robertson, Research Officer of the Section for personally making the fine selection shown in this book. The only exception to this is the photograph appearing on page 16.

Major John Newlands, Curator and Librarian of the Royal Canadian Military Institute of Canada. Major Newlands has been kind enough to write the Forward to "OVER THE TOP!"; but more important than that to me has been the Major's friendship and encouragement during the production of this book.

Mr. W. Elms of Toronto. Bill took the first really critical look at the proof copies of the book. This resulted in a few changes! My special thanks for Bill informing me of the existence of Battle Honours for Infantry Battalions not serving on the Order of Battle.

Mr. George H. R. Phillips for many hours of fascinating recollections of the life of a soldier in the C. E. F., and for the use of the photograph and details on page 16.

Mr. H. A. Glover of Orangeville for the use of his outline of the 164th Infantry Battalion.

Mr. Edward Denby of the Musket and Doubloon. There were times when I really began to doubt if there was a real need for a book on the history of C. E. F. badges, but Ed kept my faith in the project alive. Edwardus Denbyus, I thank you very much.

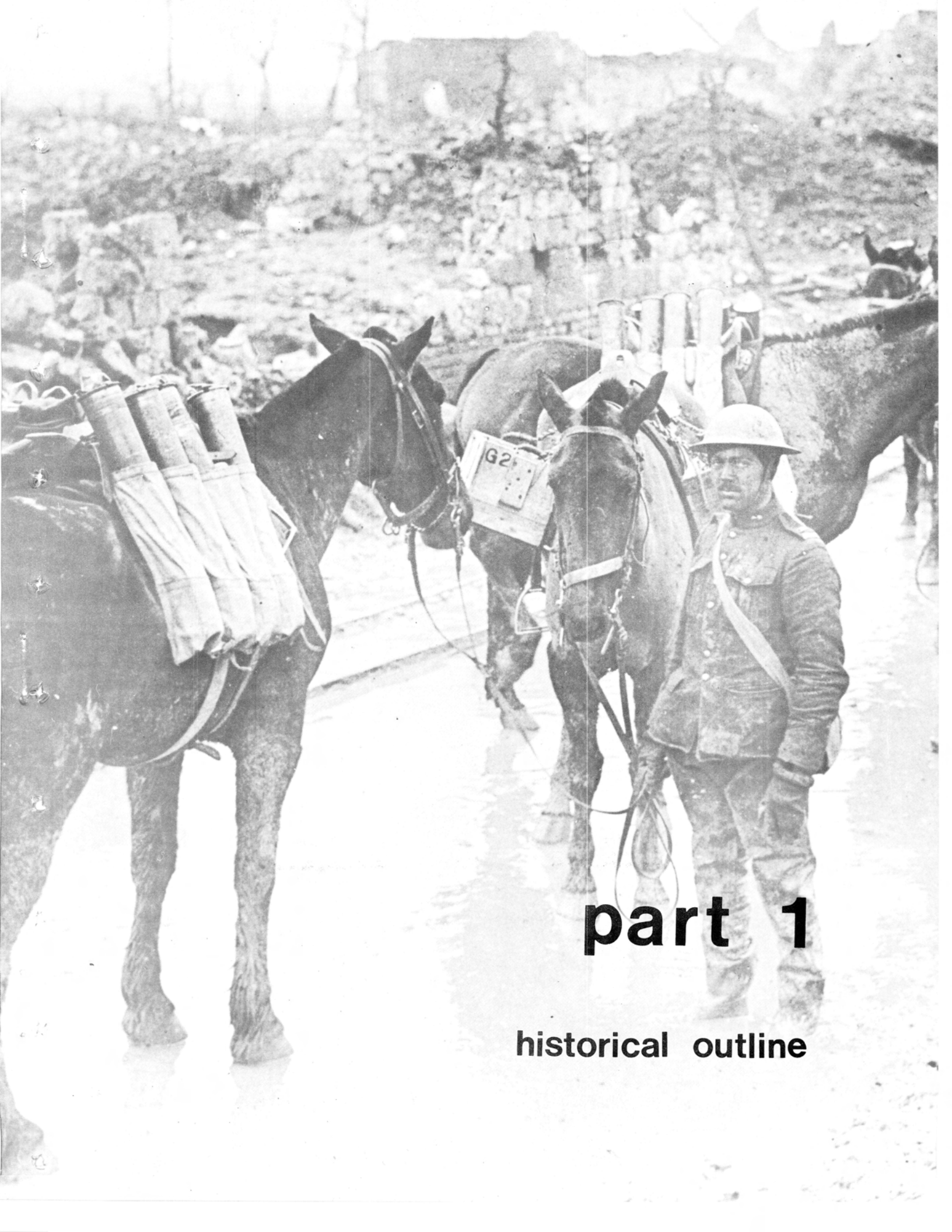
To Mr. Maurice Cline for turning my dream into a reality on paper. Mr. Cline, a retired High School Principal saw me through school, and has been my neighbour all my life. I sincerely hope that he has had as much enjoyment in producing "OVER THE TOP!" as I have had. 9/10ths of the fun has just been his good company.

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NOTE: Full page dividers are counted as a page number.

All photographs with the exception of page 16 and the Cap Badges are courtesy
of the PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF CANADA.



part 1

historical outline

PART 1 of "OVER THE TOP!" is a very brief sketch of the activities and the Battles in which the CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE 1914-1919 participated.

Only the major names of Battles have been listed, and only the bare necessities needed for further research are given for each Battle. Many good volumes exist that detail the actions of the C. E. F. , and the one that I would recommend be used for a detailed study is the following title:

Canadian Expeditionary Force 1914 - 1919
The Official History of the Canadian Army in the First World War
by Colonel G. W. L. Nicholson, C.D., Army Historical Section.

THE CANADIAN CORPS in the GREAT WAR

In early August 1914, on hearing of the outbreak of war in Europe, Canada offered to raise a force to serve in England and on the continent. Canada, having no designs of conquest, had maintained only a peace-keeping force which operated within her own borders. This army consisted of a Permanent Active Militia and a number of Non-Permanent Militia Regiments throughout the country.

The Royal Canadian Regiment (page 48) formed the main body of Infantry within the Permanent Active Militia.

A prepared plan of Mobilization existed in the event of an emergency such as now faced the Nation, but it was discarded by Colonel (later Sir Sam) Hughes, the Minister of Militia and Defence. Enlistment was enthusiastic and brisk, and by September, a concentration of some 30,000 all ranks had assembled at Camp Valcartier, located near Quebec City.

Here at Valcartier, basic training was carried out, and the formation and organization of the 1st Canadian Division began to evolve. It is interesting to note that the Militia Units existing at this time in Canada were not used in the C. E. F. as active Units, but were employed as local recruiting agencies. In their stead, a series of consecutively numbered Infantry Battalions were formed to organize the CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE 1914-1919.

Oddly enough, the Regular Infantry, the Royal Canadian Regiment (R. C. R.) did not go directly to Europe, but relieved a British Regiment on Garrison Duty in Bermuda, so that the British Regiment could return home for duty at the front.

By October, 1914, an Infantry Division had been formed (the 1st) along with Cavalry, Artillery and a compliment of Support Troops. The first Unit from Canada to serve in action was not part of this First Division, but was a newly formed Infantry Unit, the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry (P. P. C. L. I.); but to achieve this distinction, they served within a British Division. Because of this action, the P. P. C. L. I. is the only C. E. F. Infantry Battalion to have earned the Battle Honours of "FREZENBERG," and "Bellewaarde." (page 48)

On the 3rd of October, 1914, the Canadian Expeditionary Force embarked at Quebec, and sailed for England. After 11 days of sailing, they landed at Plymouth 30,621 men strong. The C. E. F. then moved out to Salisbury Plain where advanced training in Trench Warfare was carried out. Salisbury will always be remembered for the storms that broke while the Canadians were encamped there, turning the country side into a quagmire of filth and mud.

In February, 1915, the 1st Canadian Division left England for France, landing at the port of St. NAZAIRE. A portion of the line was turned over to the Canadians near Fleurbaix as an area in which to carry out 'on the spot' training. After 3 weeks of observation of actual combat conditions, the 1st Division moved to occupy some 4000 yards of trench in the YPRES SALIENT near GRAVENSTAFEL. The date was the 17th of April, 1915.

48th Highlanders leaving Toronto, September, 1914.



THE SECOND BATTLE OF YPRES

DATE: April 22, 1915

UNITS INVOLVED: 1st, 2nd and 3rd Brigades

On the 22nd, the Canadians, French Colonials, and British were exposed to a cloud of lethal gas released by the Germans. The Canadians had a very difficult time, but managed to maintain some portions of their line.

On the 24th, the Germans again attacked after another release of gas, but the Canadians held the line once more, and the expectations of the enemy in their new weapon were badly crushed. On May 4th, the 1st Division was relieved.

Meanwhile, the P. P. C. L. I. were engaging the enemy near Bellewaarde. Casualties resulting from these actions cost Canada 6,100 men, of which nearly 2000 were fatalities.

FESTUBERT

DATE: May 20, 1915

UNITS INVOLVED: 1st, 2nd and 3rd Brigades

Festubert was part of the 1915 British offensive. The 1st Division was back up to

C. E. F. Unit entraining at Vancouver, British Columbia



fighting strength, and struck at the enemy near Bethune. The Germans occupied a position known as AUBERS RIDGE, and this position was attacked from the 20th of May through to the 25th. The Canadian line moved ahead some 600 yards, at a cost of over 2000 casualties.

GIVENCHY

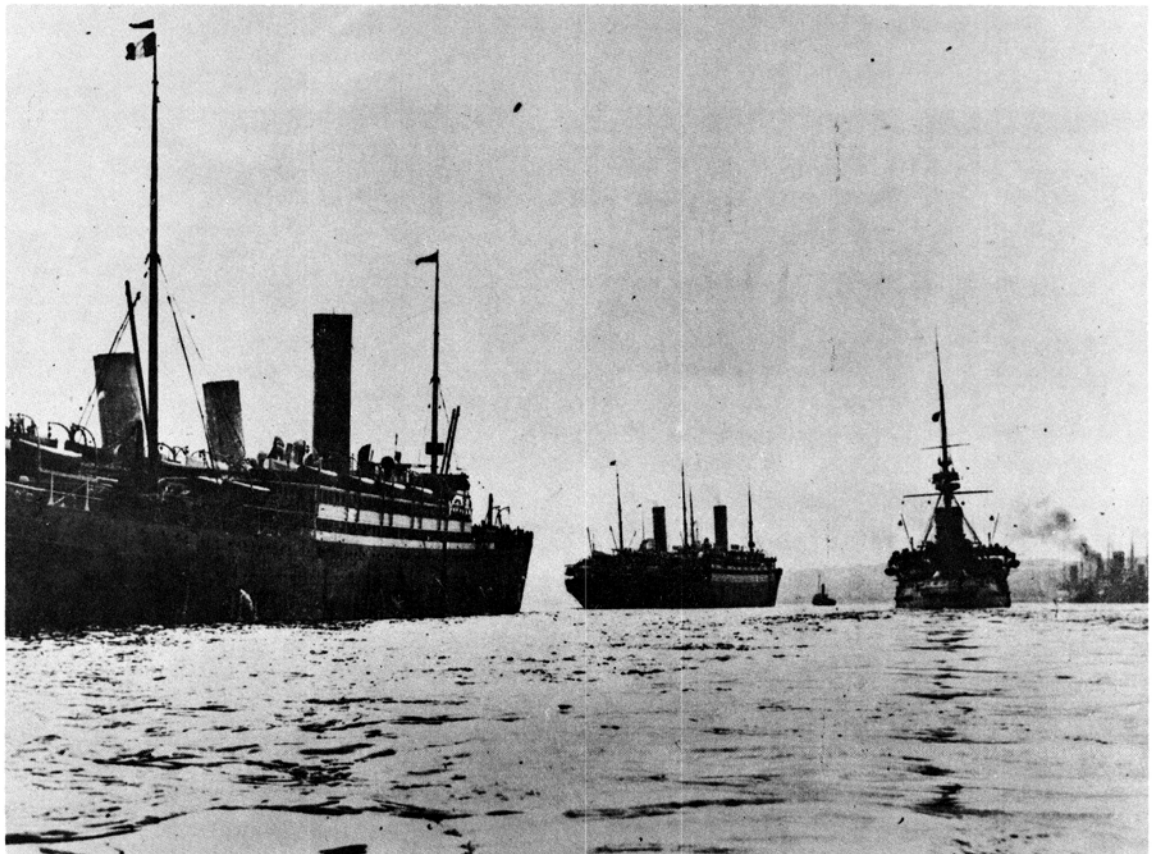
DATE: June 15, 1915

UNITS INVOLVED: 1st and 2nd Brigades

The 1st Division attacked once more on the 15th of June, but the Germans had used their barbed wire well, holding the Division from victory. Givenchy proved to be bloody and costly (approximately 900 casualties) and by now most of the Infantry Battalions were under strength, so the Division moved to a quieter sector to recover from its wounds.

It was at this time that a plan came into effect that divided Battalions coming from Canada to Europe into RESERVE BATTALIONS from which men could be drawn from to bolster the ranks of the Battalions already serving on the "Order of Battle." The Reserve Depot was kept at a strength of nearly 400 all ranks and was situated at Le HAVRE.

Canadian transports arriving at Devonport. October, 1914.



Meanwhile, a second Canadian Division had been formed and proceeded to England. On the 13th of September, 1915, the 2nd Division and the 1st were joined to form the CANADIAN CORPS (page 23). On the 24th of December, 1915, the 3rd Division also joined the Corps. A 4th Division would round out the Canadian Corps as a fighting unit at a later date.

ST. ELOI

DATE: April, 1916

UNITS INVOLVED: 2nd Division

On the 4th of April, the 2nd Division took over a sector of the line near St. Eloi and the Ypres to Menin Road. In the course of two weeks, the 2nd Division suffered 1300 casualties in an attempt by the British Army to take possession of several mine craters occupied by the enemy. Mud was as much an enemy as the Germans, and the encounter could not be termed successful, although the troops fought stubbornly.

Princess Patricia reviewing the P. P. C. L. I. at Bramshott before her marriage.



SANCTUARY WOOD

DATE: June 2, 1916

UNITS INVOLVED: 3rd Division

The 3rd Division took the brunt of the attack, and were driven for a time from their positions.

HOOGE

DATE: June 6, 1916

From the 6th to the 13th, a counter-attack was staged by the Canadians, regaining much of the ground lost over the past month. Casualties ran upwards of 9000 men. On August 14, the 4th Division arrived fresh from training in England.

COURCELETTE

DATE: September, 1916

On the 15th, six Battalions of the 2nd and 3rd Divisions attacked and captured the village of Courcellette. Mouquet Farm was also taken by the 1st Division, and several other minor gains were made.



Bombing down a trench. 8th Battalion. June, 1916.

THIEPVAL

Other important engagements of this period should be noted. During September, attacks were carried out on HESSIAN, ZOLLERN and KENORA Trenches by the 1st and 2nd Divisions.

ANCRE HEIGHTS

REGINA Trench was carried on November 11, 1916 by the 4th Division. This trench saw some of the bloodiest fighting of the war.

On November 18, the 4th Division captured DESIRE Trench, the concluding action by the Canadians on the Somme in 1916. 4000 yards had been gained over a front of about 3000 yards with casualties amounting to 24,000 all ranks by the 28th of November, 1916.

Peeling potatoes. June, 1916.



VIMY RIDGE

DATE: April 9, 1917

UNITS INVOLVED: The Canadian Corps

During the winter months of 1916-17, the Canadian Corps reorganized while holding the line. In preparation for the attack on Vimy Ridge, many small raids were conducted against the enemy.

One raid, pulled on the night of the 28th of February-March 1st, is today referred to as the 'March 1st Gas Attack'. 1700 men of the 54th, 72nd, 73rd and 75th Battalions lined the trenches awaiting the word to go 'OVER THE TOP!'. The Staff were afraid that if the wire-cutting torpedoes were employed, the enemy would be alerted. In place of the mechanical wire-cutting devices, clouds of poison gas were to be used to cover the attack.

The tanks of chlorine were opened, and the gas wafted into the gentle breeze. As the men started off, the wind changed and blew the lethal gas back into the Canadians lines. As a result, the attacking Battalions (the 54th and 75th) both lost their Colonels and a total of 687 Canadians were lost. About 35 Germans were captured.

The enemy considered Vimy Ridge to be impregnable. The French had tried to take it. In their attempts they had lost upwards of 150,000 men. The British then attempted to take it, but the Ridge still defied attempts to let anyone relieve it from the German Armies.

Train leaving Casualty Clearing Station for Blighty. 1916.



On April 10th, the 4th Division captured HILL 145, and on the 12th, the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Divisions captured the PIMPLE. Casualties for the 3 operations (Vimy, Hill 145 and the Pimple) added up to 266 Officers and 9,700 Other Ranks. Other small battles and engagements were waged in the Vimy-Thelus Trenches by the 1st and 2nd Divisions.

ARLEUX

DATE: April 28, 1917

UNITS INVOLVED: 1st Division

Total Canadian Casualties for April amounted to 13,477 all ranks.

FRESNOY

DATE: May 3, 1917

UNITS INVOLVED: 1st and 2nd Divisions

During April and May, the Canadian Corps captured 9 villages, and captured a total of 5,000 prisoners, 64 Artillery pieces, 106 Trench Mortars and 126 machine guns. In the early part of August, the Corps advanced toward LENS and the 4th Division captured AVION and LA COUIETTE.

On August 15th, the 1st and 2nd Divisions in company with the 4th Division captured HILL 70. The battle was waged for 10 days, and the Corps suffered 10,000 casualties during July and August.



PASSCHENDAELE

DATE: October and November, 1917

UNITS INVOLVED: 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Divisions

In October the Corps moved to FLANDERS to aid the British in their Autumn Offensive. The attack on Passchendaele Ridge took several stages to complete, and due to this careful planning, all objectives were carried. On October 22, the 3rd and 4th Divisions manned 2800 yards of trench and on the 26th attacked and carried BELLEVUE SPUR.

In the first week of November, the 1st and 2nd Divisions relieved the 3rd and 4th Divisions; attacked and captured Passchendaele Ridge. Approximately 2 square miles of land was claimed by the 2 months of action at a cost of 16,000 casualties. During the capture of Passchendaele, 44 enemy Officers and 1,200 Other Ranks were captured.

During the winter months of 1917-1918, the Canadian Corps held the line across a wide front near Vimy, and the days were spent maintaining and repairing old trench systems and constructing new networks. During this period it was decided to use the now formed 5th Division to maintain the 4 present Divisions at the Front rather than send the 5th to the Front as a complete Division.

Line of lorries ready to take ammunition to the Front.



During March, 1918, the Germans launched a final offensive in an attempt to break through the Allies and finish the war in complete victory. On the 24th of April, the Canadian Corps extended until the 4 Divisions covered a front some 20 miles long south of LENS. By the first week in May, the Corps, with the exception of the 2nd Division went into reserve. The 3rd Division relieved the 2nd about 2 months later. The Corps now moved to the vicinity of AMIENS and prepared for Battle.

AMIENS

DATES: August 8th to 17th, 1918.

UNITS INVOLVED: The Canadian Corps

The Corps now held the centre of the British Front Line, between AVRE and ANCRE. In an attempt which proved successful, the line was extended, and the Germans were beaten back over a distance of 14 miles. AMIENS was saved at a cost of 11,725 casualties. The Corps took an impressive total of spoils of war--9,000 prisoners, 185 Field pieces, 1000 machine guns and 125 Trench Mortars.

General Sir Sam Hughes (3rd from right) and party watch an advance on the Somme. August 1916



ARRAS

DATES: August 26th to September 4th, 1918.

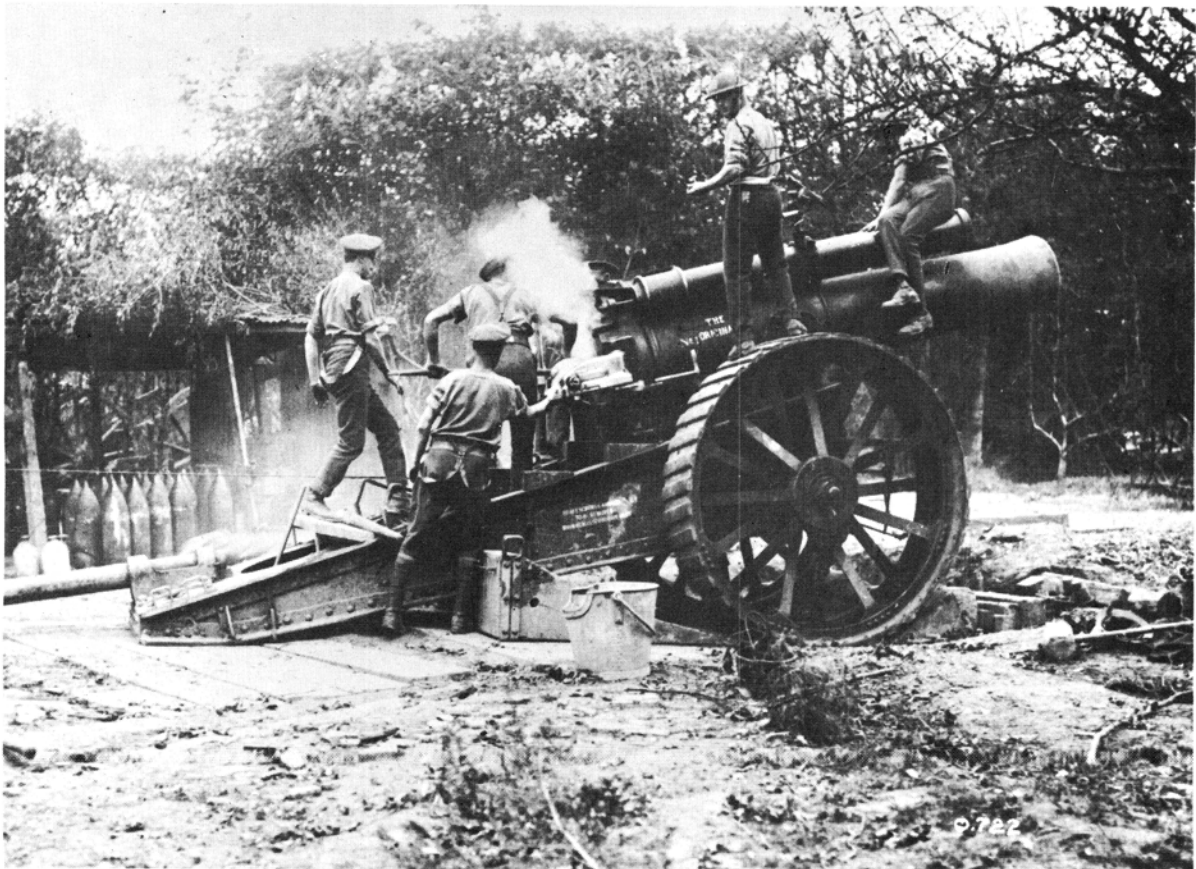
UNITS INVOLVED: The Canadian Corps

The Corps deployed along a front 5 miles wide astride the ARRAS-CAMBRAI ROAD. The attack moved out on the 26th of August, and by September 1st, the 1st and 4th Divisions took over the line and captured UPTON WOOD and the CROW'S NEST. For the total actions, 11,000 casualties were suffered and 10,200 prisoners, 100 Artillery Pieces captured along with 1,100 machine guns and 75 Trench Mortars were added to the accounts.

DRO COURT - QUEANT LINE

On September 2nd the 1st and 4th Divisions captured DURY. By the next day, the Corps covered a front 10 miles wide flanking the CANAL DU NORD. The Canadians moved on and penetrated the HINDENBERG LINE, thus outflanking the Germans.

Heavy Howitzer in action. September, 1916



CAMBRAI

DATE: September 27th to October 9th, 1918

UNITS INVOLVED: The Canadian Corps

To take CAMBRAI on the 9th of October, the Canadian Corps suffered 18,000 men and captured 7,500 prisoners, 200 Field Pieces, 1,000 machine guns, and 30 Trench Mortars.

VALENCIENNES

The town of VALENCIENNES fell to the 4th Division on the 2nd of November, 1918. About 1,500 men were captured at a cost of approximately 1,000 casualties.

13th Battalion Canadian Scots outside a Funk Hole, cleaning a Lewis Gun.



MONS

On the last day of the 1st World War, the Canadians captured the town from which the British had been driven from back in 1914. 100 prisoners were taken and 75 Canadians were reported as casualties. It fell to the 3rd Division to have the honour of capturing the city where the British and Germans first exchanged fire so long ago in 1914.

The 1st and 2nd Divisions became part of the Army of Occupation, while the 3rd and 4th Divisions spent the winter of 1918 in garrison in MONS and BRUSSELS.

Lunch time in the trenches. 1916.





George H. R. Phillips

Burt Blake

Archie Roy

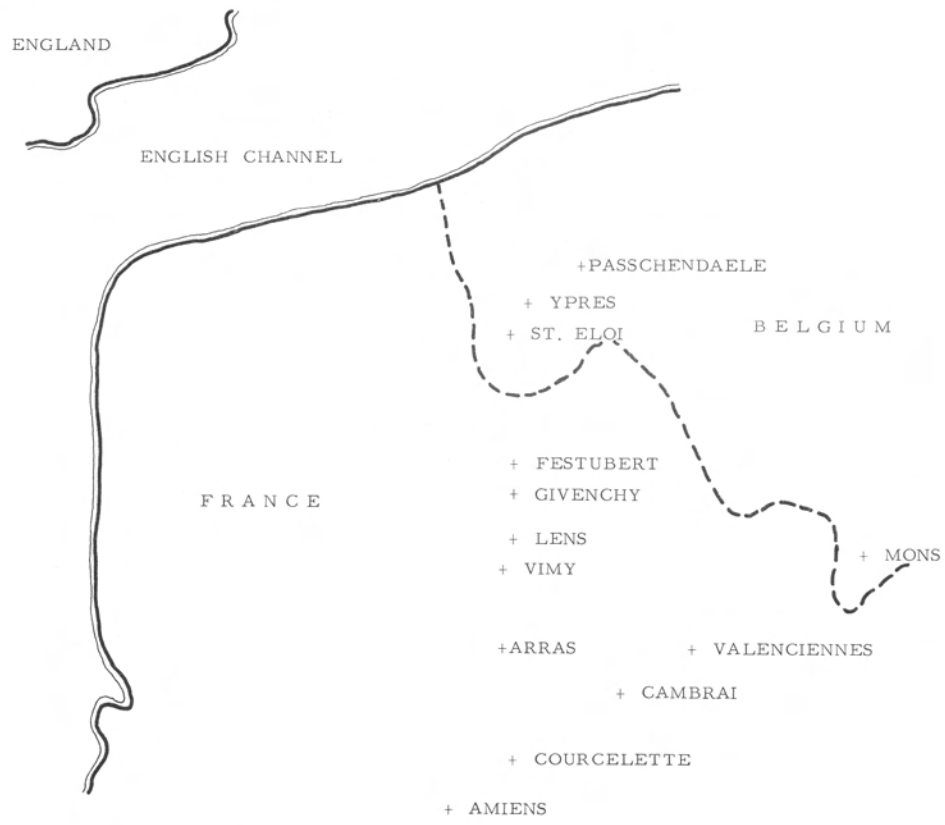
'Pink' Corkum

Taken in the spring of 1916. Note that each man is armed with a side-arm, and each wears a goat skin jacket. All are members of the 2nd Battalion, Canadian Pioneers.

In early 1919, the Canadian Corps moved to Belgium, and prepared for the journey back to where it all began--Canada. Materials were disposed of, and the troops moved to England, and then home.

The following figures summarize the Canadian Army in the Great War:

INFANTRY	235,604	ORDNANCE	1,250
ARTILLERY	37,741	SERVICE CORPS	14,030
CAVALRY	7,268	POSTAL	352
ENGINEERS	29,259	FORESTRY	22,905
SIGNALS	4,391	LABOUR	5,533
CYCLISTS	1,138	DENTAL	882
RAILWAY	22,801	MEDICAL	15,929
PAY	1,541	GYMNASTIC	391
CHAPLIN	442	in TANKS	1,812
NURSES	2,411	MACHINE GUN	16,315
MILITARY POLICE	222		
VETERINARY	1,479		



THEATRE OF OPERATIONS of the CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE
in EUROPE 1914-1919

1st Motor Machine Gun Brigade armoured cars.



OUTLINE OF A TYPICAL COUNTY BATTALION OF THE C.E.F.

During the latter part of 1915, authority was received from General Hughes to recruit the 164th Infantry Battalion under the command of Lieutenant Colonel Percy Domville of the 13th Royal Regiment, with Headquarters located at Milton, Ontario.

Four companies were to be recruited. "A" and "B" companies were to be from Halton County; while "C" and "D" companies were to be raised in Dufferin County. As recruiting developed, officers were detailed to the various detachments located in the towns of Acton, Burlington, Georgetown, Milton, and Oakville in Halton County; and Grand Valley, Orangeville, and Shelburne in Dufferin County. Recruiting commenced in November, 1915.

During the months of December 1915 and January to April, 1916, recruiting was brisk, and at the end of April, the Battalion had a strength of about 800 all ranks. From that time on it was increasingly difficult to secure men, consequently the 164th Battalion never reached full strength.

Until June 1916, the Battalion was divided into several detachments stationed throughout the two counties. On June 5, 1916, the Battalion was mobilized at Orangeville Fair Grounds, remaining there under canvas until July 6, when they were moved by train to Camp Borden. The Battalion remained at Camp Borden until October 16, 1916, and on this day they began their long trek to the city of Hamilton, Ontario for further winter training.

The first days march was to Shelburne, then on to Grand Valley, Orangeville, Acton, Georgetown, Milton, Oakville, Burlington and then Hamilton. Field Kitchens provided lunch along the way, and every town provided a hot dinner prepared and served in churches and halls. The thinking behind the march through the towns of Dufferin and Halton was to try and enlist men for the Battalion. Those living today in 1971 will never forget the march from Grand Valley to Orangeville through rain equal to a hurricane, and every man drenched when he reached their destination. The 164th Battalion reached Hamilton on November 2, 1916, having suffered practically no casualties during the 153 mile march in 17 days.

From November until April, 1917, the Battalion was quartered in the Westinghouse Barracks. Routine training was carried out during the winter months and in January while attending a School of Bombing, a live bomb exploded, killing one of the men, and wounding several others. In all 21 men had to have hospital treatment. On January 19, the ladies of Halton and Dufferin Counties presented the 164th with a set of Regimental Colours. The presentation was made by Sir John Hendrie in the Hamilton Armouries, and subsequently deposited in St. Judes Church in Oakville.

In February, 1917, the Battalion was reinforced by a draft of 250 men from the 205th Infantry Battalion (Tigers) of Hamilton. Owing to transfers and discharges in the ranks of the 164th, this was necessary in order to go overseas as a Unit. On April 5th, 1917, the Battalion left its quarters in Hamilton and entrained for overseas; sailing from Halifax on April 11, 1917 onboard H. M. Troop Ship "CARPATHIA". Incidentally, this was the ship that picked up the first survivors of the "Titanic" that sank April 12, 1912, after collision with an iceberg. Few incidents occurred during passage, but a constant lookout was kept day and night for submarines.

Arriving in Liverpool, England on April 22, the troops immediately took the London and South-Western train for Otterpool Camp, where the 164th remained for some 10 days. Otterpool was a segregation camp for all units arriving from Canada. From Otterpool the 164th was moved to East Sandling to be absorbed into the 8th Reserve Battalion. While in East Sandling, a number of the 164th men were drafted to France, and after three weeks in the Reserve, the Battalion was re-assembled. At this point, only some 400 men who came to England with the Battalion were able to rejoin it. The Battalion was then sent to Witley Camp to join the 5th Canadian Division. Many changes took place in the personnel of the Battalion after their arrival at Witley. With a new Colonel in command, and additional Officers and reinforcements from various other Units, the 164th held a high position in the Division, of which it may well be proud.

Early in January, 1918, rumors were spreading around that the 5th Division was going to be disbanded and the troops sent to reinforce the Canadian Corps in France. In February, the first draft of 250 men from the 164th marched off at the usual time of 12 midnight to entrain at Milford Station, again on the L and S. W. for Folkstone, to board a troop ship for Boulogne, France, and be assigned to the 116th Ontario County Battalion of the 9th Brigade, third Division, C. E. F. Thus most of the 164th Infantry Battalion saw action with this Unit.

The memory of the first march was brought back to the men when they had trekked from Borden to Hamilton, as they now moved from Boulogne to Estaples. From Estaples they again entrained for the front line in trains. The L and S. W. in England was heaven compared to the cattle cars of the French Railway. The cars were marked for 40 Chevaux or 8 Hommes, but what did that matter now! The men reached the 116th Battalion at Houdain, and were divided amongst the 4 Companies of the 116th. Lieutenant Colonel G. R. Pearkes, V. C., D. S. O., M. C., was in command of the 116th Battalion at the time.

In March, 1918, when the German Armies broke through the British and French at Albert, the Canadian Corps was to hold the line beyond Vimy. The 116th Battalion was located at Merricourt and the boys of the 164th Battalion were given their first experience under fire, in the trenches sometimes filled with water and other debris, not saying anything about the lice that invaded every dugout and trench. Then there were the rats.

During the summer months of 1918, no large scale event took place other than holding the line; raiding parties at night on enemy lines; and of course always repairing the wire in no man's land at night. Early in June the 116th was marched well back of the front lines and commenced training for open warfare which came on August 8, 1918.

On the evening of August 5, the 116th was at Boves Wood where the men were resting in bivouacs after a series of long night marches from the rear areas, which were conducted with so much secrecy as to almost warrant a suggestion that the Unit might be transferred to the Italian or some other front. At the time, a printed order entitled "Keep Your Mouth Shut" dealing with the advisability of strict silence concerning all movements of troops or operations of a military nature, had been pasted in the pay book of every soldier in the Canadian Corps, so that whenever any one on the line of march was over curious about the destination, there was always the simple answer: "remember your pay book!"

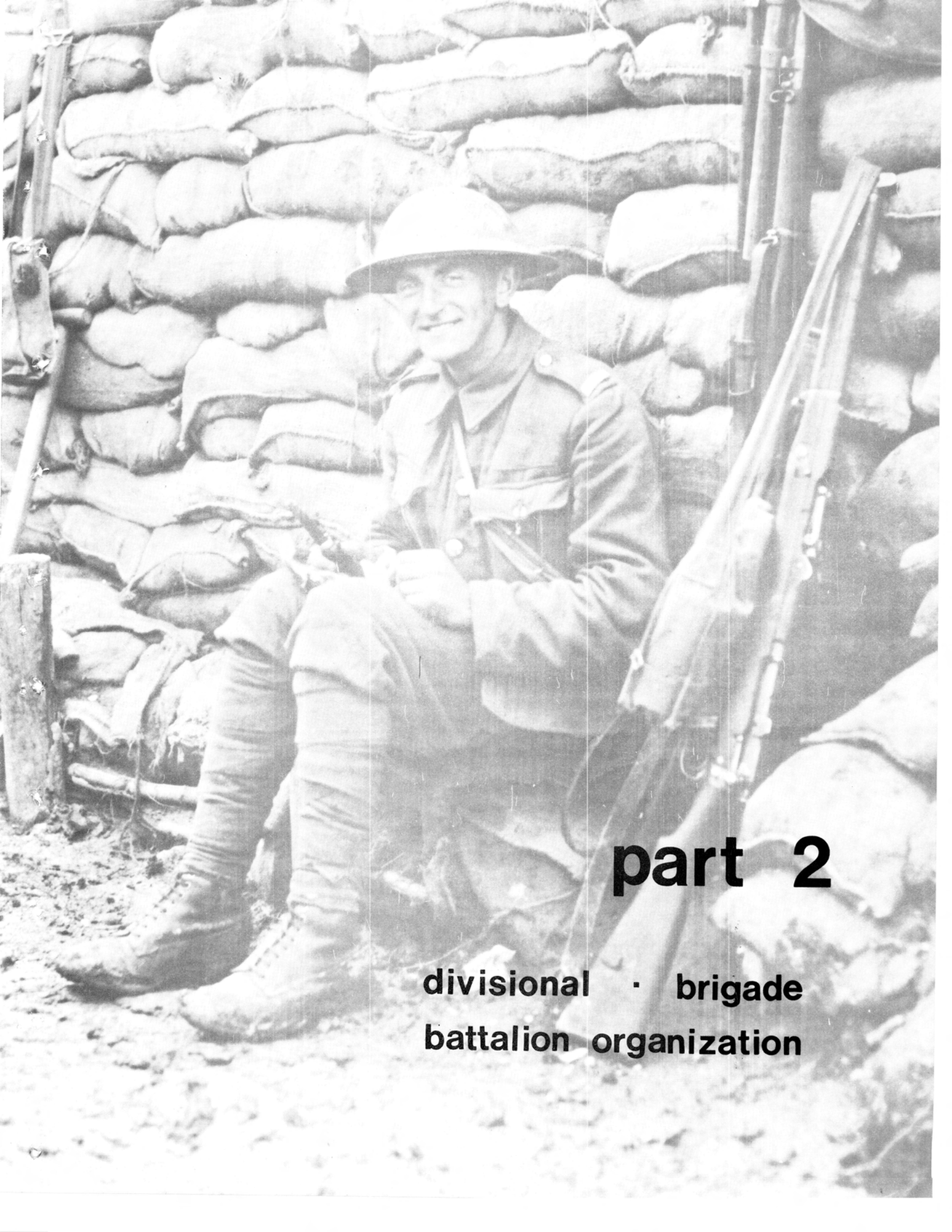
During the battle of Ameins, in August 1918, the 116th Battalion was to carry out an attack on a front of 1000 yards, starting from the village of Hourges, with a final destination 5000 yards in front. At 2130 hours on the night of August 7, the Battalion was moved off to occupy the assembly position. Each man was issued 2 water bottles, 48 hours of ration, and 70 extra rounds of ammunition.

The jumping off position was reached at 0215 on the 8th of August, giving the men of the 116th ample time to locate their positions. At 0430 hours sharp, one of the greatest barrages in the history of the war, by artillery and machine-guns opened up. The 116th Battalion now went forward, and by 0730 hours had captured 16 artillery pieces, 40 machine-guns and 450 prisoners. The Battalion suffered heavy casualties, going into battle some 900 strong; and when the roll was called 48 hours later, less than 240 Officers and men answered their names. Many of the casualties were from the men of the 164th Battalion.

The 116th Battalion, once reinforced took part in the battles of Cambrai, the Hindenberg Line, Canal Du Nord, finally reaching Mons on November 11, 1918.

Here ended the active service of the remnants of the 116th Battalion. When the 1st and 2nd Divisions started their advance to the Rhine River in Germany, the Battalion's posts were withdrawn; and on December 26, 1918, after marching as far as Brussels in Belgium with the object of relief of part of the 1st and 2nd Division forces, the order was received to 'about turn'. This was accomplished in two beats of quick time! The men were marched to Blandain on the border of France and Belgium, from where they passed through LeHarve and on to Bramshott in England. From here they returned to Canada aboard "OLYMPIC".

For the men who had enlisted in the 164th Battalion, C. E. F. the war was over.



part 2

**divisional · brigade
battalion organization**

PART 2 of "OVER THE TOP!" takes a brief look at the actual formation and the organization of the Canadian Corps of the First World War, and in particular that of the Infantry.

Not all of the 260 numbered and 2 named Battalions of Infantry were on what is known as the Order of Battle. Indeed, out of the 262 Infantry Battalions, and the 4 Canadian Mounted Rifle Battalions (page 35), only 50 Battalions actually served as a Unit at the Front. Quick mathematics will tell you that there were 48 Battalions at the Front, but I am counting the changes in the 9th and 12th Brigades, and excluding the 4th Provisional Brigade of the 1st Division in this count.

To understand the organization of a military force, the following definitions become useful:

CORPS: a tactical unit, between an Army and a Division that consists of 2 or more Divisions.

DIVISION: a tactical unit, between a Corps and a Brigade, made up of 3 Brigades in the case of the Divisions of the C. E. F. 1914-19.

BRIGADE: a tactical unit, between a Division and a Battalion or Regiment, made up of 4 Infantry Battalions plus Support Troops.

The following chart will serve as a guide to PART 2--

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THE CANADIAN CORPS

Up until the arrival of the 2nd Canadian Division in France, the Canadian 1st Division had acted as part of the British Corps system. Under the British system, the Division was the largest permanently formed Unit in the Field. Divisions could be switched around from Corps to Corps at the will of the Commanders. The Australians had recently adopted the idea of 2 Divisions being kept together with the same support troops and headquarters.

As the Canadians now had 2 Divisions in the Front Lines, it was decided to form a Canadian Corps. Lieutenant-General Alderson was posted to the command, his place as commander of the 1st Division being taken over by Major-General A. W. Currie.

From here the Canadian Corps grew with the addition of the 3rd and 4th Divisions in December 1915 and April 1916. By the last month of the Great War the Canadian Corps had the following General make-up--

INFANTRY--4 Divisions of 3 Brigades each; each brigade having 4 Infantry Battalions supported by Medical, Signal, Trench-mortar and other Support Units such as Engineers, Army Service Corps Divisional Trains, Employment Companies, and Machine Gun Units.

ARTILLERY--2 Brigades of Artillery supported each of the 4 Infantry Divisions. Each Artillery Brigade had 3 Field Batteries and 1 Howitzer Battery.

In addition to the 4 Divisions, there was a Corps Headquarters; 3 Cavalry Regiments; 4 Artillery Brigades in addition to the ones attached to the Divisions; 2 Motor Machine Gun Brigades; 5 Troops Companies of Engineers; 13 Battalions of Railway troops; 8 General Hospitals; 6 Stationary Hospitals; 4 Casualty Clearing Stations; 2 Field Ambulances in addition to the ones listed in the following Divisional Outlines; and many other Units that played an important part in the functioning of the Corps.

OFFICERS COMMANDING the Canadian Corps

Lieutenant-General Sir E. A. H. ALDERSON, K. C. B. -
September 13, 1915 to May 28, 1916

Lieutenant-General Hon. Sir J. H. G. BYNG, K. C. B., K. C. M. G., M. V. O. -
May 28, 1916 to June 8, 1917

Lieutenant-General Sir A. W. CURRIE, G. C. M. G., K. C. B. -
June 9, 1917 to Demobilization

1st DIVISION

OFFICERS COMMANDING the 1st Division, Canadian Expeditionary Force

Lieutenant-General E. A. H. ALDERSON, C. B. -
September 22, 1914 to September 13, 1915

Major-General Sir A. W. CURRIE, K. C. M. G., C. B., -
September 13, 1915 to June 9, 1917

Major-General Sir A. C. MACDONELL, K. C. B., C. M. G., D. S. O. -
June 9, 1917 to Demobilization

In addition to the 12 Brigaded Infantry Battalions, the following Units went to make up the composition of the 1st Division, C. E. F. -

ARTILLERY:

1st Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, comprising the 1st, 3rd and 4th Field Batteries; and the 2nd Howitzer Battery.

2nd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, comprising the 5th, 6th, and 7th Field Batteries; and the 48th Howitzer Battery.

SUPPORT UNITS:

1st Canadian Machine Gun Corps Battalion
1st Canadian Army Service Corps Divisional Train
1st, 2nd and 3rd Field Ambulances (Medical)
1st, 2nd and 3rd Trench Mortar Batteries (1 per Brigade)
1st, 2nd and 3rd Battalions, Canadian Engineers
1st Divisional Signal Company
1st Division Employment Company



OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Brig.-General M. S. MERCER, C. B. -
September 22, 1914 to November 20, 1915

Brig.-General G. B. HUGHES, C. M. G., D. S. O. -
November 25, 1915 to February 13, 1917

Brig.-General W. A. GRIESBACH, C. B., C. M. G., D. S. O. -
February 14, 1917 to February 15, 1919

Brig.-General G. E. McCUAIG, C. M. G., D. S. O. -
February 27, 1919 to Demobilization

1st INFANTRY BRIGADE

The 1st Infantry Brigade was formed from Battalions recruited in the province of Ontario. The 3rd Battalion was raised in the capital of the province, Toronto, while the 1st Battalion was recruited from centres of population in Western Ontario; the 2nd Battalion from Eastern Ontario; and the 4th Battalion from towns within a radius of 70 miles of Toronto.

The first Commanding Officer of the Brigade, M. S. Mercer, later rose to the rank of Major General in command of the 3rd Division. Mercer was killed in action at Sanctuary Wood, June 3, 1916.



OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Brig.-General A. W. CURRIE, C.B. -
September 22, 1914 to September 13, 1915

Brig.-General L. J. LIPSETT, C.M.G. -
September 13, 1915 to June 16, 1916

Brig.-General F. O. W. LOOMIS, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
July 2, 1916 to December 27, 1917

Brig.-General J. F. L. EMBURY, C.M.G. -
January 1, 1918 to March 16, 1918

Brig.-General F. O. W. LOOMIS, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O. -
March 18, 1918 to September 13, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel W. F. GILSON, D.S.O. -
September 13, 1918 to October 6, 1918

Brig.-General R. P. CLARK, C.M.G., D.S.O., M.C. -
October 6, 1918 to Demobilization

2nd INFANTRY BRIGADE

Originally, the 2nd Infantry Brigade was composed of the 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th Infantry Battalions. Upon re-organization in December 1914, the 6th Battalion became a Reserve Cavalry Unit, and was replaced in the Brigade by the 10th Battalion from the Provisional 4th Brigade of the 1st Division (see page 28).

Now, with the 5th Battalion recruited from across the four Prairie Provinces, and the 7th Battalion from British Columbia; the 8th Battalion from Winnipeg; and the 10th Battalion from Calgary, Alberta and Winnipeg, Manitoba, the 2nd Brigade took on a distinct Western appearance. Even though the 5th was titled as a Cavalry Unit, it served throughout the war in the trenches as an Infantry Battalion.



OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Brig.-General R. E. W. TURNER, V.C., C.B., D.S.O. -
September 22, 1914 to August 12, 1915

Brig.-General R. G. E. LECKIE, C.M.G. -
August 12, 1915 to February 18, 1916

Brig.-General F. O. W. LOOMIS, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
March 9, 1916 to March 12, 1916

Brig.-General G. S. TUXFORD, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O. -
March 12, 1916 to Demobilization

3rd INFANTRY BRIGADE

Unlike the 1st and 2nd Brigades, the 3rd Infantry Brigade was recruited from Eastern and Western Canada. In addition, the Brigade was the first to take on the appearance of Ethnic origins. The 14th Infantry Battalion hailed from the city of Montreal, but does not come under the distinctly Ethnic grouping. The other three Battalions all claim Scottish origins. The 13th Battalion from Montreal, was recruited from the Royal Highlanders of Canada. The 15th Battalion was recruited from the ranks of the 48th Highlanders of Canada in Toronto, and the 16th Battalion, raised for the most part in Vancouver, British Columbia, was known as the Canadian Scottish. All three Battalions were kilted; this being the standard field kit of the Highland Regiments of the day.



4th INFANTRY BRIGADE

The original formation of the 1st Infantry Division had 4 Brigades. The 9th Battalion was recruited from Edmonton, and the 10th Battalion from Calgary. The 11th Battalion came from cities in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, while the 12th Battalion came from Quebec and the Maritimes.

On December 15, 1914, the 10th Infantry Battalion was transferred to the 2nd Brigade to replace the 6th Infantry Battalion. By January 1915, the 4th Brigade was disbanded, and the 9th, 11th, and 12th Battalions along with the 17th Battalion went to form the Canadian Training Depot located at Tidworth Barracks at Salisbury Plain, England.

2nd DIVISION

OFFICERS COMMANDING the 2nd Division, Canadian Expeditionary Force

Major-General Sir S. B. STEELE, K.C.M.G., C.B., M.V.O. -
May 25, 1915 to June 6, 1915

Major-General Sir R. E. W. TURNER, V.C., K.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O. -
August 17, 1915 to December 15, 1916

Major-General Sir H. E. BURSTALL, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., A.D.C. -
December 15, 1916 to Demobilization

In addition to the 12 Brigaded Infantry Battalions, the following Units went to make up the composition of the 2nd Division, C. E. F. --

ARTILLERY:

5th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, comprising the 17th, 18th and 20th Field Batteries; and the 23rd Howitzer Battery.

6th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, comprising the 15th, 16th and 25th Field Batteries; and the 22nd Howitzer Battery.

SUPPORT UNITS:

2nd Canadian Machine Gun Corps Battalion
2nd Canadian Army Service Corps Divisional Train
4th, 5th and 6th Field Ambulances (Medical)
4th, 5th and 6th Trench Mortar Batteries (1 per Brigade)
4th, 5th and 6th Battalions, Canadian Engineers
2nd Divisional Signals
2nd Division Employment Company



OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Colonel S. J. A. DENNISON -
May 15, 1915 to June 25, 1915

Brig.-General Lord BROOKE, C.M.G., M.V.O. -
June 25, 1915 to November 10, 1915

Brig.-General R. RENNIE, C.B., C.M.G., M.V.O., D.S.O. -
November 10, 1915 to September 12, 1918

Brig.-General G. E. McCUAIG, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
September 14, 1918 to February 27, 1919

Brig.-General R. RENNIE, C.B., C.M.G., M.V.O., D.S.O. -
February 27, 1919 to Demobilization

4th INFANTRY BRIGADE

The 4th Infantry Brigade of the 2nd Division was representative of Ontario. The 18th Battalion was recruited in Southwestern Ontario in the London area. The 21st Battalion had its Headquarters in Kingston. The 19th was a Toronto Battalion, and the 20th Battalion filled its ranks from communities in Northern and Central Ontario.



OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Colonel J. P. LANDRY -
May 20, 1915 to August 30, 1915

Brig.-General D. WATSON, C.B. -
August 30, 1915 to April 22, 1916

Brig.-General A. H. MACDONELL, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
April 24, 1916 to July 23, 1917

Brig.-General J. M. ROSS, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
July 23, 1917 to August 9, 1918

Brig.-General T. L. TREMBLAY, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
August 10, 1918 to Demobilization

5th INFANTRY BRIGADE

The 5th Infantry Brigade found its origins in Eastern Canada. The 22nd Infantry Battalion mobilized from St. Jean. The 24th Battalion found its original men in the ranks of the Victoria Rifles of Canada, while the 25th Battalion came from the city of Halifax, Nova Scotia. The 26th, recruited from across New Brunswick had its Headquarters at St. John in that province.

The 22nd Battalion was raised at the specific request of the Province of Quebec. It was felt that there was a need for a distinctly French Canadian Battalion. The 22nd was brought up to fighting strength with drafts from other French Canadian Recruiting Battalions when the word came through that the 22nd Battalion would go into action with the 5th Brigade.



OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Brig.-General H. D. B. KETCHEN, C.M.G. -
May 29, 1915 to April 20, 1918

Brig.-General A. H. BELL, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
April 23, 1918 to October 2, 1918

Brig.-General A. ROSS, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
October 2, 1918 to Demobilization

6th INFANTRY BRIGADE

The 6th Infantry Brigade was purely Western in origin. From Manitoba, the city of Winnipeg supplied the 27th Battalion, (with the help of surrounding towns). It also was the headquarters for the 28th Battalion, whose men came from Ontario and Saskatchewan. From further west came the 31st Battalion, with Calgary as it's H.Q. The west coast can claim the 29th Battalion (Tobin's Tigers) from the city of Vancouver, British Columbia.

3rd DIVISION

OFFICERS COMMANDING the 3rd Division, Canadian Expeditionary Force

Major-General M. S. MERCER, C.B. -
November 20, 1915 to June 3, 1916

Major-General L. J. LIPSETT, C.B., C.M.G. -
June 16, 1916 to September 13, 1918

Major-General Sir F.O.W. LOOMIS, K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O. -
September 13, 1918 to Demobilization

In addition to the 12 Brigaded Infantry Battalions, the following Units were part of the 3rd Division, C.E.F. --

ARTILLERY:

9th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, comprising the 31st, 33rd and 45th Field Batteries; and the 36th Howitzer Battery.

10th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, comprising the 38th, 39th and 40th Field Batteries; and the 35th Howitzer Battery.

SUPPORT UNITS:

3rd Canadian Machine Gun Corps Battalion
3rd Canadian Army Service Corps Divisional Train
8th, 9th and 10th Field Ambulances (Medical)
7th, 8th and 9th Trench Mortar Batteries (1 per Brigade)
7th, 8th and 9th Battalions, Canadian Engineers
3rd Divisional Signal Company
3rd Division Employment Company



OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Brig.-General A. C. MACDONELL, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
December 23, 1915 to February 20, 1916

Brig.-General G. S. TUXFORD, C.M.G. -
March 11, 1916 to March 12, 1916

Brig.-General F. O. W. LOOMIS, D.S.O. -
March 14, 1916 to May 6, 1916

Brig.-General A. C. MACDONELL, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O. -
May 6, 1916 to June 9, 1917

Brig.-General H. M. DYER, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O. -
June 9, 1917 to September 12, 1918

Brig.-General J. A. CLARK, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
September 12, 1918 to Demobilization

7th INFANTRY BRIGADE

Formed on December 22, 1915, the 7th Infantry Brigade had as its first C.O. Brigadier General A. C. Macdonell.

The 7th contained only one battle experienced Battalion, the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry. The "Pats" had served one year at the front in the 27th Division, 80th Brigade of the British Army. The honour of having Canada's only Permanent Force Regiment in its ranks also fell to the 7th Brigade. The Royal Canadian Regiment had just finished a tour of duty for 11 months in the Bermuda Garrison. The R.C.R.'s had arrived in France in November 1915, and were training for the field with the 2nd Brigade.

The remaining 2 Battalions of the 7th Brigade had no previous field experience. They were the 42nd Battalion (Royal Highlanders of Canada) from Montreal and the 49th Battalion from the city of Edmonton, Alberta.



OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Brig.-General V. A. S. WILLIAMS -
December 23, 1915 to June 3, 1916

Brig.-General J. H. ELMSLEY, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
June 15, 1916 to May 25, 1918

Brig.-General D. C. DRAPER, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
May 25, 1918 to Demobilization

8th INFANTRY BRIGADE

13 Regiments of Canadian Mounted Rifles were raised in Canada for proposed service in the Middle East. This did not come about, and in 1915 the C.M.R. Regiments were either converted to Infantry, or were broken up as reinforcements. The four Battalions formed from the C.M.R. Regiments were the 1st C.M.R. recruited in the provinces of Manitoba and Saskatchewan; the 2nd C.M.R. raised in British Columbia; the 4th C.M.R. from Toronto, Ontario; and the 5th C.M.R. from Quebec.

Individual summaries, like those in PART 3 of this book, appear in APPENDIX 1 for the 4 C.M.R. Battalions of the 8th Brigade.



OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Brig.-General F. W. HILL, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
January 9, 1916 to July 21, 1918

Brig.-General D. M. ORMOND, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
July 21, 1918 to February 21, 1919

Lieutenant Colonel W. W. FOSTER, D.S.O. -
February 21, 1919 to Demobilization

9th INFANTRY BRIGADE

The 9th Infantry Brigade, under the command of Brigadier-General Hill, joined the 3rd Division in February, 1916. The original composition of the 9th Brigade was as follows: the 43rd Battalion from Winnipeg; the 52nd Battalion, recruited in Northern Ontario; the 58th from Military District 2; and the 60th Battalion recruited in Montreal from the Victoria Rifles of Canada.

A policy came into being---that a Province should only have as many Battalions on the Order of Battle at the front as it could support in reinforcements. The first Provinces to be affected were Quebec and neighbour, Ontario. In December, 1916, an Ontario Battalion, the 116th, replaced the 60th Montreal Battalion in the field. The men of the 60th Battalion were absorbed into other Quebec Battalions already serving at the Front.

The final composition of the 9th Brigade after this change in policy was as follows: the 43rd, 52nd, 58th, and 116th Infantry Battalions, and remained this way until the end of the war.

4 t h D I V I S I O N

OFFICERS COMMANDING the 4th Division, Canadian Expeditionary Force

Brigadier General Lord BROOKE, C.M.G., M.V.O. -
November 19, 1915 to May 11, 1916

Major General Sir D. WATSON, K.C.B., C.M.G. -
May 11, 1916 to Demobilization

In addition to the 12 Brigaded Infantry Battalions, the following Units went to make up the composition of the 4th Division, C. E. F. --

ARTILLERY:

3rd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, comprising the 10th, 11th and 12th Field Batteries; and the 9th Howitzer Battery.

4th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, comprising the 13th, 19th and 27th Field Batteries; and the 21st Howitzer Battery.

SUPPORT UNITS:

4th Canadian Machine Gun Corps Battalion
4th Canadian Army Service Corps Divisional Train
11th, 12th and 13th Field Ambulances (Medical)
10th, 11th and 12th Trench Mortar Batteries (1 per Brigade)
10th, 11th and 12th Battalions, Canadian Engineers
4th Division Signal Company
4th Division Employment Company



OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Colonel G. S. TUXFORD, C.M.G. -
January 11, 1916 to March 9, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel H. SNELL -
March 9, 1916 to April 14, 1916

Colonel F. S. MEIGHEN -
April 14, 1916 to July 16, 1916

Brig.-General W. St. P. HUGHES, D.S.O. -
July 16, 1916 to January 18, 1917

Brig.-General E. HILLIAM, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
January 18, 1917 to November 12, 1917

Brig.-General R. J. F. HAYTER, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O. -
December 4, 1917 to October 28, 1918

Brig.-General J. M. ROSS, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
October 28, 1918 to Demobilization

10th INFANTRY BRIGADE

The 10th Brigade, originally under the command of Colonel G. S. Tuxford, was another distinctly Western Brigade composed of the 44th Infantry Battalion from Winnipeg, Manitoba; the 46th Battalion from Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan; British Columbia's 47th Battalion, recruited from New Westminster, Victoria, and Vancouver; and the 50th Battalion from Calgary, Alberta.



OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Colonel C. A. SMART -
January 9, 1916 to February 6, 1916

Brig.-General F. O. W. LOOMIS, D.S.O. -
May 16, 1916 to July 2, 1916

Brig.-General V. W. ODLUM, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O. -
July 10, 1916 to Demobilization

11th INFANTRY BRIGADE

The 54th Battalion from British Columbia, and the 75th Battalion from Toronto and surroundings, both took part in the March 1st, 1917 gas attack--and both lost their Commanding Officers during the operation. (Colonels Kembell and Beckett).

Montreal had representation in the 11th Brigade in the form of the 87th Infantry Battalion (Canadian Grenadiers); and once again, British Columbia was there in the form of the 102nd (North British Columbians) Infantry Battalion.



OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Colonel F. O. W. LOOMIS, D.S.O. -
January 5, 1916 to March 9, 1916

Brig.-General Lord BROOKE, C.M.G., M.V.O. -
May 11, 1916 to September 11, 1916

Brig.-General J. H. MacBRIEN, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O. -
September 13, 1916 to December 13, 1918

Brig.-General J. KIRKCALDY, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
December 13, 1918 to Demobilization

12th INFANTRY BRIGADE

The 12th Infantry Brigade was affected by the same policy mentioned under the 9th Infantry Brigade (page 36). This time another Quebec Battalion was absorbed into existing Units at the Front. This time the unfortunate Battalion was the 73rd (Royal Highlanders of Canada) from Montreal. The other Infantry Units in the original set-up were the 38th Battalion from Ottawa; the 72nd Seaforth's from B. C., and the 78th Winnipeg Grenadiers from Manitoba.

The Nova Scotia Highlanders 85th Infantry Battalion replaced the 73rd in the field for the duration of the war.

5th DIVISION

During the summer of 1916, the Canadian Minister of Militia promised that a 5th Division and possibly a 6th Division could be raised in Canada, or be formed from troops now in Britain. On Jan. 12, 1917, the 5th Division was authorized-- on the condition that it would not go and serve as a Unit in the Trenches, but would be used only in Britain.

The Division was based at Witley, Surrey, and was under the command of Major-General Garnet Hughes, son of the Canadian Minister of Militia. The Division, in addition to the 12 Infantry Battalions, was composed of the following Units:

ARTILLERY:

13th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, comprising the 52nd, 53rd, and 55th Field Batteries; and the 51st Howitzer Battery.

14th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, comprising the 60th, 61st, and 66th Field Batteries; and the 58th Howitzer Battery.

17th, 18th and 19th Machine Gun Companies
13th, 14th and 15th Companies, Canadian Engineers
4 Trench Mortar Batteries

During August, 1917, the Division's Artillery went to serve in France, remaining there until the end of the War.

On February 9, 1918, the 5th Division was broken up to be used as reinforcements throughout the rest of the Canadian Corps.

OFFICER COMMANDING the 5th Division, Canadian Expeditionary Force

Major-General G. B. HUGHES, C. B., C. M. G., D. S. O. -
January 22, 1917 to February 28, 1918

The idea of forming a 6th Division for the field was dropped in October, 1916.



OFFICER COMMANDING:

Brig.-General J. F. L. EMBURY, C.M.G. -
November 1, 1916 to March 11, 1918

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. E. LECKIE, D.S.O. -
November 29, 1916 to January 3, 1917

Brig.-General A. E. SWIFT, D.S.O. -
January 22, 1917 to March 11, 1918

13th INFANTRY BRIGADE

Three provinces contributed to the formation of the 13th Infantry Brigade. The 202nd Infantry Battalion was recruited in the Edmonton, Alberta area; while the 128th Battalion came from Saskatchewan--Moosejaw being the Headquarters.

Ontario contributed the remaining two Battalions. The 160th came from Bruce County, with H.Q. in Walkerton. The 48th Highlanders in Toronto raised the 134th Infantry Battalion from the surrounding area.



OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. E. LECKIE, D.S.O. -
November 29, 1916 to January 3, 1917

Brig.-General A. E. SWIFT, D.S.O. -
January 22, 1917 to March 11, 1918

14th INFANTRY BRIGADE

Three of the four Infantry Battalions listed to the 14th Infantry Brigade were raised in the province of Ontario.

The 125th Battalion came from the County of Brant, with headquarters at Brantford. The 156th Battalion was raised around Brockville; while the 161st Battalion came from the County of Huron.

The province of Quebec contributed the other Infantry Battalion in the form of the 150th Carbiniers Mont Royal from the City of Montreal and surrounding areas.



OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Brig.-General E. C. ASHTON-
April 2, 1917 to November 6, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel A. E. INGS-
November 5, 1917 to November 17, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel D. M. SUTHERLAND-
November 19, 1917 to March 11, 1918

15th INFANTRY BRIGADE

The province of Ontario raised the 119th Infantry Battalion in the Manitoulin and Algoma areas. Quebec's contribution to the 15th Brigade came in the form of the 199th (Irish Rangers) from the city of Montreal; while Nova Scotia raised the Cape Breton Highlanders (185th Battalion), headquartered at Broughton. Finally, New Brunswick supplied the 104th Battalion from Sussex in that province.



part 3

infantry battalions



SECTION 3 forms the main body of "OVER THE TOP!" It comprises summaries of each of the 260 numbered and 2 named Infantry Battalions of the CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE 1914-1919. Included for each Battalion are the following 10 pieces of information that should prove interesting to the historian and collector alike.

The BADGE. An actual size photograph is included illustrating the Cap Device worn by the Battalion.

The NAME. In addition to the Battalion number, some Units carried the name of the area or parent Regiment from which they were raised or recruited.

MOTTO TRANSLATION. Many Battalions carried a motto on their Cap Device. It might be in French Canadien, Latin or Gaelic. The literal translation of the motto has been given beside this heading.

AUTHORITY. Each and every Infantry Battalion in the C.E.F. was born in an Order issued by the Government of Canada. Orders could be GO (General Order) or PCO (Privy Council Order). Along with the Order authorizing the raising of a Battalion is the date on which the Order was issued.

RECRUITING AREAS. All major cities, towns or counties in which the Battalion was raised are given under this section.

MOBILIZATION H. Q. The city or town in which Battalion Headquarters was established is listed; and it was usually from this centre that the Battalion moved out of its Recruiting area to participate in advanced training or to proceed overseas to a holding camp in England.

SERVICE. Service is broken up into four heading. They are as follows--
 CANADA--The time span shown here was spent recruiting the Battalion and giving the men some basic training.
 ENGLAND--The Island was a vast staging area where Battalions received advanced training for duty in the field. It was while in England that reinforcing units were split up into Reserve Battalions. In turn, the Reserve Battalions were broken up into reinforcements for the front line fighting Battalions.
 FRANCE--The bracketing dates give us the time spent by the Battalion on the Continent. Some Units pass the November 11, 1918 date. This is due to the fact that some Battalions were for a time in the Army of Occupation.

As noted under Service in England, we have seen that many Battalions were broken up for reinforcements, and so did not see active service as a Battalion at the Front. If this is the case, a note reading "No service as a Unit" has been placed in the Service in France line. A note follows denoting the disposition of the Unit.

The final heading, CANADA, gives us the date that the Battalion returned home, and the name of the ship on which the Battalion sailed from Europe to home.

OFFICERS COMMANDING. All Commanding Officers of the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel are listed. Temporary Commanding Officers are listed where they are known. The Temporary C.O. could hold the rank of Captain, Major, Adjutant, or Second in Command for example. He attained command of his Battalion when the Commanding Officer was killed in action, was wounded, was on leave, or was on training back in England. All types of circumstance could throw command on a junior officer. Under this heading, the Officer's Name, Rank and Decorations are listed as well as the bracketing dates of his Command.

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS. Many Battalions will claim a soldier who had won this coveted award as one of their own. They have the right to do so, because of the fact the soldier enlisted in the Battalion, or served in it during some period. The recipient's Name, Rank and date of award are given. The award is listed under the Battalion in which the soldier was serving at the Front.

BATTLE HONOURS. The Battalions included on the Order of Battle were awarded names of battles in which they participated. Known as Battle Honours, these names fall into two categories. The first are Honours awarded, but that do not appear on the Regimental or Battalion Colour. The second type of Honour that was awarded was authorized for emblazonment on the Regimental Colour. The authorized Battle Honours are shown in CAPITAL type.

* * *

A similar summary, including actual size badge photographs may be found under APPENDIX 1 for the 4 Canadian Mounted Rifle Battalions that made up the 8th Infantry Brigade of the 3rd Division.

* * *

When researching old photographs, you will no doubt (especially amongst the early Battalions) notice that one style of Cap Device is worn. This type is referred to as the "General List" pattern. It was the common badge used throughout Canada at the time, and was worn by a Battalion until a distinctive Unit badge was designed and issued. The General List badge is illustrated below.





PRINCESS PATRICIAS CANADIAN LIGHT INFANTRY

NAME: Princess Patricia's Canadian
Light Infantry
AUTHORITY: PCO 2112 of 10 August 1914

RECRUITING AREA: Throughout Canada
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Ottawa, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--up to October 3, 1914
ENGLAND--up to December 20, 1914
FRANCE--December 21, 1914 to February 7, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "CARMANIA"
March 8, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. D. FARQUHAR, D.S.O. -
September 22, 1914 to March 21, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel H. C. BULLER -
March 21, 1915 to May 5, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel R. T. PELLY, D.S.O. -
May 15, 1915 to December 7, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel H. C. BULLER, D.S.O. -
December 7, 1915 to June 17, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel A. A. ADAMSON, D.S.O. -
June 17, 1916 to August 3, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel R. T. PELLY, D.S.O. -
August 3, 1916 to October 31, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel A. A. ADAMSON, D.S.O. -
October 31, 1916 to March 27, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel C. J. T. STEWART, D.S.O. -
March 27, 1918 to September 28, 1918

Captain J. EDGAR, M.C. -
September 28, 1918 to September 29, 1918

Captain G. W. LITTLE -
September 29, 1918 to October 16, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel A. G. PEARSON, D.C.M. -
October 16, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Sergeant George Harry Mullin: October 30, 1917
Sergeant Robert Spall: August 12, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:

"YPRES, 1915, '17," "FREZENBERG," "Bellewaarde,"
"MOUNT SORREL," "Somme, 1916," "FLERS-
COURCELETTE," "Ancre Heights," "Arras, 1917, '18,"
"VIMY, 1917," "Arleux," "Hill 70," "PASSCHENDAELE,"
"AMIENS," "SCARPE, 1918," "Hindenburg Line," "Canal
du Nord," "PURSUIT to MONS," "FRANCE and FLANDERS
1914-18."



ROYAL CANADIAN REGIMENT

NAME: Royal Canadian Regiment
AUTHORITY: GO of 21 December 1883

RECRUITING AREA: Throughout Canada
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Halifax, Nova Scotia.

SERVICE:
CANADA--from declaration of war to 10 September, 1914
BERMUDA--to August 13, 1915
ENGLAND--September 6, 1915 to November 1, 1915
FRANCE--November 1, 1915 to February 6, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "ADRIATIC"
March 1, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. E. CARPENTER -
August 26, 1915 to November 26, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel A. H. MACDONELL, D.S.O. -
November 26, 1915 to April 20, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel C. H. HILL, D.S.O. -
April 20, 1916 to October 20, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel C. R. E. WILLETS, D.S.O. -
October 20, 1916 to April 7, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel C. H. HILL, D.S.O. -
April 7, 1918 to July 4, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel C. R. E. WILLETS, D.S.O. -
July 4, 1918 to October 14, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel G. W. McLEOD, D.S.O. -
October 14, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Lieutenant Milton Fowler Gregg:
September 28, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:

"MOUNT SORREL," "SOMME, 1916," "Flers-
Courcelette," "ANCRE HEIGHTS," "Arras, 1917-
1918," "VIMY, 1917," "HILL 70," "YPRES, 1917,"
"PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918,"
"HINDENBURG LINE," "Canal du Nord," "PURSUIT
TO MONS," "France and Flanders, 1915-18."



1st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Western Ontario Regiment
AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREAS: London, Ingersoll, Galt, Windsor, Woodstock, Walkerton, Parry Sound, Chatham, St. Thomas, Strathroy, Goderich, Sarnia, Stratford, Guelph and Dundas.
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Camp Valcartier, P.Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914
ENGLAND--October 14, 1914 to February 8, 1915
FRANCE--February 11, 1915 to March 25, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "OLYMPIC"
Sailed April 15, 1919; landed April 29

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. W. HILL, D.S.O. -
September 22, 1914 to January 17, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel F. A. CREIGHTON -
January 24, 1916 to June 16, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel G. C. HODSON, D.S.O. -
June 27, 1916 to August 17, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel A. W. SPARLING, D.S.O. -
August 17, 1917 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:
Lieutenant Frederick William Campbell:
June 15, 1915

BATTLE HONOURS:
"YPRES, 1915, '17," "Gravenstafel,"
"St. Julien," "FESTUBERT, 1915," "MOUNT
SORREL," "SOMME, 1916," "Poizieres," "Flers-
Courcellette," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917, 18,"
"VIMY, 1917," "Arleux," "Scarpe 1917, '18,"
"HILL 70," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS,"
"DROCOURT-QUEANT," "Hindenburg Line,"
"CANAL du NORD," "Pursuit to Mons,"
"France and Flanders, 1915-1918."



2nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Eastern Ontario Regiment
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Always Prepared
AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREAS: Peterborough, Toronto, Ottawa, Kingston, Belleville, Picton, Whitby, Cobourg, Brockville, Perth, Lindsay, Prescott, Port Hope, Sault Ste. Marie, Alexandria
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Camp Valcartier, P.Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914
ENGLAND--October 14, 1914 to February 8, 1915
FRANCE--February 11, 1915 to March 20, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "OLYMPIC"
Sailed April 15, 1919; landed April 29

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel D. WATSON -
September 22, 1914 to August 26, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel A. E. SWIFT, D.S.O. -
August 26, 1915 to October 26, 1916

Major W. M. YATES -
October 26, 1916 to December 20, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel R. P. CLARK, M.C. -
January 10, 1917 to May 12, 1917

Lt. Colonel L. T. McLAUGHLIN, D.S.O. -
May 12, 1917 to August 30, 1918

Major R. VANDERWATER, D.S.O. -
August 30, 1918 to October 10, 1918

Lt. Colonel L. T. McLAUGHLIN, D.S.O. -
October 10, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:
A/Corporal Leo Clarke: September 9, 1916
Major Okill Massey Learmonth: August 18, 1917

BATTLE HONOURS:
"YPRES, 1915, '17," "Gravenstafel,"
"St. JULIEN," "FESTUBERT, 1915," "Mount
Sorrel," "SOMME, 1916," "Poizieres," "Flers-
Courcellette," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917,
'18," "VIMY, 1917," "Arleux," "Scarpe 1917,
'18," "HILL 70," "PASSCHENDAELE,"
"Amiens," "Drocourt-Queant," "HINDENBURG
LINE," "Canal du Nord," "Pursuit to Mons,"
"FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1915-18."

A hair cut. June, 1916.



3rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Toronto Regiment
AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Camp Valcartier, P.Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914
ENGLAND--October 14, 1914 to February 9, 1915
FRANCE--February 11, 1915 to March 22, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "OLYMPIC"
Sailed April 15, 1919; landed April 22

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. RENNIE, M. V. O. -
September 22, 1914 to November 10, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel W. D. ALLAN, D. S. O. -
November 10, 1915 to September 5, 1916

Lt. Col. J. B. ROGERS, C. M. G.; D. S. O.; M. C.
October 1, 1916 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:
Cpl. Colin Fraser Barron: November 6, 1917
Lt. George Fraser Kerr: September 27, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:
"YPRES, 1915, '17," "Gravenstafel,"
"St. JULIEN," "FESTUBERT, 1915," "MOUNT
SORREL," "SOMME, 1916," "Poizieres," "Flers-
Courcellette," "Ancre Heights," "Arras, 1917,
'18," "VIMY, 1917," "Arleux," "Scarpe, 1917, '18,"
"Hill 70," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS,"
"DROCOURT-QUEANT," "Hindenburg Line,"
"CANAL du NORD," "Pursuit to Mons,"
"France and Flanders, 1915-18."



4th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 4th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREAS: Brantford, Aurora, York,
Hamilton, St. Catherines, Milton, Barrie,
Brampton, Simcoe and Niagara Falls
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Camp Valcartier, P.Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914
ENGLAND--October 14, 1914 to February 8, 1915
FRANCE--February 12, 1915 to February 23, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "OLYMPIC" April 29, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. H. LABATT -
September 22, 1914 to February 26, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel A. B. BIRCHALL -
February 26, 1915 to April 24, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel J. B. ROGERS -
April 29, 1915 to May 14, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel R. H. LABATT -
May 14, 1915 to June 7, 1915

Lt. Colonel M. A. COLQUHOUN, D. S. O. -
June 7, 1915 to June 3, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel W. RAE, D. S. O. -
June 25, 1916 to June 2, 1917

Lt. Colonel A. T. THOMSON, D. S. O., M. C. -
June 2, 1917 to Nov. 19, 1917

Lt. Colonel L. H. NELLES, D. S. O., M. C. -
November 20, 1917 to August 9, 1918

Major G. G. BLACKSTOCK -
August 10, 1918 to September 4, 1918

Lt. Colonel L. H. NELLES, D. S. O., M. C. -
September 4, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:
Sergeant William Merrifield: October 1, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:
"YPRES, 1915, '17," "Gravenstafel,"
"St. JULIEN," "FESTUBERT, 1915," "Mount
Sorrel," "SOMME, 1916," "Poizieres," "Flers-
Courcellette," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917,
'18," "VIMY, 1917," "Arleux," "Scarpe, 1917,
'18," "Hill 70," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS,"
"Drocourt-Queant," "HINDENBURG LINE,"
"Canal du Nord," "PURSUIT to MONS,"
"France and Flanders, 1915-18."

Lunch time in the trenches.
June, 1916.



5th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Western Cavalry
 NICKNAME: Tuxford's Dandys
 AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREAS:
 Saskatchewan--Saskatoon, Moosejaw, Regina
 Manitoba--Brandon
 British Columbia--Vernon, Merritt
 Alberta--Red Deer
 MOBILIZATION H. Q. : Camp Valcartier, P. Q.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914
 ENGLAND--October 17, 1914 to February 10, 1915
 FRANCE--February 14, 1915 to March 15, 1919
 CANADA--Returned April 10, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. S. TUXFORD -
 September 22, 1915 to January 11, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel H. M. DYER, D.S.O. -
 January 11, 1916 to June 29, 1917

Lt. Colonel L. P. O. TUDOR, D.S.O. -
 June 29, 1917 to March 8, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel L. L. CRAWFORD, D.S.O. -
 March 8, 1918 to April 4, 1918

Lt. Colonel L. P. O. TUDOR, D.S.O. -
 April 4, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:
 Sergeant Raphael Louis Zengel: August 9, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:
 "YPRES, 1915, '17," "Gravenstafel,"
 "St. Julien," "FESTUBERT, 1915," "Mount
 Sorrel," "SOMME, 1916," "Thiepval,"
 "Ancre Heights," "Arras, 1917, '18,"
 "VIMY, 1917," "ARLEUX," "HILL 70,"
 "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe,
 1918," "Drocourt-Queant," "HINDENBURG
 LINE," "Canal du Nord," "PURSUIT to MONS,"
 "France and Flanders, 1915-18."

Enjoying a wash under fire. A steel
 helmet as wash basin. Sept. 1916.



6th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Fort Garry Horse
 AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREAS: Portage la Prairie, Roblin,
 Winnipeg and Pipestone Manitoba,
 Pincher Creek, Alberta
 Lloydminster, Saskatchewan
 MOBILIZATION H. Q. : Camp Valcartier, P. Q.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914
 ENGLAND--October 14, 1914 to March 6, 1915
 FRANCE--No service as the 6th Infantry Battalion

The 6th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the
 Canadian Cavalry Depot.

OFFICER COMMANDING (as 6th Infantry Bn.)

Lieutenant Colonel J. G. RATTRAY





7th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 1st British Columbia Regiment
AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREAS: Vancouver, Victoria,
New Westminster, Kamloops.
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Camp Valcartier, P. Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914
ENGLAND--October 16, 1914 to February 10, 1915
FRANCE--February 15, 1915 to March 15, 1919
CANADA--Returned on April 10, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. HART McHARG-
September 22, 1914 to April 29, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel V. W. ODLUM, D.S.O. -
April 29, 1915 to July 10, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel S. D. GARDNER-
July 20, 1916 to October 9, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel W. F. GILSON, D.S.O. -
October 9, 1916 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Pte. Michael James O'Rourke: August 15, 1917
Pte. Walter Leigh Rayfield: September 2, 1918
Lieutenant Edward Donald Bellew: April 24, 1915

BATTLE HONOURS:

"YPRES, 1915, '17," "Gravenstafel," "St. Julien," "FESTUBERT,
1915," "MOUNT SORREL," "SOMME, 1916," "Thiepval," "Ancre
Heights," "Arras, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Arleux," "HILL 70,"
"PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918," "Drocourt-
Queant," "HINDENBURG LINE," "CANAL du NORD," "Pursuit
to Mons," "France and Flanders, 1915-18."



8th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 90th Winnipeg Rifles
NICKNAME: "Little Black Devils"
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Named by the Enemy
AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREAS:
Brandon and Winnipeg, Manitoba
Port Arthur and Kenora, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Camp Valcartier, P. Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914
ENGLAND--October 14, 1914 to February 10, 1915
FRANCE--February 13, 1915 to March 27, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "EMPERESS of BRITAIN"
Sailed April 26, 1919; landed May 7, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel L. J. LIPSETT, C.M.G. -
September 22, 1914 to September 13, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel H. H. MATTHEWS, D.S.O. -
September 28, 1915 to June 18, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel K. C. BEDSON-
July 14, 1916 to August 3, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel J. M. PROWER, D.S.O. -
August 3, 1916 to April 20, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel T. H. RADDALL, D.S.O. -
April 20, 1918 to August 9, 1918

Lt. Colonel A. L. SAUNDERS, D.S.O., M.C. -
August 13, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

C.S.M. Frederick William Hall: April 24, 1915
Corporal Alexander Picton Brereton: Aug. 9, 1918
Corporal Frederick George Coppins: Aug. 9, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:

"YPRES, 1915, '17," "Gravenstafel,"
"St. Julien," "FESTUBERT, 1915," "MOUNT
SORREL," "SOMME, 1916," "Thiepval,"
"Ancre Heights," "Arras, 1917, '18,"
"VIMY, 1917," "Arleux," "HILL 70,"
"PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe,
1918," "DROCOURT-QUEANT,"
"Hindenburg Line," "CANAL du NORD,"
"Pursuit to Mons," "France and Flanders,
1915-18."

"A" 2 Ward of No. 3 Casualty
Clearing Station. July, 1916.



9th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 9th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREAS: Edmonton, Alberta
Ottawa, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Camp Valcartier, P. Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914
ENGLAND--October 17, 1914 to April 29, 1915
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 9th Infantry Battalion was redesignated as the 9th RESERVE Battalion. The 9th formed part of the Canadian Training Depot, located at Tidworth Barracks.

OFFICERS COMMANDING:
9th Infantry Battalion (Reserves)

Lieutenant Colonel S. M. ROGERS-
September 22, 1914 to May 4, 1915

Lt. Colonel E. E. W. MOORE-
May 8, 1915 to April 25, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel E. B. CLEGG-
April 25, 1916 to January 2, 1917



10th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 10th Canadians
AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREAS: Calgary, Alberta
Winnipeg, Manitoba
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Camp Valcartier, P. Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914
ENGLAND--October 14, 1914 to February 10, 1915
FRANCE--February 15, 1915 to March 16, 1919
CANADA--Returned on April 10, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. L. BOYLE-
September 22, 1914 to April 25, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel J. G. RATTRAY, D.S.O. -
June 1, 1915 to September 10, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel D. M. ORMOND, D.S.O. -
September 25, 1916 to May 24, 1918

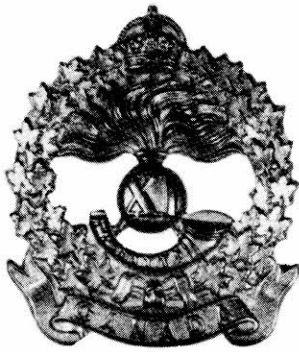
Lt. Col. E. W. McDONALD, D.S.O., M.C. -
May 24, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:
Private Harry Brown: August 16, 1917
Sergeant Arthur George Knight: September 2, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:
"YPRES, 1915, '17," "Gravenstafel,"
"St. JULIEN," "Festubert, 1915," "Mount
Sorrel," "SOMME, 1916," "Thiepval,"
"Ancre Heights," "Arras, 1917, '18,"
"VIMY, 1917," "ARLEUX," "HILL 70,"
"PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe,
1918," "DROCOURT-Queant," "HINDENBURG
LINE," "Canal du Nord," "Pursuit to Mons,"
"France and Flanders, 1915-18."



Operating Room--No. 3 Casualty
Clearing Station, July, 1916.



11th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 11th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREAS:

Saskatchewan--Prince Albert, Moosejaw, Regina and Saskatoon.

Manitoba--Winnipeg.

MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Camp Valcartier, P.Q.

SERVICE:

CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914

ENGLAND--October 14, 1914 to April 29, 1915

FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 11th Infantry Battalion was redesignated as the 11th RESERVE Battalion. The 11th formed part of the Canadian Training Depot, located at Tidworth Barracks.

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

11th Infantry Battalion (Reserves)

Lieutenant Colonel R. BURRITT -
September 22, 1914 to August 23, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel A. DULMAGE -
August 23, 1915 to September 15, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel A. E. CARPENTER -
November 26, 1915 to April 27, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel P. WALKER -
May 8, 1916 to January 4, 1917



12th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 12th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREAS:

Quebec--Ste Anne de la Perade, Quebec City, Levis, Sherbrooke, Chicoutimi, Montagny, Beauharnois, Nicolet, Joliette, St. Hyacinthe, Montreal, St. Germain de Rimouski, and St. Isidore

New Brunswick--St. John, Woodstock, Fredericton, Sussex, and Chatham

Prince Edward Island--Charlottetown

MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Camp Valcartier, P.Q.

SERVICE:

CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914

ENGLAND--October 14, 1914 to April 29, 1915

FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 12th Infantry Battalion was redesignated as the 12th RESERVE Battalion. The 12th formed part of the Canadian Training Depot, located at Tidworth Barracks.

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

12th Infantry Battalion (Reserves)

Lieutenant Colonel H. F. McLEOD -
September 22, 1914 to February 2, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel F. A. HOWARD -
June 2, 1915 to September 15, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel H. F. McLEOD -
September 15, 1915 to July 6, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel R. PELLATT -
September 19, 1916 to January 4, 1917



Rest Billets of the 8th Infantry
Battalion of Winnipeg. May, 1916.



13th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 13th Battalion, Royal Highlanders of Canada
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: None Shall Touch Me With Impunity
 AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREAS:

Quebec--Montreal
 Nova Scotia--Pictou and Spring Hill
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Camp Valcartier, P. Q.

SERVICE:

CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914
 ENGLAND--October 14, 1914 to February 12, 1915
 FRANCE--February 16, 1915 to March 16, 1919
 CANADA--Returned April 10, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. O. W. LOOMIS, D.S.O. -
 September 22, 1914 to January 5, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel V. C. BUCHANAN, D.S.O. -
 January 5, 1916 to September 26, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel G. E. McCUAIG, D.S.O. -
 September 27, 1916 to December 6, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel K. M. PERRY, D.S.O. -
 December 20, 1917 to April 1, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel G. E. Mc CUAIG, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
 April 1, 1918 to September 14, 1918

Major J. M. R. SINCLAIR, D.S.O., M.C. -
 September 14, 1918 to October 14, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel K. M. PERRY, D.S.O. -
 October 14, 1918 to February 28, 1919

Major J. M. R. SINCLAIR, D.S.O., M.C. -
 February 28, 1919 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Lance-Corporal Frederick Fisher: April 23, 1915
 Private John Bernard Croak: August 8, 1918
 Corporal Herman James Good: August 8, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:

"YPRES, 1915, '17," "Gravenstafel," "St. Julien,"
 "FESTUBERT, 1915," "MOUNT SORREL,"
 "SOMME, 1916," "Poizieres," "Thiepval," "Ancre
 Heights," "Arras, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917,"
 "Arleux," "Scarpe, 1917, '18," "HILL 70,"
 "Passchendaele," "AMIENS," "DROCOURT-
 QUEANT," "Hindenburg Line," "CANAL du NORD,"
 "Pursuit to Mons," "FRANCE and FLANDERS,
 1915-18."



14th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 14th Battalion (Royal Montreal Regt.)
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Evil To Him Who Evil Thinks
 AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREAS:

Quebec--Montreal
 Nova Scotia--Middleton, Halifax, Lunenburg,
 Truro, and Windsor
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Camp Valcartier, P. Q.

SERVICE:

CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914
 ENGLAND--October 14, 1914 to February 11, 1915
 FRANCE--February 16, 1915 to March 14, 1919
 CANADA--Returned April 10, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. S. MEIGHEN -
 September 22, 1914 to June 19, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel W. W. BURLAND, D.S.O. -
 June 19, 1915 to July 29, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel F. W. FISHER -
 July 29, 1915 to March 18, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel R. P. CLARK, M.C. -
 March 19, 1916 to January 15, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel GAULT McCOMBE, D.S.O. -
 January 15, 1917 to April 19, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel D. WARRALL, D.S.O., M.C. -
 April 19, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Lieutenant George Burdon McKean: 27th/28th April 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:

"YPRES, 1915, '17," "Gravenstafel," "ST. JULIEN,"
 "FESTUBERT, 1915," "MOUNT SORREL,"
 "SOMME, 1916," "Poizieres," "Thiepval," "Ancre
 Heights," "Arras, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917,"
 "Arleux," "Scarpe, 1917, '18," "HILL 70,"
 "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "DROCOURT-
 QUEANT," "Hindenburg Line," "CANAL du NORD,"
 "Pursuit to Mons," "France and Flanders, 1915-18."



15th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 15th Battalion (48th Highlanders of Canada)
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Faithful Forever
 AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREAS:

Ontario--Toronto, Sudbury, Owen Sound, and
 St. Catharines
 Quebec--Waterloo and Coaticook
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Camp Valcartier, P.Q.

SERVICE:

CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914
 ENGLAND--October 14, 1914 to February 12, 1915
 FRANCE--February 15, 1915 to March 23, 1919
 CANADA--Returned aboard "BAL TIC" April 29, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. A. CURRIE -
 September 22, 1914 to June 28, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel W. B. MARSHALL, D.S.O. -
 June 28, 1915 to May 19, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel C. E. BENT, D.S.O. -
 May 20, 1916 to December 29, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel J. W. FORBES, D.S.O. -
 December 29, 1917 to April 15, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel C. E. BENT, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
 April 15, 1918 to August 10, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel J. P. GIRVAN, D.S.O., M.C. -
 August 10, 1918 to October 3, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel C. E. BENT, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
 October 3, 1918 to Demobilization

BATTLE HONOURS:

"Ypres, 1915, '17," "GRAVENSTAFEL," "ST.
 JULIEN," "FESTUBERT, 1915," "Mount
 Sorrel," "SOMME, 1916," "Poizieres,"
 "Thiepval," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917,
 '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Arleux," "Scarpe,
 1917, '18," "HILL 70," "PASSCHENDAELE,"
 "AMIENS," "Drocourt-Queant," "HINDENBURG
 LINE," "Canal du Nord," "PURSUIT to MONS,"
 "France and Flanders, 1915-18."



16th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 16th Battalion (The Canadian Scottish)
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Ready to Sting
 AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREAS:

British Columbia--Vancouver and Victoria
 Manitoba--Winnipeg
 Ontario--Hamilton
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Camp Valcartier, P.Q.

SERVICE:

CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914
 ENGLAND--October 14, 1914 to February 12, 1915
 FRANCE--February 15, 1915 to March 26, 1919
 CANADA--Returned aboard "EMPRESS OF BRITAIN"
 April 26, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. G. E. LECKIE, C.M.G. -
 September 22, 1914 to August 12, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel J. E. LECKIE, D.S.O. -
 August 12, 1915 to November 13, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel C. W. PECK, V.C., D.S.O. -
 November 13, 1916 to January 3, 1919

Major J. HOPE, D.S.O. -
 January 3, 1919 to March 28, 1919

Lieutenant Colonel J. A. SCROGGIE, M.C. -
 March 28, 1919 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Private William Johnstone Milne: April 9, 1917
 Piper James Cleland Richardson: October 8, 1916
 Lance-Corporal William Henry Metcalf: September 2, 1918
 Lt. Colonel Cyrus Wesley Peck: September 2, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:

"Ypres, 1915, '17," "Gravenstafel," "ST. JULIEN,"
 "FESTUBERT, 1915," "MOUNT SORREL," "SOMME,
 1916," "Poizieres," "Thiepval," "Ancre Heights,"
 "Arras, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Arleux," "Scarpe,
 1917, '18," "HILL 70," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS,"
 "DROCOURT-QUEANT," "Hindenburg Line," "CANAL
 du NORD," "Pursuit to Mons," "France and Flanders,
 1915-18."



17th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 17th Battalion (Nova Scotia Highlanders)
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Help the King
 AUTHORITY: PCO 2067 of 6 August 1914

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Nova Scotia
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Camp Valcartier, P. Q.

SERVICE:

CANADA--September 1914 to October 3, 1914
 ENGLAND--October 14, 1914 to April 29, 1915
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 17th Infantry Battalion was redesignated as the 17th RESERVE Battalion. The 17th, with the 9th, 11th, and 12th RESERVE Battalions formed the CANADIAN TRAINING DEPOT, located at Tidworth Barracks

OFFICERS COMMANDING:
 17th Infantry Battalion (Reserves)

Lieutenant Colonel S. G. ROBERTSON-
 September 22, 1914 to January 30, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel E. B. WORTHINGTON-
 January 30, 1915 to September 1, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel D. D. CAMERON-
 September 1, 1915 to January 4, 1917



18th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 18th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREA: London, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: London, Ontario

SERVICE:

CANADA--October 1, 1914 to April 18, 1915
 ENGLAND--April 29, 1915 to September 14, 1915
 FRANCE--September 15, 1915 to April 3, 1919
 CANADA--Returned aboard "CORONIA" May 14, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel E. W. S. WIGLE-
 April 18, 1915 to July 8, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel H. L. MILLIGAN, D.S.O. -
 July 8, 1916 to October 9, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel G. F. MORRISON, D.S.O. -
 October 9, 1916 to April 19, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel L. E. JONES, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
 April 19, 1917 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Lance-Sergeant Ellis Wellwood Sifton: April 9, 1917

BATTLE HONOURS:

"Mount Sorrel," "SOMME, 1916, '18," "Flers-Courcelette," "Thiepval," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "HILL 70," "Ypres, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918," "HINDENBURG LINE," "Canal du Nord," "CAMBRAI, 1918," "PURSUIT to MONS," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1915-18."



OVER THE TOP!

A Canadian Battalion going over the top--October, 1916.



19th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 19th Central Ontario Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--October 19, 1914 to May 13, 1915
ENGLAND--May 27, 1915 to September 14, 1915
FRANCE--September 15, 1915 to April 5, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "CORONIA" May 14, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. I. McLAREN-
May 22, 1915 to July 18, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel W. R. TURNBULL-
July 18, 1916 to December 30, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel J. H. MILLEN-
December 30, 1916 to February 15, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel H. C. HATCH, D.S.O. -
February 15, 1918 to June 22, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel L. H. MILLEN, D.S.O. -
June 22, 1918 to Demobilization

BATTLE HONOURS:

"Mount Sorrel," "SOMME, 1916, '18," "Flers-Courcelette," "Thiepval," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Hill 70," "YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918," "DROCOURT-QUEANT," "HINDENBURG LINE," "Canal du Nord," "Cambrai, 1918," "PURSUIT to MONS," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1915-18."



20th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 20th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Central and Northern Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--October 1914 to May 14, 1915
ENGLAND--May 24, 1915 to September 14, 1915
FRANCE--September 15, 1915 to April 5, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "CORONIA" May 14, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. A. W. ALLAN-
May 24, 1915 to August 21, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel C. H. ROGERS-
August 21, 1915 to November 20, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel H. V. RORKE, D.S.O. -
December 4, 1916 to June 27, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel B. O. HOOPER, D.S.O., M.C. -
July 26, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Sergeant Frederick Hobson: August 18, 1917
Lieutenant Wallace Lloyd Algie: October 11, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:

"Mount Sorrel," "SOMME, 1916-18," "Flers-Courcelette," "Thiepval," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "HILL 70," "YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918," "Drocourt-Queant," "Hindenburg Line," "Canal du Nord," "CAMBRAI, 1918," "PURSUIT to MONS," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1915-18."



A scene in the trenches. September, 1916.



21st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 21st Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Eastern Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Kingston, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--October 19, 1914 to May 4, 1915
ENGLAND--May 15, 1915 to September 14, 1915
FRANCE--September 15, 1915 to April 6, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "CORONIA" May 14, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. St. P. HUGHES-
May 6, 1915 to July 18, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel E. W. JONES, D.S.O. -
July 18, 1916 to January 7, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel T. F. ELMITT-
January 7, 1917 to July 1, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel E. W. JONES, D.S.O. -
July 1, 1917 to August 8, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel H. E. PENSE, D.S.O., M.C. -
August 8, 1918 to Demobilization

BATTLE HONOURS:

"Mount Sorrel," "SOMME, 1916, '18," "FLERS-COURCELETTE," "Thiepval," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "HILL 70," "Ypres, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918," "Drocourt-Queant," "Hindenburg Line," "Canal du Nord," "CAMBRAI, 1918," "PURSUIT to MONS," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1915-18."



Observation and Advanced Listening Post only 30 yards from the German front line trench. September, 1916.



22nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 22nd Battalion, (Canadien Français)
MOTTO TRANSLATION: I Remember
AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Quebec
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: St. Jean, Province of Quebec

SERVICE:
CANADA--October 21, 1914 to May 20, 1915
ENGLAND--May 29, 1915 to September 15, 1915
FRANCE--September 15, 1915 to April 8, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "OLYMPIC" May 11, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Colonel F. M. GAUDET-
May 20, 1915 to January 25, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel T. L. TREMBLAY, D.S.O. -
January 25, 1915 to September 25, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel A. E. DUBUC, D.S.O. -
October 24, 1916 to February 5, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel T. L. TREMBLAY, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
February 15, 1917 to August 8, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel A. E. DUBUC, D.S.O. -
August 9, 1918 to August 27, 1918

Major G. P. VANIER, M.C. -
August 27, 1918 to August 28, 1918

Major G. E. A. DUPUIS, M.C. -
August 28, 1918 to September 10, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel M. J. R. H. DesROSIERS-
September 10, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Corporal Joseph Kaebler: June 8, 1918
Lieutenant Jean Brillant: August 8, 1918

"MOUNT SORREL," "SOMME, 1916, '18," "FLERS-COURCELETTE," "Thiepval," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Arleux," "Scarpe, 1917, '18," "Hill 70," "YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Hindenburg Line," "Canal du Nord," "CAMBRAI," "Pursuit to Mons," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1915-18."



23rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 23rd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Prosperity through Agreement
 AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREAS:
 British Columbia--Vancouver
 Alberta--Calgary and Edmonton
 Manitoba--Winnipeg
 Quebec--Montreal and Quebec City
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Quebec City, P. Q.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--October 21, 1914 to February 23, 1915
 ENGLAND--March 7, 1915 to April 29, 1915
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 23rd Infantry Battalion was redesignated as the 23rd RESERVE Battalion.

OFFICERS COMMANDING:
 23rd Infantry Battalion (Reserves)

Lieutenant Colonel F. W. FISHER-
 March 8, 1915 to July 4, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel F. C. BOWEN-
 July 4, 1915 to April 22, 1916

Major D. A. McKAY-
 April 22, 1916 to July 12, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel C. F. BICK-
 July 12, 1916 to September 6, 1916



24th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 24th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F. (Victoria Rifles)
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: For Hearth and Home
 AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Montreal, Quebec
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Montreal, Quebec

SERVICE:
 CANADA--October 22, 1914 to May 11, 1915
 ENGLAND--May 20, 1915 to September 15, 1915
 FRANCE--September 16, 1915 to April 7, 1919
 CANADA--Returned aboard "OLYMPIC" May 11, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. A. GUNN, D.S.O. -
 May 11, 1915 to October 31, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel R. O. ALEXANDER, D.S.O. -
 November 1, 1916 to December 7, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel C. F. RITCHIE-
 December 7, 1916 to April 14, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel R. O. ALEXANDER, D.S.O. -
 April 14, 1917 to August 4, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel C. F. RITCHIE, M.C. -
 August 4, 1917 to January 22, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel W. H. CLARK-KENNEDY, V.C., C.M.G., D.S.O. -
 January 22, 1918 to August 28, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel C. F. RITCHIE, D.S.O., M.C. -
 September 5, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Lieutenant Colonel William Hew Clark-Kennedy: August 27, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:

"Mount Sorrel," "SOMME, 1916, '18," "Flers-Courcelette," "Thiepval," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Arleux," "Scarpe, 1917, '18," "HILL 70," "YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," Hindenburg Line," "Canal du Nord," "CAMBRAI, 1918," "PURSUIT to MONS," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1915-18."



On sentry duty in the front line trench. September, 1916.



25th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 25th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Nova Scotia
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Halifax, Nova Scotia

SERVICE:
CANADA--October 28, 1914 to May 20, 1915
ENGLAND--May 29, 1915 to September 15, 1915
FRANCE--September 16, 1915 to April 8, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "OLYMPIC" May 11, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. A. LeCAIN -
May 20, 1915 to October 26, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel E. HILLIAM -
October 26, 1915 to January 18, 1917

Major J. A. De LANCY, M. C. -
January 18, 1917 to April 4, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel D. S. BAULD, D.S.O. -
April 4, 1917 to July 9, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel A. S. BLOIS, D.S.O. -
July 9, 1917 to April 19, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel J. W. WISE, D.S.O., M.C. -
April 19, 1918 to August 8, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel F. P. DAY -
August 9, 1918 to October 13, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel C. J. MERSEREAU, D.S.O. -
October 13, 1918 to Demobilization

BATTLE HONOURS:

"Mount Sorrel," "SOMME, 1916, '18," "FLERS-COURCELETTE," "Thiepval," "Ancre Heights," "Arras, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "ARLEUX," "Scarpe, 1917, '18," "HILL 70," "YPRES, 1917," "Passchendaele," "AMIENS," "Hindenburg Line," "Canal du Nord," "CAMBRAI, 1918," "PURSUIT to MONS," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1915-18."

A scene in the front line trench on Hill 60. September, 1916.



26th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 26th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Province of New Brunswick
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: St. John, New Brunswick

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 2, 1914 to June 13, 1915
ENGLAND--June 24, 1915 to September 15, 1915
FRANCE--September 16, 1915 to April 10, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "OLYMPIC" May 11, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. L. McAVITY -
June 15, 1915 to May 29, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel A. E. G. McKENZIE, D.S.O. -
May 29, 1916 to July 2, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel W. R. BROWN, D.S.O. -
July 2, 1917 to October 4, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel A. E. G. McKENZIE, D.S.O. -
October 4, 1917 to September 29, 1918

Major C. G. PORTER, D.S.O. -
August 28, 1918 to September 5, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel W. R. BROWN, D.S.O. -
September 5, 1918 to Demobilization

BATTLE HONOURS:

"Mount Sorrel," "SOMME, 1916, '18," "FLERS-COURCELETTE," "Thiepval," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Arleux," "Scarpe, 1917, '18," "HILL 70," "Ypres, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "HINDENBURG LINE," "Canal du Nord," "CAMBRAI, 1918," "Pursuit to Mons," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1915-18."





27th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 27th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREAS:
Manitoba--Brandon, Portage la Prairie and Winnipeg
Ontario--Rainy River and Kenora
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--October 21, 1914 to May 17, 1915
ENGLAND--May 28, 1915 to September 17, 1915
FRANCE--September 18, 1915 to April 12, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "NORTHLAND" May 13, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. R. SNIDER -
May 17, 1915 to April 15, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel G. J. DALY, C. M. G., D. S. O. -
April 15, 1916 to April 4, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel H. J. RILEY, D. S. O. -
April 4, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:
Lieutenant Robert Grierson Combe: May 3, 1917
Private James Peter Robertson: November 6, 1917

BATTLE HONOURS:
"Mount Sorrel," "Somme, 1916, '18," "FLERS-COURCELETTE,"
"Thiepval," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917,"
"ARLEUX," "Scarpe, 1917, '18," "HILL 70," "Ypres, 1917,"
"PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Drocourt-Queant," "Hinden-
burg Line," "Canal du Nord," "CAMBRAI 1918," "PURSUIT to
MONS," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1915-18."



28th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 28th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F. (North West)
AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREAS:
Saskatchewan--Regina, Moosejaw and Prince Albert
Ontario--Fort William and Port Arthur
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--October 10, 1914 to May 29, 1915
ENGLAND--June 8, 1915 to September 17, 1915
FRANCE--September 18, 1915 to April 11, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "CEDRIC" May 11, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. F. L. EMBURY, C. M. G. -
May 29, 1915 to September 17, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel A. ROSS, D. S. O. -
September 17, 1916 to October 1, 1918

Major G. F. D. BOND, M. C. -
October 2, 1918 to November 6, 1918

Major A. F. SIMPSON, D. S. O. -
November 6, 1918 to December 16, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel D. E. MacINTYRE, D. S. O., M. C. -
December 16, 1918 to Demobilization

BATTLE HONOURS:
"MOUNT SORREL," "Somme, 1916, '18," "FLERS-
COURCELETTE," "Thiepval," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS,
1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Scarpe, 1917, '18," "Hill 70,"
"YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS,"
"Drocourt-Queant," "Hindenburg Line," "Canal du Nord,"
"CAMBRAI, 1918," "PURSUIT to MONS," "FRANCE and
FLANDERS, 1915-18."

Salvaging equipment from the
field after a battle. July, 1916.



29th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 29th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 NICKNAME: Tobins Tigers
 AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Vancouver and New Westminster
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Vancouver, British Columbia

SERVICE:
 CANADA--October 24, 1914 to May 20, 1915
 ENGLAND--May 30, 1915 to September 17, 1915
 FRANCE--September 17, 1915 to April 11, 1919
 CANADA--Returned aboard "OLYMPIC" May 11, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. S. TOBIN -
 May 20, 1915 to July 20, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel J. S. TAIT -
 August 20, 1916 to September 10, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel J. M. ROSS -
 September 10, 1916 to December 16, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel J. S. TAIT -
 December 16, 1916 to January 22, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel J. M. ROSS, D.S.O. -
 January 22, 1917 to July 23, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel W. S. LATTA, D.S.O. -
 July 23, 1917 to August 16, 1918

Major L. A. WILMOT, M.C. -
 August 16, 1918 to September 5, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel H. S. TOBIN, D.S.O. -
 September 5, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Warrant Officer II Robert Hanna: August 21, 1917

BATTLE HONOURS:

"Mount Sorrel," "SOMME, 1916, '18," "Flers-Courcelette,"
 "Thiepval," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY,
 1917," "Scarpe, 1917, '18," "HILL 70," "YPRES, 1917,"
 "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Drocourt-Queant,"
 "HINDENBURG LINE," "Canal du Nord," "CAMBRAI, 1918,"
 "Pursuit to Mons," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1915-18."

Draining trenches of the 22nd
 (French Canadian) Infantry.
 July, 1916.



30th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 30th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREA: British Columbia
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Victoria, B. C.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--October 27, 1914 to February 23, 1915
 ENGLAND--March 7, 1915 to April 29, 1915
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 30th Infantry Battalion subsequently
 became the 30th RESERVE Battalion which
 in turn was absorbed into the 1st RESERVE
 Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. A. HALL -
 February 26, 1915 to June 9, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel C. F. De SALIS -
 June 10, 1915 to November 6, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel S. BOOTH -
 November 7, 1915 to January 2, 1917





31st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 31st Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Alberta
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Calgary, Alberta

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 16, 1914 to May 17, 1915
ENGLAND--May 28, 1915 to September 18, 1915
FRANCE--September 18, 1915 to April 11, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "CEDRIC" May 19, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. H. BELL, D.S.O. -
May 29, 1915 to April 23, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel E. S. DOUGHTY, D.S.O. -
April 23, 1918 to October 6, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel N. SPENCER, D.S.O. -
October 6, 1918 to Demobilization

BATTLE HONOURS:
"MOUNT SORREL," "SOMME, 1916, '18," "FLERS-
COURCELETTE," "Thiepval," "Ancre Heights,"
"Arras, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Arleux,"
"Scarpe, 1917, '18," "HILL 70," "YPRES, 1917,"
"PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Drocourt-
Queant," "Hindenburg Line," "Canal du Nord,"
"CAMBRAI, 1918," "Pursuit to Mons," "FRANCE
and FLANDERS, 1915-18."



32nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 32nd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Manitoba and Saskatchewan
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 7, 1914 to February 23, 1915
ENGLAND--March 7, 1915 to May 2, 1915
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 32nd Infantry Battalion subsequently
became the 32nd RESERVE Battalion; in turn
being absorbed by the 15th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. J. COWAN -
March 7, 1915 to September 15, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel C. D. MacPHERSON -
September 15, 1915 to August 1, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel F. J. CLARKE -
August 2, 1916 to January 2, 1917

The morning paper in the lines of the
29th Infantry. July, 1916.





33rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 33rd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: London, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: London, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 1915 to March 17, 1916
ENGLAND--March 25, 1916 to April 6, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 33rd Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 36th Infantry Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. WILSON -
March 17, 1916 to June 2, 1916

Major A. E. BYWATER -
June 2, 1916 to August 2, 1916



34th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 34th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Guelph and district
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Guelph, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 25, 1915 to October 23, 1915
ENGLAND--October 31, 1915 to November 28, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 34th Infantry Battalion was re-organized as "Boys Battalion" and ultimately disbanded by CRO 2174

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. J. OLIVER -
October 23, 1915 to July 6, 1916



35th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 35th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--April 1915, to October 16, 1915
ENGLAND--October 25, 1915 to February 9, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 35th Infantry Battalion subsequently became the 35th RESERVE Battalion. As the 35th RESERVE Battalion, it was absorbed into the 4th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. C. McCORDICK -
October 16, 1915 to October 24, 1916

Major F. C. DUNHAM -
October 24, 1916 to January 4, 1917



36th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 36th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Hamilton and district
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Hamilton, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--March 11, 1915 to June 19, 1915
ENGLAND--June 29, 1915 to January 4, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 36th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 3rd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel E. C. ASHTON -
August 16, 1915 to September 15, 1915

Major A. N. ASHTON -
September 15, 1915 to April 24, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel W. S. BUELL -
April 24, 1916 to January 2, 1917



37th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 37th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Northern Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Niagara, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 4, 1915 to November 27, 1915
ENGLAND--December 5, 1915 to July 9, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 37th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 39th Infantry Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel C. F. BICK-
November 28, 1915 to July 6, 1916



38th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 38th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Ottawa and district
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Ottawa, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--December 24, 1914 to August 8, 1915
BERMUDA--August 12, 1915 to May 30, 1916
ENGLAND--June 16, 1916 to August 13, 1916
FRANCE--August 14, 1916 to May 5, 1919
CANADA--

The 38th Infantry Battalion served on Garrison
Duty in Bermuda before going to England

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel C. M. EDWARDS, D.S.O. -
May 30, 1916 to April 9, 1917

Major R. F. PARKINSON, D.S.O. -
April 23, 1917 to June 1, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel C. M. EDWARDS, D.S.O. -
June 1, 1917 to January 8, 1918

Major S. ENGLISH-
January 8, 1918 to March 16, 1918

Major R. F. PARKINSON, D.S.O. -
March 17, 1918 to June 17, 1918

Colonel H. C. SPARLING, D.S.O. -
June 17, 1918 to July 17, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel C. M. EDWARDS, D.S.O. -
July 17, 1918 to September 10, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel S. D. GARDNER, C.M.G., M.C. -
September 10, 1918 to September 28, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel A. D. CAMERON, M.C. -
September 29, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Captain Thain Wendell Macdowell: April 9, 1917

BATTLE HONOURS:

"SOMME, 1916," "Ancre Heights," "Ancre,
1916," "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917,"
"YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE,"
"AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918," "DROCOURT-
QUEANT," "HINDENBURG LINE," "CANAL
du NORD," "VALENCIENNES," "Sambre,"
"France and Flanders, 1916-18."

Dug-outs. August, 1916.



39th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 39th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: M. D. 3
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Belleville, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--December 26, 1914 to June 24, 1915
ENGLAND--July 4, 1915 to January 4, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 39th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 6th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. A. V. PRESTON -
June 24, 1915 to January 4, 1917



40th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 40th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Nova Scotia
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Aldershot, N.S.

SERVICE:
CANADA--May 5, 1915 to October 18, 1915
ENGLAND--October 29, 1915 to January 4, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 40th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 17th and 26th RESERVE Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. G. VINCENT -
October 18, 1915 to January 4, 1917

German dead in a trench captured by Canadians, September 15, 1916.
Taken during the Battles of the Somme and Flers-Courcelette.



0.774



41st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 41st Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Province of Quebec, and
Ottawa, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Quebec City, P. Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--March 11, 1915 to October 18, 1915
ENGLAND--October 29, 1915 to July 13, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 41st Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 10th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel L. H. ARCHAMBEAULT-
October 18, 1915 to April 4, 1916



42nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 42nd Battalion (Royal Highlanders of Canada)
MOTTO TRANSLATION: None Shall Touch Me With Impunity
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Montreal, P. Q.
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Montreal, P. Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 8, 1915 to June 10, 1915
ENGLAND--June 19, 1915 to October 9, 1915
FRANCE--October 9, 1915 to February 7, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "ADRIATIC" March 1, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. S. CANTLIE-
June 10, 1915 to December 24, 1916

Major R. L. H. EWING-
December 24, 1916 to January 2, 1917

Major S. C. NORSWORTHY-
January 2, 1917 to April 6, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel B. McLENNAN D. S. O. -
April 6, 1917 to August 3, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel R. L. H. EWING, D. S. O., M. C. -
August 3, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Private Thomas Dinesen: August 12, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:

"MOUNT SORREL," "SOMME, 1916," "FLERS-
COURCELETTE," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS,
1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Arleux," "HHI 70,"
"YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS,"
"Scarpe, 1918," "Hindenburg Line," "CANAL du
NORD," "PURSUIT to MONS," "France and
Flanders, 1915-18."



Mud bespattered Canadian Heroes
returning from the Trenches.
Battle of the Somme. 1916.



43rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 43rd (Cameron Highlanders) Battalion
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Ready
 AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Winnipeg, Manitoba
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
 CANADA--December 16, 1914 to June 1, 1915
 ENGLAND--June 9, 1915 to February 21, 1916
 FRANCE--February 22, 1916 to February 10, 1919
 CANADA--Returned aboard "BAL TIC" March 12, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. McD. THOMSON -
 June 1, 1915 to October 8, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel W. GRASSIE, D.S.O. -
 October 9, 1916 to November 4, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel W. K. CHANDLER -
 November 4, 1917 to December 23, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel H. M. URQUHART, D.S.O., M.C. -
 December 23, 1917 to August 16, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel W. K. CHANDLER, D.S.O. -
 August 16, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Lieutenant Robert Shankland: October 26, 1917

BATTLE HONOURS:

"MOUNT SORREL," "SOMME, 1916," "FLERS-COURCELETTE," "ANCRE HEIGHTS," "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Hill 70," "YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918," "Drocourt-Queant," "Hindenburg Line," "CANAL du NORD," "Cambrai, 1918," "Pursuit to Mons," France and Flanders, 1916-18."

Propaganda for the Dominion Elections of Canada. Posted on a Salvage Company Dump, 1917, in France.



44th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 44th (Manitoba) Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 RE-NAMED: 44th (New Brunswick) Battalion
 in August 1918
 AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Winnipeg, Manitoba
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 1, 1915 to October 23, 1915
 ENGLAND--October 30, 1915 to August 11, 1916
 FRANCE--August 12, 1916 to April 27, 1919
 CANADA--Returned aboard "EMPRESS OF BRITAIN"
 May 28, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel E. R. WAYLAND -
 October 22, 1915 to December 11, 1915

Lieutenant Colonel J. H. SILLS -
 December 27, 1915 to January 16, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel R. D. DAVIES, D.S.O. -
 January 22, 1917 to Demobilization

BATTLE HONOURS:

"SOMME, 1916," "Ancre Heights," "Ancre, 1916," "Arras, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Hill 70," "YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918," "DROCOURT-QUEANT," "HINDENBURG LINE," "CANAL du NORD," "VALENCIENNES," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1916-18."





45th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 45th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Manitoba
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Brandon, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--December 21, 1914 to March 17, 1916
ENGLAND--March 25, 1916 to July 7, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 45th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 11th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. J. CLARKE-
March 17, 1916 to July 13, 1916

Canadians enjoy a game of cards in a shell
hole. April, 1917.



46th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 46th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Saskatchewan
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Moose Jaw

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 1, 1915 to October 23, 1915
ENGLAND--October 30, 1915 to August 10, 1916
FRANCE--August 11, 1916 to April 26, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "EMPRESS OF BRITAIN"
May 28, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. SNELL-
October 22, 1915 to August 29, 1916

Lt. Colonel H. J. DAWSON, C. M. G., D. S. O. -
August 29, 1916 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Sergeant Hugh Cairns: November 1, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:

"SOMME, 1916," "Ancre Heights," "Ancre, 1916,"
"Arras, 1917," "18," "VIMY, 1917," "HILL 70,"
"YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS,"
"Scarpe, 1918," "DROCOURT-QUEANT,"
"HINDENBURG LINE," "CANAL du NORD,"
"VALENCIENNES," "FRANCE and FLANDERS,
1916-18,"





47th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 47th British Columbia Battalion
 RE-NAMED: 47th (Western Ontario) Battalion
 in February 1918
 AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: New Westminster,
 Vancouver and Victoria
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: New Westminster, B.C.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 15, 1915 to November 13, 1915
 ENGLAND--November 22, 1915 to August 10, 1916
 FRANCE--August 11, 1916 to April 27, 1919
 CANADA--Returned aboard "EMPERESS OF BRITAIN"
 May 28, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. N. WINSBY -
 November 13, 1915 to April 24, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel M. J. FRANCIS -
 April 24, 1917 to December 14, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel R. H. WEBB, M.C. -
 December 14, 1917 to April 24, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel H. L. KEEGAN, D.S.O. -
 April 24, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Corporal Filip Konowal: August 21, 1917

BATTLE HONOURS:

"SOMME, 1916," "Ancre Heights," "Ancre, 1916,"
 "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "HILL 70,"
 "YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS,"
 "Scarpe, 1918," "DROCOURT-QUEANT,"
 "Hindenburg Line," "CANAL du NORD,"
 "VALENCIENNES," "France and Flanders, 1916-18."



48th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 48th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: For the Empire
 AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: British Columbia
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Victoria, B.C.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 22, 1915 to July 1, 1915
 ENGLAND--July 11, 1915 to January 6, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as the 48th Infantry Bn.

The 48th Infantry Battalion subsequently
 became the 3rd Pioneer Battalion, and as
 such saw service in France.

OFFICERS COMMANDING: (3rd Pioneer Battalion)

Lieutenant Colonel W. J. H. HOLMES, D.S.O. -
 July 1, 1915 to May 31, 1917

Canadians in a support trench. May, 1917.





49th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 49th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July, 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Edmonton, Alberta
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Edmonton, Alberta

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 4, 1915 to June 4, 1915
ENGLAND--June 13, 1915 to October 9, 1915
FRANCE--October 9, 1915 to February 8, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "CAMERONIA"
March 8, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. A. GRIESBACH, D.S.O. -
June 4, 1915 to February 11, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel R. H. PALMER, D.S.O. -
February 14, 1917 to July 1, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel C. Y. WEAVER, D.S.O. -
July 1, 1918 to October 1, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel R. H. PALMER, D.S.O. -
October 2, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Private Cecil John Kinross: October 29, 1917
Private John Chipman Kerr: September 16, 1916

BATTLE HONOURS:

"MOUNT SORREL," "SOMME, 1916," "FLERS-COURCELETTE," "Ancre Heights," "Arras, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "HILL 70," "Ypres, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "SCARPE, 1918," "HINDENBURG LINE," "Canal du Nord," "PURSUIT TO MONS," "France and Flanders, 1915-18."



50th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 50th Battalion, (Calgary Regiment)
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Calgary, Alberta
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Calgary, Alberta

SERVICE:
CANADA--December 15, 1914 to October 27, 1915
ENGLAND--November 4, 1915 to August 10, 1916
FRANCE--August 11, 1916 to April 26, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "EMPRESS OF BRITAIN"
May 28, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel E. G. MASON -
October 27, 1915 to November 11, 1916

Major R. B. EATON -
November 11, 1916 to January 1, 1917

Major C. B. WORSNOP, D.S.O. -
January 1, 1917 to March 11, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel L. F. PAGE, D.S.O. -
March 11, 1917 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Private John George Pattison: April 10, 1917

BATTLE HONOURS:

"SOMME, 1916," "Ancre Heights," "ANCRE, 1916," "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Hill 70," "Ypres, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918," "DROCOURT-QUEANT," "Hindenburg Line," "CANAL du NORD," "VALENCIENNES," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1916-18."

Prisoners. April, 1917.





51st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 51st Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Edmonton, Alberta
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Edmonton, Alberta

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 4, 1915 to April 18, 1916
ENGLAND--April 28, 1916 to November 13, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 51st Infantry Battalion was subsequently used for Garrison Duty

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. de L. HARWOOD -
April 19, 1916 to July 10, 1916

Major W. J. SHORTREED -
July 10, 1916 to September 20, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel W. T. STEWART -
September 20, 1916



52nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: New Ontario Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July, 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Port Arthur, Kenora,
Fort Frances, Dryden
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Port Arthur

SERVICE:
CANADA--March 20, 1915 to November 23, 1915
ENGLAND--December 3, 1915 to February 20, 1916
FRANCE--February 21, 1916 to February 10, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "BALTIC"
March 12, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. W. HAY -
November 23, 1915 to June 3, 1916

Lt. Colonel D. M. SUTHERLAND -
July 27, 1916 to September 25, 1916

Lt. Colonel W. B. EVANS, D.S.O. -
September 25, 1916 to July 11, 1917

Major E. A. C. WILCOX -
July 11, 1917 to August 4, 1917

Lt. Colonel W. W. FOSTER, D.S.O. -
August 4, 1917 to September 24, 1918

Lt. Colonel D. M. SUTHERLAND, D.S.O. -
September 24, 1918 to October 9, 1918

Lt. Colonel W. W. FOSTER, D.S.O. -
October 9, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:
Captain Christopher Patrick John O'Kelly:
October 26, 1917

BATTLE HONOURS:
"MOUNT SORREL," "SOMME, 1916," "FLERS-COURCELETTE," "Ancre Heights," "Arras, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "HILL 70," "YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918," "Drocourt-Queant," "Hindenburg Line," "Canal du Nord," "CAMBRAI, 1918," "VALENCIENNES," "France and Flanders, 1916-18."



Wounded Canadians en route for Blighty. July, 1917.



53rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 53rd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Prince Albert, Saskatoon,
Battleford, and Milfort
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--March 16, 1915 to April 1, 1916
ENGLAND--April 9, 1916 to November 9, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 53rd Infantry Battalion was disbanded,
some men being used to reinforce the 15th
RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. M. DENNISTOUN-
April 1, 1916 to August 1, 1916

Corduroy roads were laid by Canadians behind
their lines to allow heavy traffic to pass for
the 'Great Advance'. May, 1917.



54th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 54th Kootenay Battalion
RE-NAMED: 54th (Central Ontario) Battalion
in August 1917
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Southern British Columbia
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Nelson, British Columbia

SERVICE:
CANADA--May 1, 1915 to November 22, 1915
ENGLAND--November 30, 1915 to August 13, 1916
FRANCE--August 14, 1916 to April 28, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "MAURETANIA"
June 1, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. G. H. KEMBALL, C. B., D.S.O. -
November 22, 1915 to March 1, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel V. V. HARVEY, D.S.O. -
March 2, 1917 to August 24, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel A. B. CAREY, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
August 24, 1917 to Demobilization

BATTLE HONOURS:

"SOMME, 1916," "Ancre Heights," "Ancre, 1916,"
"ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "HILL 70,"
"YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS,"
"Scarpe, 1918," "DROCOURT-QUEANT,"
"Hindenburg Line," "CANAL du NORD,"
"VALENCIENNES," "Sambre," "France and
Flanders, 1916-18."





55th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 55th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: New Brunswick and
Prince Edward Island
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Sussex, N. B.

SERVICE:
CANADA--May 2, 1915 to October 30, 1915
ENGLAND--November 8, 1915 to July 6, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 55th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 40th Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. R. KIRKPATRICK-
October 30, 1915 to May 5, 1916

Major H. I. JONES-
May 5, 1916 to May 13, 1916



56th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 56th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 86 of 1 July 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Calgary, Alberta
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Calgary, Alberta

SERVICE:
CANADA--April 24, 1915 to April 1, 1916
ENGLAND--April 9, 1916 to July 6, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 56th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 9th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. C. G. ARMSTRONG-
April 1, 1916 to July 6, 1916

14th Infantry Battalion who fought on Hill 70
on the way to rest camp. October, 1917.





57th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 57th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Do What Is Necessary
 AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Quebec City
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Quebec City

SERVICE:
 CANADA--April 28, 1915 to June 2, 1916
 ENGLAND--June 8, 1916 to June , 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 57th Infantry Battalion consisted of reinforcements only. These men were absorbed into the 69th Infantry Battalion and the 10th RESERVE Battalion.

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Major A. L. H. RENAUD-

Lieutenant Colonel E. T. PAQUETTE-

Sister Susie's brothers mending shirts which Sister Susie Stitched. May, 1917.



58th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 58th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: M. D. 2 (Central Ontario)
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Niagara on the Lake

SERVICE:
 CANADA--May 21, 1915 to November 22, 1915
 ENGLAND--November 30, 1915 to February 20, 1916
 FRANCE--February 22, 1916 to February 10, 1919
 CANADA--Returned aboard "BAL TIC" March 12, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. A. GENET, D.S.O. -
 November 22, 1915 to January 11, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel R. A. McFARLANE, D.S.O. -
 January 12, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Corporal Harry Garnet Bedford Miner: August 8, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:

"MOUNT SORREL," "SOMME, 1916," "Flers-Courcelette," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Hill 70," "YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918," "Drocourt-Queant," "HINDENBURG LINE," "Canal du Nord," "CAMBRAI, 1918," "Pursuit to Mons," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1916-18."





59th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 59th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Faithful to Duty
 AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: M. D. 3 (East Ontario and Hull, P. Q. and area)
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Barrie/field, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--July 1, 1915 to April 5, 1916
 ENGLAND--April 11, 1916 to July 6, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 59th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 39th Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. J. DAWSON-
 April 1, 1916 to August 11, 1916



60th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Victoria Rifles of Canada
 AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Montreal, P. Q.
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Montreal, P. Q.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--May 23, 1915 to November 6, 1915
 ENGLAND--November 15, 1915 to February 21, 1916
 FRANCE--February 21, 1916 to April 30, 1917

The 60th Infantry Battalion was replaced in the field by the 10th Infantry Battalion in April 1917. The men of the 60th were distributed amongst the other Units serving at the Front.

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. A. deL. GASCOIGNE-
 November 6, 1915 to June 6, 1917

BATTLE HONOURS:
 "MOUNT SORREL," "SOMME, 1916," "FLERS-COURCELETTE," "ANCRE HEIGHTS," "ARRAS, 1917," "VIMY, 1917," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1916-17."



61st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 61st Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Winnipeg, Manitoba
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
 CANADA--May 18, 1915 to April 5, 1916
 ENGLAND--April 11, 1916 to July 7, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 61st Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 11th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. J. MURRAY-
 April 1, 1916 to July 6, 1917



62nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 62nd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Victoria, Prince Rupert, and Vancouver
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Vancouver, B. C.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--July 1, 1915 to April 1, 1916
 ENGLAND--April 9, 1916 to July 6, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 62nd Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 30th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. H. D. HULME-
 April 1, 1916 to July 6, 1916



63rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 63rd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Medicine Hat, Calgary,
and Edmonton, Alberta
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Edmonton, Alberta

SERVICE:
CANADA--June 28, 1915 to April 23, 1916
ENGLAND--May 4, 1916 to July 7, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 63rd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 9th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. B. McLEOD-
April 25, 1916 to July 6, 1916



64th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 64th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Prince Edward Island,
New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Halifax, N.S.

SERVICE:
CANADA--May 29, 1915 to April 1, 1916
ENGLAND--April 9, 1916 to July 7, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 64th Infantry Battalion was broken up
amongst several RESERVE Battalions.
The 40th Infantry Battalion received a draft
from the 64th

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. M. Campbell-
April 1, 1916 to July 6, 1916

Canadian troops unloading trench material
in a village near the line. July 1917.





65th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 65th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Saskatoon, Prince Albert, Saskatchewan; Winnipeg, Manitoba
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Saskatoon, Sask.

SERVICE:
CANADA--July 6, 1915 to June 20, 1916
ENGLAND--June 29, 1916 to June, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 65th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 44th, 46th, 54th and 72nd Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel N. LANG-
June 20, 1916 to September 25, 1916



66th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 66th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Edmonton, Alberta
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Edmonton, Alberta

SERVICE:
CANADA--June 21, 1915 to May 1, 1916
ENGLAND--May 6, 1916 to August 1, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 66th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 9th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. W. H. MCKINERY-
May 1, 1916 to August 14, 1916



67th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Western Scots
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Fight
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Victoria, British Columbia
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Victoria, B. C.

SERVICE:
CANADA--June 23, 1915 to April 5, 1916
ENGLAND--April 11, 1916 to May 15, 1916
FRANCE--No service as an Infantry Unit

The 67th Infantry Battalion subsequently became the 67th Pioneer Battalion; then the 4th Pioneer Battalion, C. E. F.

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel L. ROSS, D.S.O. -
April 2, 1916 to April 30, 1917



68th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 68th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Regina, and district; Moosejaw, and district
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Regina, Saskatchewan

SERVICE:
CANADA--July 6, 1915 to May 1, 1916
ENGLAND--May 6, 1916 to July 6, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 68th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 32nd Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel T. E. PERRETT-
May 1, 1916 to July 6, 1916



69th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 69th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: From Overseas;
 I Remember
 AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Quebec
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Montreal, P. Q.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--July 3, 1915 to April 17, 1916
 ENGLAND--April 27, 1916 to January 4, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 69th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 10th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. A. DANSEREAU-
 April 19, 1916 to January 4, 1917



70th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 70th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Counties of Essex, Kent,
 Lambton, and Middlesex
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: London, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--September 1, 1915 to April 25, 1916
 ENGLAND--May 5, 1916 to July 7, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 70th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 39th Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. I. TOWERS-
 April 25, 1916 to July 6, 1916

A Canadian casualty being taken to a Dressing Station. October, 1917.





71st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 71st Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Woodstock, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Woodstock, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--August 30, 1915 to April 5, 1916
ENGLAND--April 11, 1916 to September 30, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 71st Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 44th, 51st, 54th and 74th Battalions

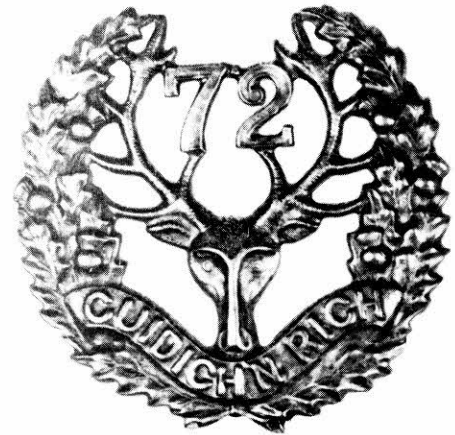
OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel D. M. SUTHERLAND-
April 1, 1916 to June 4, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel A. J. McCAUSLAND-
June 4, 1916 to July 19, 1916

Major J. C. MASSIE-
July 19, 1916 to September 1, 1916

Major J. A. C. MAKINS-
September 1, 1916 to September 28, 1916



72nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Seaforth Highlanders of Canada
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Help the King
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: British Columbia
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Vancouver, B. C.

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 10, 1915 to April 26, 1916
ENGLAND--May 5, 1916 to August 12, 1916
FRANCE--August 13, 1916 to May 5, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "OLYMPIC"
June 6, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. A. CLARK, D.S.O. -
April 25, 1916 to September 12, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel G. H. KIRKPATRICK, D.S.O. -
September 12, 1918 to Demobilization

BATTLE HONOURS:

"SOMME, 1916," "Ancre Heights," "Ancre, 1916," "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Ypres, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918," "DROCOURT-QUEANT," "HINDENBURG LINE," "CANAL de NORD," "VALENCIENNES," "SAMBRE," "France and Flanders, 1916-18."

29th Infantry advancing over "No Man's Land" through the German barbed wire. Vimy Ridge, April 1917.





73rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Royal Highlanders of Canada
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Montreal, P. Q. and
Almonte, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Montreal, P. Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 4, 1915 to April 1, 1916
ENGLAND--April 9, 1916 to August 12, 1916
FRANCE--August 13, 1916 to April 19, 1917

Disbanded in April, 1917, the 73rd Battalion
was replaced by the 85th Battalion. The men
of the 73rd were distributed amongst the 13th,
42nd and 85th Infantry Battalions.

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel P. DAVIDSON-
April 1, 1916 to December 12, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel H. C. SPARLING, D.S.O. -
December 12, 1916 to April 19, 1917

BATTLE HONOURS:
"SOMME, 1916," "ANCRE HEIGHTS," "ANCRE,
1916," "ARRAS, 1917," "VIMY, 1917," "FRANCE
and FLANDERS, 1916-17."



74th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 74th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Counties of Peel and York
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Camp Niagara

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 5, 1915 to April 1, 1916
ENGLAND--April 9, 1916 to September 30, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 74th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 50th, 51st and 52nd Infantry Battalions,
and the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifle Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. J. McCAUSLAND-
March 27, 1916 to June 4, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel D. M. SUTHERLAND-
June 4, 1916 to July 18, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel A. J. McCAUSLAND-
July 19, 1916 to September 25, 1916

Canadian Pioneers laying trench mats over mud.
Battle of Passchendaele, November 1917.





75th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Mississauga Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Toronto, Hamilton, and London
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--June 30, 1915 to April 1, 1916
ENGLAND--April 9, 1916 to August 11, 1916
FRANCE--August 12, 1916 to May 2, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "MAURETANIA"
June 1, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel S. G. BECKETT -
April 1, 1916 to March 1, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel C. B. WORSNOP, D.S.O. -
March 11, 1917 to April 16, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel C. C. HARBOTTLE, D.S.O. -
April 16, 1917 to Demobilization

BATTLE HONOURS:

"SOMME, 1916," "Ancre Heights," "Ancre,
1916," "ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Hill 70,"
"Ypres, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS,"
"SCARPE, 1918," "Drocourt-Queant," "HINDENBURG
LINE," "Canal du Nord," "VALENCIENNES,"
"Sambre," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1916-18."



76th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 76th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Barrie, Orillia, and Collingwood
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Niagara, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--July 28, 1915 to April 26, 1916
ENGLAND--May 5, 1916 to July 6, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 76th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 36th Infantry Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. BALLANTINE, D.S.O. -
April 25, 1916 to July 9, 1916

Wounded Canadians taking cover
behind a pill-box. Taken during
the Battle of Passchendaele.





77th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 77th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Ottawa and district
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Ottawa, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--July 16, 1915 to June 20, 1916
ENGLAND--June 29, 1916 to September 22, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 77th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 47th and 73rd Infantry Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel D. R. STREET -
June 19, 1916 to September 13, 1916



78th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Winnipeg Grenadiers
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Winnipeg and district
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--July 1, 1915 to May 22, 1916
ENGLAND--May 30, 1916 to August 12, 1916
FRANCE--August 13, 1916 to May 4, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "ADRIATIC"

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. KIRKCALDY, D.S.O. -
May 22, 1916 to November 15, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel J. N. SEMMENS -
November 16, 1917 to March 19, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel J. KIRKCALDY, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
March 19, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:
Lt. Samuel Lewis Honey: September 27, 1918
Lt. James Edward Tait: August 9, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:
"SOMME, 1916," "Ancre Heights," "Ancre, 1916,"
"ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "YPRES,
1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe,
1918," "DROCOURT-QUEANT," "HINDENBURG
LINE," "Canal du Nord," "VALENCIENNES,"
"Sambre," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1916-18."

Tank advancing with Infantry on Vimy. April 1917.





79th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Manitoba Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Manitoba
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Brandon, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--July 8, 1915 to April 25, 1916
ENGLAND--June 5, 1916 to July 12, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 79th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 17th Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. CLINGAN-
April 25, 1916 to July 12, 1916



80th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 80th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Prepared
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Eastern Ontario
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Barrie/field, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 1, 1915 to May 22, 1916
ENGLAND--May 29, 1916 to September 30, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 80th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 51st Infantry Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. G. KETCHESON-
May 22, 1916 to September 25, 1916



81st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 81st Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto and district
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 1, 1915 to May 1, 1916
ENGLAND--May 6, 1916 to July 6, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 81st Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 35th Infantry Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel B. H. BELSON-
May 1, 1916 to July 5, 1916



82nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 82nd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Calgary, Alberta
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Calgary, Alberta

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 1, 1915 to May 22, 1916
ENGLAND--May 29, 1916 to July 18, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 82nd Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 9th Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. A. LOWRY-
May 5, 1916 to July 18, 1916



83rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Queen's Own Rifles of Canada
 AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--August 4, 1915 to May 1, 1916
 ENGLAND--May 6, 1916 to July 7, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 83rd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 12th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. PELLATT-
 May 1, 1916 to August 17, 1916



84th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 84th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: King Calls
 AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

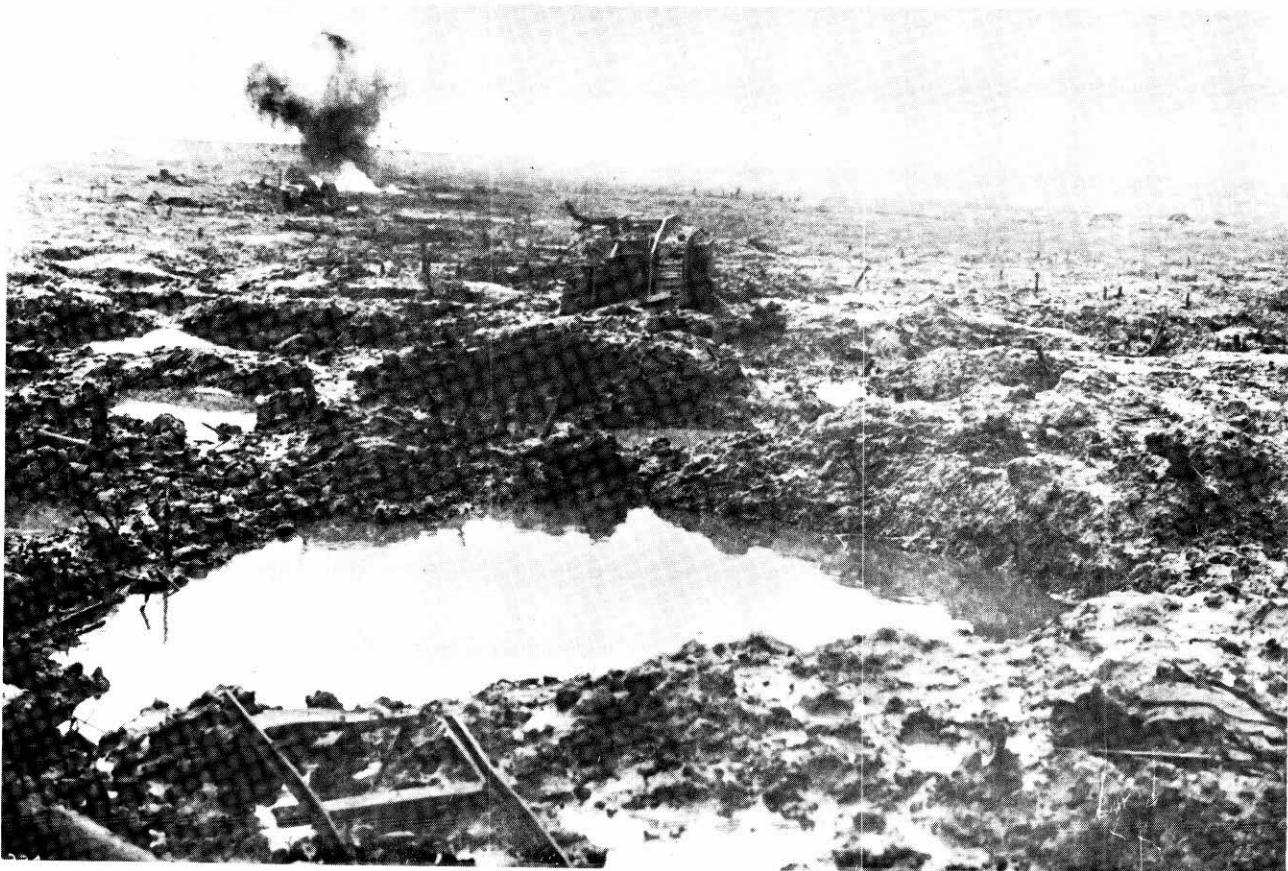
SERVICE:
 CANADA--July 29, 1915 to June 20, 1916
 ENGLAND--June 29, 1916 to June 30, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 84th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 73rd and 75th Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. T. STEWART-
 June 20, 1916 to September 20, 1916

Tank in badly shelled mud area. Battle of Passchendaele. November 1917.





85th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Nova Scotia Highlanders
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Breed of Manly Men
 AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Nova Scotia
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Halifax, Nova Scotia

SERVICE:
 CANADA--September 10, 1915 to October 13, 1916
 ENGLAND--October 19, 1916 to February 10, 1917
 FRANCE--February 10, 1917 to April 28, 1919
 and to May 4, 1919
 CANADA--Returned aboard "ADRIATIC" May 31, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. H. BORDEN -
 October 12, 1916 to July 6, 1917

Major J. L. RALSTON, D.S.O. -
 July 31, 1917 to September 11, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel A. H. BORDEN -
 September 11, 1917 to April 26, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel J. L. RALSTON, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
 April 26, 1918 to October 23, 1918

Major J. M. MILLER, D.S.O., M.C. -
 October 23, 1918 to November 19, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel J. L. RALSTON, C.M.G., D.S.O. -
 November 19, 1918 to Demobilization

BATTLE HONOURS:

"ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "YPRES, 1917,"
 "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918,"
 "DROCOURT-QUEANT," "HINDENBURG LINE,"
 "CANAL du NORD," "VALENCIENNES," "Sambre,"
 "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1917-18."

Fort Garry Horse passing through a
 village on the Cambrai Front.
 Taken December, 1917.



86th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 86th Machine Gun Battalion
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Hamilton, Welland, Dundas
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Hamilton, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--August 11, 1915 to May 22, 1916
 ENGLAND--May 30, 1916 to June 22, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 86th Infantry Battalion formed the
 beginning of the Canadian Machine Gun Depot

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. W. STEWART, D.S.O. -
 May 22, 1916 to March 16, 1917

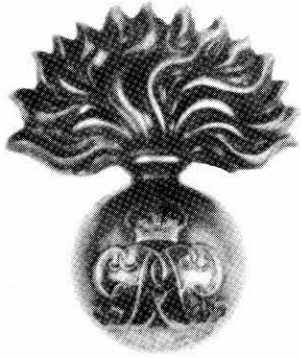
OFFICERS COMMANDING:
 (Canadian Machine Gun Depot)

Lieutenant Colonel W. M. BALFOUR, D.S.O. -
 March 16, 1917 to October 8, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel W. N. MOORHOUSE, D.S.O. -
 October 31, 1918 to March 18, 1919

Lieutenant Colonel W. M. BALFOUR, D.S.O. -
 March 18, 1919 to Demobilization





87th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Canadian Grenadier Guards
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Montreal and district,
and the Mining Districts of Quebec
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Montreal, P.Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 10, 1915 to April 26, 1916
ENGLAND--May 5, 1916 to August 11, 1916
FRANCE--August 12, 1916 to May 3, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "MAURETANIA"
June 1, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. P. REXFORD -
April 25, 1916 to July 22, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel R. W. FROST, D.S.O. -
July 27, 1916 to March 24, 1917

Major H. LeR. SHAW -
March 24, 1917 to May 8, 1917

Lt. Colonel J. V. P. O'DONAHOE, D.S.O. -
May 8, 1917 to April 4, 1918

Major J. S. RALSTON, M.C. -
April 5, 1918 to May 5, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel K. M. PERRY, D.S.O. -
May 5, 1918 to October 14, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel F. S. MEIGHEN, C.M.G. -
October 14, 1918 to May 7, 1919

Lieutenant Colonel R. BICKERDIKE, D.S.O. -
May 7, 1919 to Demobilization

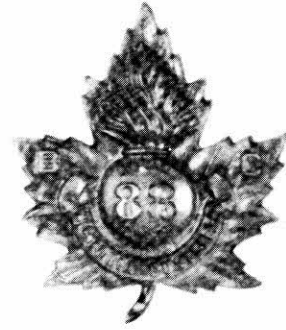
VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Private John Francis Young: September 2, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:

"SOMME, 1916," "Ancre Heights," "Ancre, 1916,"
"ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "HILL 70,"
"Ypres, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS,"
"SCARPE, 1918," "DROCOURT-QUEANT,"
"Hindenburg Line," "CANAL du NORD,"
"Valenciennes," "Sambre," "FRANCE and
FLANDERS, 1916-18."

A Canadian having a close shave!
Taken in the front line, May, 1917.



88th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 88th Victoria Fusiliers
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Victoria, British Columbia
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Victoria, B.C.

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 1, 1915 to June 2, 1916
ENGLAND--June 8, 1916 to July 18, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 88th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 30th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. J. R. CULLIN -
June 2, 1916 to July 18, 1916





89th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 89th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

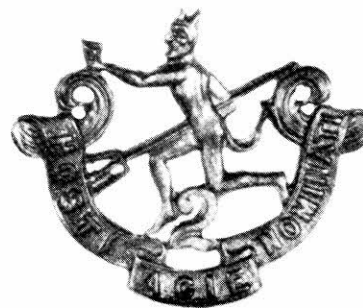
RECRUITING AREA: Alberta
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Calgary, Alberta

SERVICE:
CANADA--October 9, 1915 to June 2, 1916
ENGLAND--June 8, 1916 to October 7, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 89th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 9th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. W. NASMYTH-
June 2, 1916 to August 1, 1916



90th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 90th Battalion, Winnipeg Rifles
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Named by the Enemy
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Winnipeg, Manitoba
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 4, 1915 to June 2, 1916
ENGLAND--June 8, 1916 to July 19, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 90th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 11th Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. A. MUNRO-
June 2, 1916 to July 19, 1916



91st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 91st Elgin Overseas Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: County of Elgin, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: St. Thomas, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--October 23, 1915 to June 29, 1916
ENGLAND--July 5, 1916 to July 15, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 91st Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 12th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. J. GREEN-
June 28, 1916 to July 15, 1916



92nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 92nd Battalion (48th Highlanders)
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Faithful Forever
AUTHORITY: GO 103a of 15 August 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--August 2, 1915 to May 22, 1916
ENGLAND--May 29, 1916 to January 24, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 92nd Battalion was absorbed into the 5th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. T. CHISHOLM-
May 20, 1916 to January 4, 1917



93rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 93rd Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: County of Peterborough
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Peterborough, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 7, 1915 to July 15, 1916
ENGLAND--July 25, 1916 to October 6, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 93rd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 39th Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel T. J. JOHNSTON--
September 19, 1916 to October 6, 1916



94th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 94th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Port Arthur, Fort William,
Kenora, Rainy River, Fort Frances, Dryden
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Port Arthur, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 1, 1915 to June 29, 1916
ENGLAND--July 5, 1916 to July 18, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 94th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 17th and 32nd RESERVE Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. A. C. MACHIN--
June 28, 1916 to July 18, 1916



95th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 95th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Never Sleeping
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

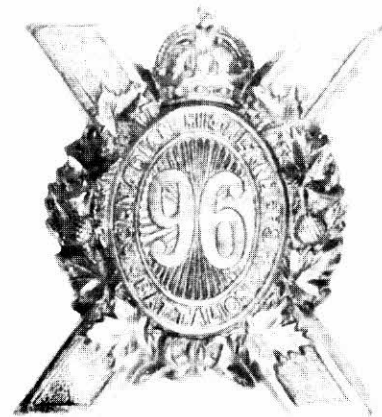
RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--October 26, 1915 to June 2, 1916
ENGLAND--June 8, 1916 to January 24, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 95th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 5th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. K. BARKER--
June 2, 1916 to December 22, 1916



96th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Canadian Highlanders
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Saskatoon and district
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Saskatoon, Saskatchewan

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 28, 1915 to September 27, 1916
ENGLAND--October 6, 1916 to October 8, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 96th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 92nd Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. GLENN--
October 6, 1916 to October 8, 1916



97th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 97th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Deeds, not Words
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto and district
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 1, 1915 to September 19, 1916
 ENGLAND--September 25, 1916 to October 31, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 97th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the R. C. R. and P. P. C. L. I. Depot Units

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. B. CLARK-

Lieutenant Colonel W. L. JOLLY-
 September 18, 1916 to December 24, 1916



98th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Lincoln and Welland Battalion
 NICKNAME: "The Lincs. and Winks,"
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Lincoln and Welland
 Counties, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Welland, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 23, 1915 to July 16, 1916
 ENGLAND--July 25, 1916 to October 6, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 98th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 12th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. A. ROSE-
 July 8, 1916 to October 6, 1916

Tank advancing over rough terrain.





99th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Essex Battalion
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Deeds, not Words
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

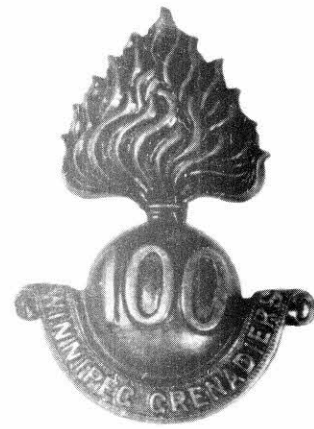
RECRUITING AREA: County of Essex
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Windsor, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 5, 1915 to June 2, 1916
 ENGLAND--June 8, 1916 to July 6, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 99th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 35th Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel T. B. WELCH-
 June 2, 1916 to July 5, 1916



100th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Winnipeg Grenadiers
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Winnipeg, Manitoba
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 29, 1915 to September 19, 1916
 ENGLAND--September 25, 1916 to January 20, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 100th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 11th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. B. MITCHELL-
 September 18, 1916 to January 4, 1917

His Majesty the King traversing Vimy Ridge, July 1917. Centre figure, General Currie. Right, General Horne.





101st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Winnipeg Rifles
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Winnipeg, Manitoba
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 29, 1915 to June 29, 1916
ENGLAND--July 5, 1916 to July 13, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 101st Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 17th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel D. McLEAN-
June 28, 1916 to August 21, 1916



102nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: North British Columbians
RE-NAMED: 102nd (Central Ontario) Battalion
in August 1917
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Northern British Columbia
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Comox, British Columbia

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 3, 1915 to June 20, 1916
ENGLAND--June 29, 1916 to August 11, 1916
FRANCE--August 12, 1916 to May 3, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "MAURETANIA"
June 1, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. W. WARDEN, D.S.O. -
June 18, 1916 to January 11, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel F. LISTER, C.M.G., D.S.O., M.C. -
January 11, 1918 to September 27, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel E. J. W. RYAN, D.S.O. -
September 28, 1918 to November 19, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel F. LISTER, C.M.G., D.S.O., M.C. -
November 19, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Lieutenant Graham Thomson Lyall: September 27, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:

"SOMME, 1916," "Ancre Heights," "Ancre, 1916,"
"ARRAS, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Hill 70,"
"YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS,"
"Scarpe, 1918," "Drocourt-Queant," "HINDENBURG
LINE," "CANAL du NORD," "VALENCIENNES,"
"FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1916-18."

General Currie, Commander of the
Canadian Corps in France. June, 1917.



103rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 103rd Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Things, not Words
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Victoria, British Columbia
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Victoria, B.C.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 18, 1915 to July 24, 1916
 ENGLAND--July 31, 1916 to January 7, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 103rd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 16th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel E. C. J. HENNIKER-
 July 23, 1916 to November 7, 1916



104th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 104th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: For the Empire
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: New Brunswick
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Sussex, New Brunswick

SERVICE:
 CANADA--October 20, 1915 to June 29, 1916
 ENGLAND--July 5, 1916 to February 15, 1918
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 104th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 13th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. W. FOWLER-
 June 28, 1916 to January 22, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel A. E. INGS-
 January 22, 1917 to March 2, 1918



105th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: P. E. I. Highlanders
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Prince Edward Island
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Charlottetown, P.E.I.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--December 3, 1915 to July 16, 1916
 ENGLAND--July 25, 1916 to January 24, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 105th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 104th Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. E. INGS-
 July 15, 1916 to January 22, 1917



106th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Nova Scotia Rifles
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Nova Scotia
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Truro, Nova Scotia

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 3, 1915 to July 16, 1916
 ENGLAND--July 25, 1916 to October 5, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 106th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 23rd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. INNES-
 July 15, 1916 to October 5, 1916



107th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 107th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Winnipeg, Manitoba
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 4, 1915 to September 19, 1916
ENGLAND--September 25, 1916 to January 21, 1917
FRANCE--No service as the 107th Infantry Battalion

The 107th Infantry Battalion subsequently became the 107th Pioneer Battalion, and saw service as a Pioneer Battalion in France.

OFFICERS COMMANDING:
(107th Pioneer Battalion)

Lieutenant Colonel G. CAMPBELL, D. S. O. -
September 18, 1916 to October 9, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel H. C. WALKEM -
October 9, 1917 to May 28, 1918



108th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Selkirk Overseas Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Manitoba
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Selkirk, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 4, 1915 to September 19, 1916
ENGLAND--September 25, 1916 to January 10, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 108th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 14th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. H. BRADBURY -
September 18, 1916 to December 15, 1916

Canadian troops making good use of a shell hole before an attack on Fritz's trenches at night. June, 1917.





109th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Victoria and Haliburton Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Counties of Victoria
and Haliburton
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Lindsay, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 15, 1915 to July 24, 1916
ENGLAND--July 31, 1916 to December 8, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 109th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 20th, 21st, 38th and 124th Battalions

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. J. H. FEE-
July 23, 1916 to November 15, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel J. BALLANTINE, D.S.O., -
November 15, 1916 to



110th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 110th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Perth County
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Stratford, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 9, 1915 to November 1, 1916
ENGLAND--November 11, 1916 to January 8, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 110th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 8th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. L. YOUNGS-
October 31, 1916 to January 2, 1917



111th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: South Waterloo Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Waterloo County
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Galt, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 12, 1915 to September 27, 1916
ENGLAND--October 6, 1916 to October 13, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 111th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 35th Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. D. CLARKE-
October 6, 1916 to October 13, 1916



112th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Nova Scotia Overseas Battalion
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Honour and Honesty
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Nova Scotia
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Windsor, Nova Scotia

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 19, 1915 to July 24, 1916
ENGLAND--July 31, 1916 to January 7, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 112th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 26th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. B. TREMAINE-
July 23, 1916 to December 4, 1916



113th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Lethbridge Highlanders
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Lethbridge, Alberta
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Lethbridge, Alberta

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 9, 1915 to September 27, 1916
 ENGLAND--October 6, 1916 to October 8, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 113th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 17th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. W. PRYCE JONES-
 October 6, 1916 to October 8, 1916



114th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Brock's Rangers
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Haldimand County, and
 the Six Nations Indian Reserve
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Cayuga, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 9, 1915 to November 1, 1916
 ENGLAND--November 11, 1916 to November 11, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 114th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 35th and 36th Infantry Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. T. THOMPSON-
 October 31, 1916 to November 11, 1916

Hauling a gun into position on the Canadian Front. June, 1917.





115th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 115th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: New Brunswick
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: St. John, N.B.

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 10, 1915 to July 24, 1916
ENGLAND--July 31, 1916 to October 21, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 115th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 112th Infantry Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. V. WEDDERBURN-
July 23, 1916



116th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Ontario County Infantry Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Ontario County
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Uxbridge, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 7, 1915 to July 24, 1916
ENGLAND--July 31, 1916 to February 11, 1917
FRANCE--February 11, 1917 to February 12, 1919
CANADA--Returned aboard "BALTIC" on
March 12, 1919
Returned aboard "OLYMPIC" on
March 15, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel S. S. SHARPE-
July 23, 1916 to December 28, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel G. R. PEARKES, V.C., M.C.-
December 28, 1917 to September 17, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel D. CARMICHAEL, D.S.O., M.C.-
September 18, 1918 to November 25, 1918

Lt. Colonel G. R. PEARKES, V.C., D.S.O., M.C.-
November 25, 1918 to Demobilization

BATTLE HONOURS:
"Arras, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "HILL 70,"
"YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS,"
"Scarpe, 1918," "DROCOURT-QUEANT,"
"HINDENBURG LINE," "CANAL du NORD,"
"CAMBRAI, 1918," "Valenciennes," "FRANCE
and FLANDERS, 1917-18."



The gas helmet which our troops
were equipped with. March 1917.



117th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Eastern Townships
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Eastern Counties of Quebec
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Sherbrooke, P.Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--December 1, 1915 to August 14, 1916
ENGLAND--August 24, 1916 to January 8, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 117th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 23rd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel L. J. GILBERT -
August 14, 1916 to January 6, 1917



118th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: North Waterloo Overseas Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: North Riding of Waterloo County, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Kitchener, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 11, 1915 to January 26, 1917
ENGLAND--February 6, 1917 to February 6, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 118th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 25th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. M. O. LOCHEAD -
January 23, 1917 to



119th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Algoma Overseas Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Algoma, and Manitoulin
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 11, 1915 to August 9, 1916
ENGLAND--August 19, 1916 to April 16, 1918
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 119th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 8th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel T. P. T. ROWLAND -
August 8, 1916 to March 1, 1918



120th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 120th City of Hamilton
(13th Royal Regiment)
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Hamilton and district
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Hamilton, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 11, 1915 to August 14, 1916
ENGLAND--August 24, 1916 to January 20, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 120th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 2nd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel D. G. FEARMAN -
August 14, 1916 to January 22, 1917



121st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Western Irish
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: New Westminster, B.C.
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: New Westminster, B.C.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 18, 1915 to August 14, 1916
 ENGLAND--August 24, 1916 to January 10, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 121st Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 16th RESERVE Battalion.

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. W. McLELAN-
 August 14, 1916 to January 10, 1917



122nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 122nd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: District of Muskoka
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Huntsville, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 12, 1915 to June 2, 1917
 ENGLAND--June 9, 1917 to June 9, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 122nd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the Canadian Forestry Depot

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel D. M. GRANT-

Canadian machine gunners dig themselves in in shell holes. Vimy Ridge, 1917.





123rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Royal Grenadiers Overseas Battalion
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Evil to Him Who Evil Thinks
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 12, 1915 to August 9, 1916
 ENGLAND--August 19, 1916 to February 1, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as an Infantry Battalion

The 123rd Infantry Battalion subsequently became
 the 123rd Pioneer Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:
 (123rd Pioneer Battalion)

Lieutenant Colonel W. B. KINGSMILL--
 August 7, 1916 to May 24, 1918



124th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 124th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 (Governor General's Body Guard)
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 9, 1915 to August 9, 1916
 ENGLAND--August 19, 1916 to February 1, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as an Infantry Battalion

The 124th Infantry Battalion subsequently became
 the 124th Pioneer Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:
 (124th Pioneer Battalion)

Lieutenant Colonel W. C. V. CHADWICK--
 August 7, 1916 to October 18, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel J. T. C. THOMPSON--
 October 18, 1917 to May 26, 1918

Bringing in German Officers. Vimy Ridge. April 1917.





125th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 125th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: County of Brant
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Brantford, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 12, 1915 to August 9, 1916
ENGLAND--August 18, 1916 to April 16, 1918
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 125th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 8th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel M. E. B. CUTCLIFFE
August 6, 1916 to April 16, 1918



126th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 126th (Peel) Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: County of Peel
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 12, 1915 to August 14, 1916
ENGLAND--August 24, 1916 to October 13, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 126th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 109th and 116th Infantry Battalions, and
the 8th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. J. HAMILTON
August 14, 1916 to

Canadians with their mascots behind the line. May, 1917.





127th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 127th (12th York Rangers) Battalion
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Swift and Daring
 AUTHORITY: CO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: County of York, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 12, 1915 to August 24, 1916
 ENGLAND--August 29, 1916 to January 12, 1917
 FRANCE--January 13, 1917 to February 5, 1917

The 127th Infantry Battalion saw further service in France as the 2nd Battalion, Canadian Railway Troops. The change came on November 8, 1916.

OFFICER COMMANDING:
 (2nd Battalion, C.R.T.)

Lieutenant Colonel F. F. CLARKE, D.S.O., -
 August 23, 1916 to Demobilization



128th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 128th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
 AUTHORITY: CO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Moosejaw and district
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Moosejaw, Saskatchewan

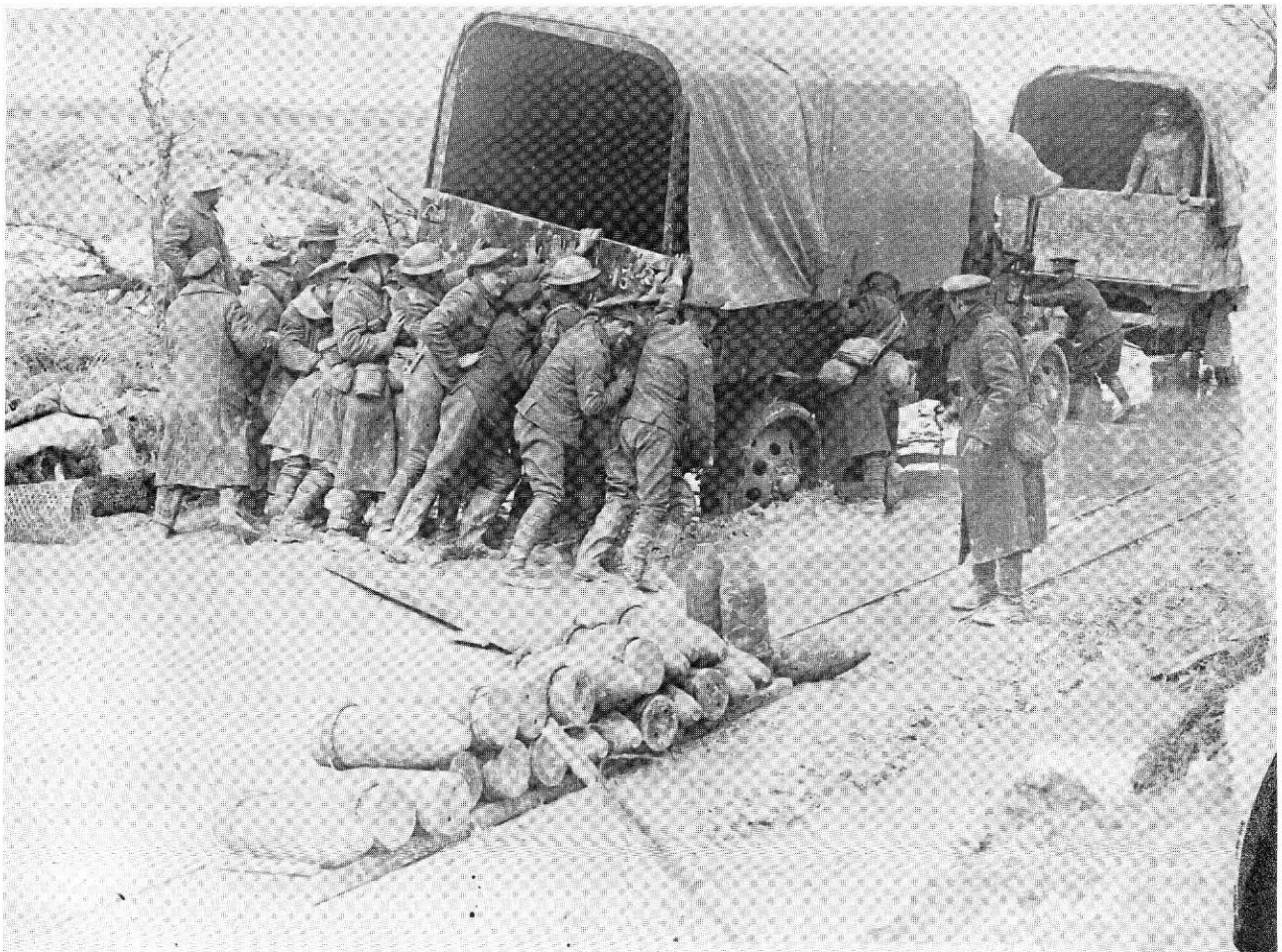
SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 19, 1915 to August 15, 1916
 ENGLAND--August 24, 1916 to August 24, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 128th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 15th and 19th RESERVE Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. PAWLETT -
 August 15, 1916 to May 27, 1917

Canadians giving a lorry a helping hand on a shell battered road on Vimy Ridge.





129th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 129th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: County of Wentworth
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Dundas, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 13, 1915 to August 24, 1916
ENGLAND--August 29, 1916 to October 18, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 129th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 123rd and 124th Infantry Battalions, and the 12th RESERVE Battalion.

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. E. S. KNOWLES-
August 23, 1916 to December 24, 1916



130th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 130th (Lanark and Renfrew) Battalion
C. E. F. TO FRANCE
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Counties of Lanark,
and Renfrew
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Perth, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 14, 1915 to September 27, 1916
ENGLAND--October 6, 1916 to October 6, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 130th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 13th RESERVE Battalion.

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. E. de HERIEL-
October 7, 1916 to October 6, 1916



131st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 131st Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: New Westminster, B. C.
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: New Westminster, B. C.

SERVICE:
CANADA--December 6, 1915 to November 1, 1916
ENGLAND--November 11, 1916 to November 14, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 131st Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 30th Infantry Battalion.

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. D. TAYLOR-
October 31, 1916 to January 5, 1917



132nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 132nd (North Shore) Overseas Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Counties of North Shore,
and Northumberland; New Brunswick
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Chatham, New Brunswick

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 13, 1915 to October 26, 1916
ENGLAND--November 5, 1916 to January 28, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 132nd Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 13th RESERVE Battalion.

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. W. MERSEREAU-
October 26, 1916 to January 20, 1917



133rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 133rd Battalion (Norfolk's Own)
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Norfolk County
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Simcoe, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 13, 1915 to November 1, 1916
 ENGLAND--November 11, 1916 to November 11, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 133rd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 23rd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. C. PRATT -
 October 30, 1916 to November 11, 1916



134th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 134th Battalion (48th Highlanders)
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Faithful Forever
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--December 4, 1915 to August 9, 1916
 ENGLAND--August 19, 1916 to March 7, 1918
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 134th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 12th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. A. MILLER -
 August 8, 1916 to February 28, 1916

28th Infantry Battalion establishes a Signalling H. Q. and gets
 into communication with aircraft. Vimy, 1917.





135th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 135th Middlesex Battalion
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: County of Middlesex
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: London, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 20, 1915 to August 24, 1916
 ENGLAND--August 29, 1916 to October 15, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 135th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 116th, 125th, and 134th Infantry Battalions, and the 8th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel B. ROBSON -
 August 23, 1916 to December 24, 1916



136th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 136th Durham Overseas Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Always Prepared
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Counties of Durham, Ontario; and Pontiac, Quebec
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Kingston, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 15, 1915 to September 27, 1916
 ENGLAND--October 6, 1916 to October 6, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 136th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 39th Infantry Battalion, and the 6th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. W. SMART -
 October 6, 1916 to October 6, 1916

Canadian and British soldiers wearing hip waders share free coffee supplied by the Y. M. C. A. March, 1917.





137th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 137th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Calgary, Alberta
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Calgary, Alberta

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 15, 1915 to August 24, 1916
ENGLAND--August 29, 1916 to January 10, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 137th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 21st RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. W. MORFITT-
August 23, 1916 to January 10, 1917



138th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 138th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Edmonton, Alberta
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Edmonton, Alberta

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 22, 1915 to August 24, 1916
ENGLAND--August 29, 1916 to December 8, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 138th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 47th, 50th, 128th, 137th, and 175th
Infantry Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. BELCHER-
August 23, 1916 to



139th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 139th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Higher
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Northumberland County
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Cobourg, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 19, 1915 to September 27, 1916
ENGLAND--October 6, 1916 to October 6, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 139th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 3rd and 36th RESERVE Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. H. FLOYD-
October 6, 1916 to October 6, 1916



140th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 140th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
NICKNAME: St. John's Tigers
MOTTO TRANSLATION: For the Empire
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: New Brunswick
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: St. John, N.B.

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 23, 1915 to September 27, 1916
ENGLAND--October 6, 1916 to November 2, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 140th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 13th RESERVE Battalion and the
R.C.R. and P.P.C.L.I. Depots

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel L. H. BEER-
October 6, 1916 to November 2, 1916



141st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 141st Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Rainy River District
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Fort Frances, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--December 15, 1915 to April 29, 1917
ENGLAND--May 7, 1917 to May 7, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 141st Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 18th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel D. C. McKENZIE-
April 29, 1917 to



142nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: London's Own
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: London, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: London, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 23, 1915 to November 1, 1916
ENGLAND--November 11, 1916 to November 11, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 142nd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 23rd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel C. M. R. GRAHAM-
November 11, 1916 to November 11, 1916



143rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 143rd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Many in Few
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: British Columbia
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Victoria, B. C.

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 29, 1915 to February 17, 1917
ENGLAND--February 27, 1917 to March 15, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 143rd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 1st and 24th RESERVE Battalions, and
the Canadian Railway Troops

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. B. POWLEY-
February 17, 1917 to



144th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Winnipeg Rifles
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Named by the Enemy
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Winnipeg, Manitoba
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 2, 1915 to September 19, 1916
ENGLAND--September 25, 1916 to January 12, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 144th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 18th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. W. MORLEY-
September 18, 1916 to January 12, 1917



145th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 145th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Counties of Kent and
Westmoreland, New Brunswick
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Moncton, New Brunswick

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 24, 1915 to September 27, 1916
ENGLAND--October 6, 1916 to October 6, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 145th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 9th RESERVE Battalion.

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. E. FORBES -
October 1, 1916 to October 26, 1916



146th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 146th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Bold in Hard Work
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Kingston and district
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Kingston, Ontario

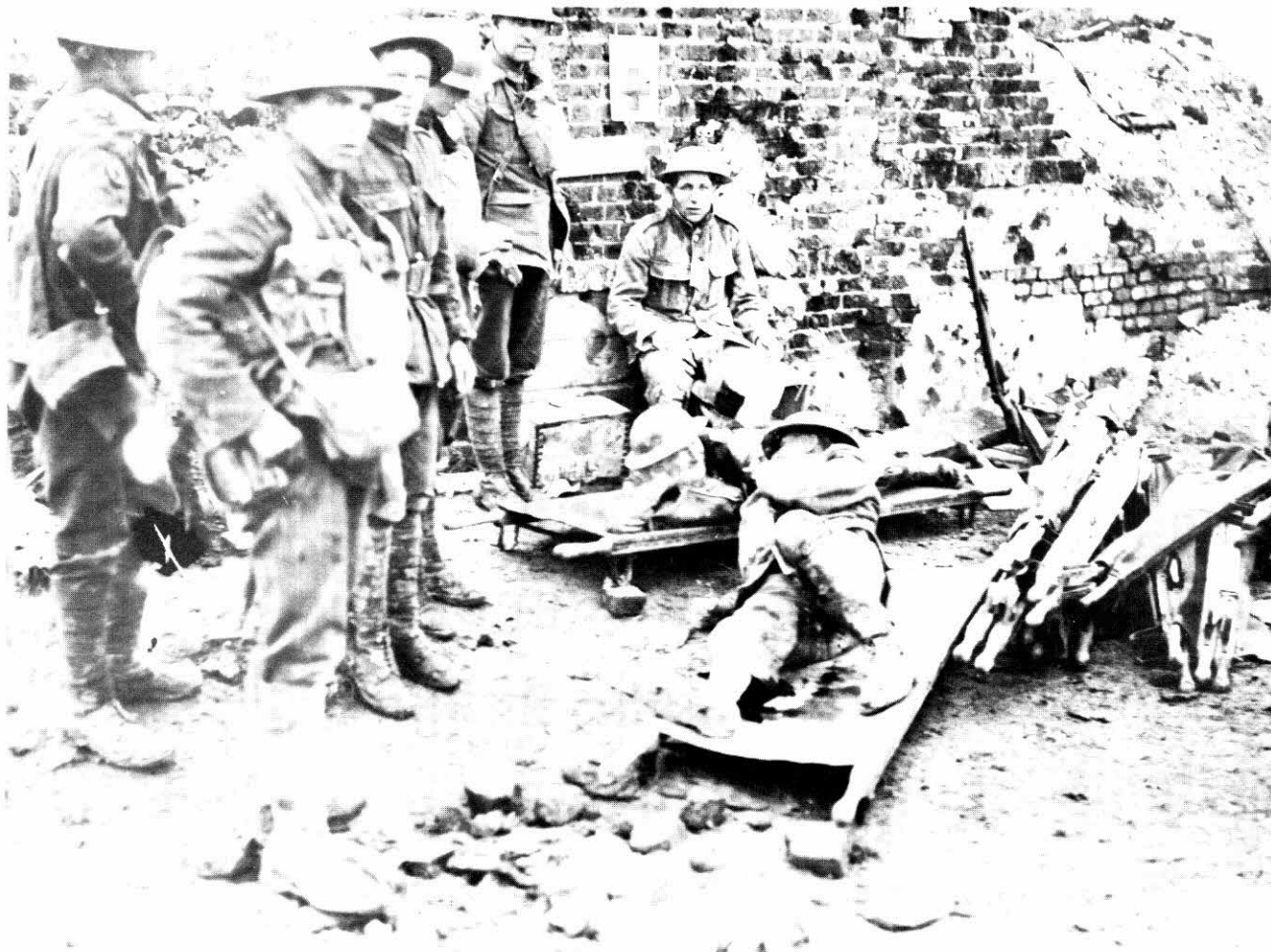
SERVICE:
CANADA--November 26, 1915 to September 27, 1916
ENGLAND--October 6, 1916 to October 6, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 146th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 95th Infantry Battalion, and the
12th RESERVE Battalion.

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel C. A. LOW -
September 25, 1916 to October 6, 1916

Wounded Canadians resting after Hill 70,
August, 1917.





147th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 147th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: County of Grey, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Owen Sound, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 26, 1915 to November 14, 1916
ENGLAND--November 20, 1916 to January 1, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 147th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 8th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. F. McFARLAND--
November 13, 1916 to January 1, 1917



148th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 148th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Effort Increases Achievement
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Montreal and district
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Montreal, P. Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 26, 1915 to September 27, 1916
ENGLAND--October 6, 1916 to January 8, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 148th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 26th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. A. MAGEE--
October 6, 1916 to January 8, 1917



149th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 149th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: County of Lambton, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Watford, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 26, 1915 to March 28, 1917
ENGLAND--April 7, 1917 to April 8, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 149th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 4th and 25th RESERVE Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. W. MacVICAR--
March 28, 1917 to



150th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 150th Carbiniers Mont Royal
MOTTO TRANSLATION: From Overseas
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Montreal and district
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Montreal, P. Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 26, 1915 to September 27, 1916
ENGLAND--October 6, 1916 to February 15, 1918
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 150th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 14th, 22nd, 24th and 87th Infantry Battalions, and the 5th C. M. R.

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. BARRE--
October 6, 1916 to February 28, 1918



151st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 151st Central Alberta Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Strathcona, Battle River,
and Red Deer
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Camp Sarcee (near Calgary)

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 26, 1915 to October 4, 1916
ENGLAND--October 13, 1916 to October 13, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 151st Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 9th, 11th, and 21st RESERVE Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. W. ARNOTT -
October 3, 1916 to October 26, 1916



152nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 152nd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Weyburn and Estevan
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Weyburn, Saskatchewan

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 27, 1915 to October 4, 1916
ENGLAND--October 13, 1916 to October 21, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 152nd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 15th and 32nd RESERVE Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel S. B. NELLES -
October 3, 1916 to October 21, 1916

Trenches on Vimy Ridge as seen from a Kite Balloon. Taken November, 1917.





153rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 153rd Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Fortune comes to the Brave
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: County of Wellington, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Guelph, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 27, 1915 to April 29, 1917
 ENGLAND--May 7, 1917 to May 7, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 153rd Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 4th and 25th RESERVE Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. T. PRITCHARD-
 May 29, 1917 to



154th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 154th Overseas Highland Battalion
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Counties of Stormont, Dundas, and Glengarry
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Cornwall, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--December 1, 1915 to October 25, 1916
 ENGLAND--October 31, 1916 to January 31, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 154th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 6th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. G. F. MacDONALD-
 October 25, 1916 to January 4, 1917



155th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 155th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Counties of Hastings and Prince Edward
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Barriefield, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 29, 1915 to October 18, 1916
 ENGLAND--October 28, 1916 to December 8, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 155th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 154th Infantry Battalion. Some men were absorbed into the 6th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel M. K. ADAMS-
 October 17, 1916 to January 17, 1917



156th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 156th Leeds and Grenville Battalion
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Counties of Leeds and Grenville
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Brockville, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--November 30, 1915 to October 18, 1916
 ENGLAND--October 28, 1916 to February 15, 1918
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 156th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 2nd, 21st, 38th Infantry Battalions. A draft went to the P. P. C. L. I., and the remainder went to the 6th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel T. C. D. BEDELL-
 October 17, 1916 to March 14, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel C. M. R. GRAHAM-
 March 14, 1917 to February 27, 1918



157th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 157th Simcoe Foresters Overseas Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: County of Simcoe, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Barrie, Ontario

SERVICE:

CANADA--November 30, 1915 to October 18, 1916
ENGLAND--October 28, 1916 to December 8, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 157th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 1st, 19th, 116th and 125th Infantry Battalions, and the 8th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel D. H. MacLAREN -
October 17, 1916 to December 24, 1916



158th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 158th (Duke of Connaughts Own) Infantry Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Vancouver, British Columbia
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Vancouver, British Columbia

SERVICE:

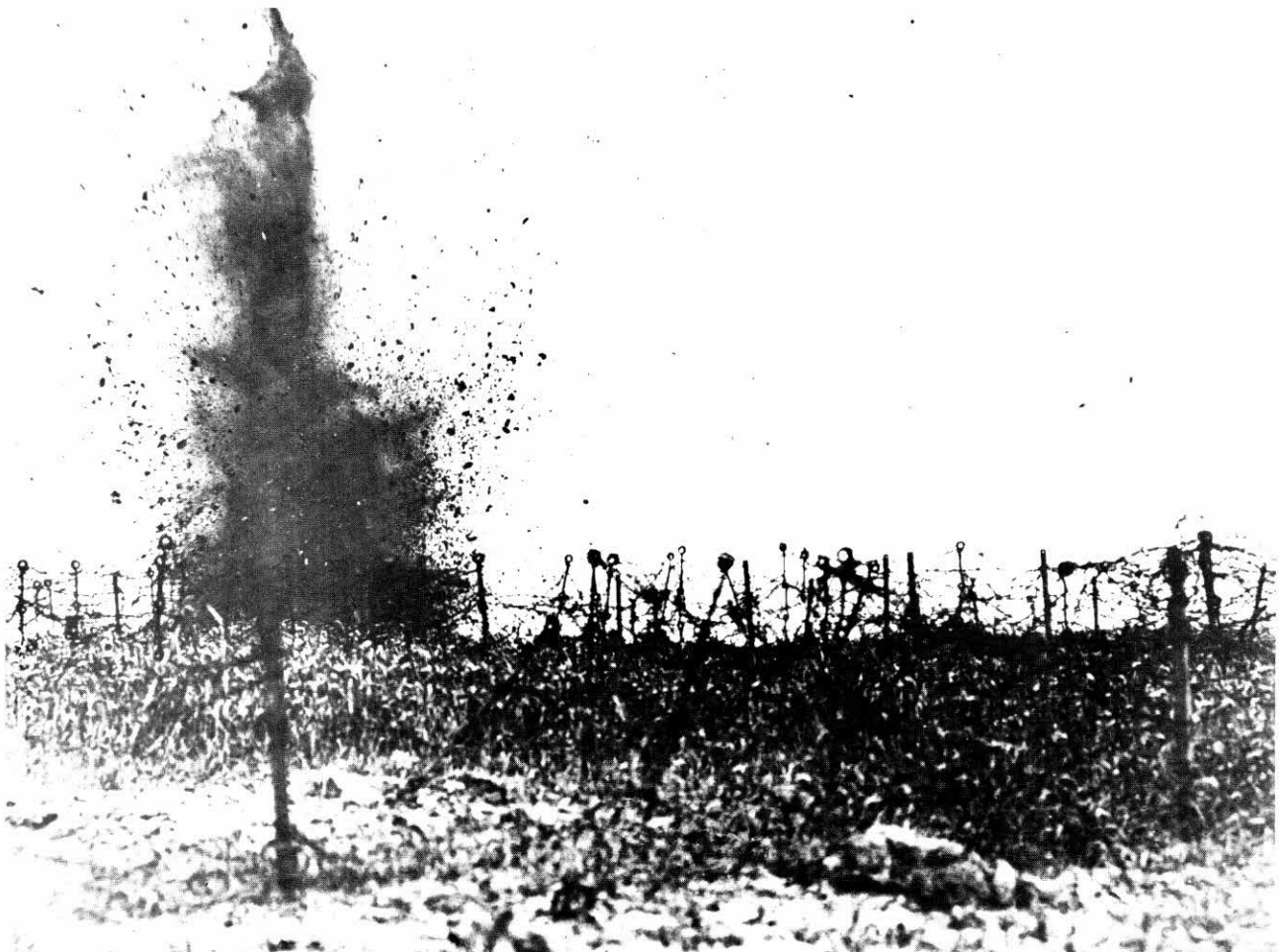
CANADA--November 30, 1915 to November 14, 1916
ENGLAND--November 20, 1916 to January 6, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 158th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 1st RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel C. MILNE -
November 13, 1916 to January 7, 1917

Smashing barbed wire with trench mortar shells. May, 1917.





159th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 159th (1st Algonquin) Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Districts of Nipissing and Sudbury
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Haileybury, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--December 1, 1915 to November 1, 1916
ENGLAND--November 11, 1916 to January 20, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 159th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 8th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel E. F. ARMSTRONG-
October 31, 1916 to January 7, 1917



160th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 160th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: County of Bruce, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Walkerton, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--December 2, 1915 to October 18, 1916
ENGLAND--October 28, 1916 to February 15, 1918
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 160th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 4th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. WEIR-
October 17, 1916 to May 6, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel D. M. SUTHERLAND-
May 6, 1917 to December 1, 1917

Major A. M. MOFFATT-
December 1, 1917 to February 23, 1918



161st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 161st Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: County of Huron, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: London, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--December 2, 1915 to November 1, 1916
ENGLAND--November 11, 1916 to February 15, 1918
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 161st Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 4th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. B. COMBE-
October 30, 1916 to May 16, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel R. MURDIE, D.S.O. -
June 28, 1917 to February 23, 1918



162nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 162nd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Parry Sound, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Parry Sound, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--December 2, 1915 to November 1, 1916
ENGLAND--November 11, 1916 to January 4, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 162nd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 3rd and 4th RESERVE Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. M. ARTHURS-
October 31, 1916 to January 4, 1917



163rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 163rd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Meddle and Smart for It
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Quebec
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Montreal, P. Q.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--December 10, 1915 to May 24, 1916
 BERMUDA--May 26, 1916 to November 27, 1916
 ENGLAND--December 6, 1916 to January 8, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 163rd Infantry Battalion served on the island of Bermuda on Garrison Duty. The Unit was eventually absorbed into the 10th RESERVE Battalion.

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. DesROSIERS-
 November 27, 1916 to January 2, 1917



164th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 164th (Halton and Dufferin) Battalion
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Counties of Halton and Dufferin
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Orangeville, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--December 10, 1915 to April 11, 1917
 ENGLAND--April 22, 1917 to April 16, 1918
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 164th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 8th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel P. DOMVILLE-
 April 22, 1917 to June 19, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel B. M. GREEN-
 June 19, 1917 to April 16, 1918



165th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 165th French Acadian Battalion
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Hail Star of the Sea; from Overseas
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Maritime Provinces
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Moncton, N. B.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--December 13, 1915 to March 28, 1917
 ENGLAND--April 7, 1917 to April 7, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 165th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 13th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel L. C. D'AIGLE-
 March 28, 1917 to



166th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Queen's Own Rifles of Canada
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--January 3, 1916 to October 13/18, 1916
 ENGLAND--October 19/28, 1916 to January 8, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 166th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 12th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. G. MITCHELL-
 October 12, 1916 to January 4, 1917



167th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 167th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Duty Always
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

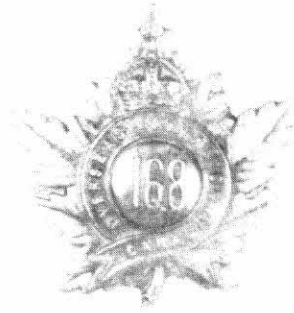
RECRUITING AREA: Province of Quebec
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Quebec City

SERVICE:
 CANADA--December 17, 1915 to January 15, 1917
 ENGLAND--No service as a Unit
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 167th Infantry Battalion subsequently became
 the Quebec Recruiting Depot

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel O. READMAN-



168th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 168th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 151 of 22 December 1915

RECRUITING AREA: County of Oxford, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Woodstock, Ontario

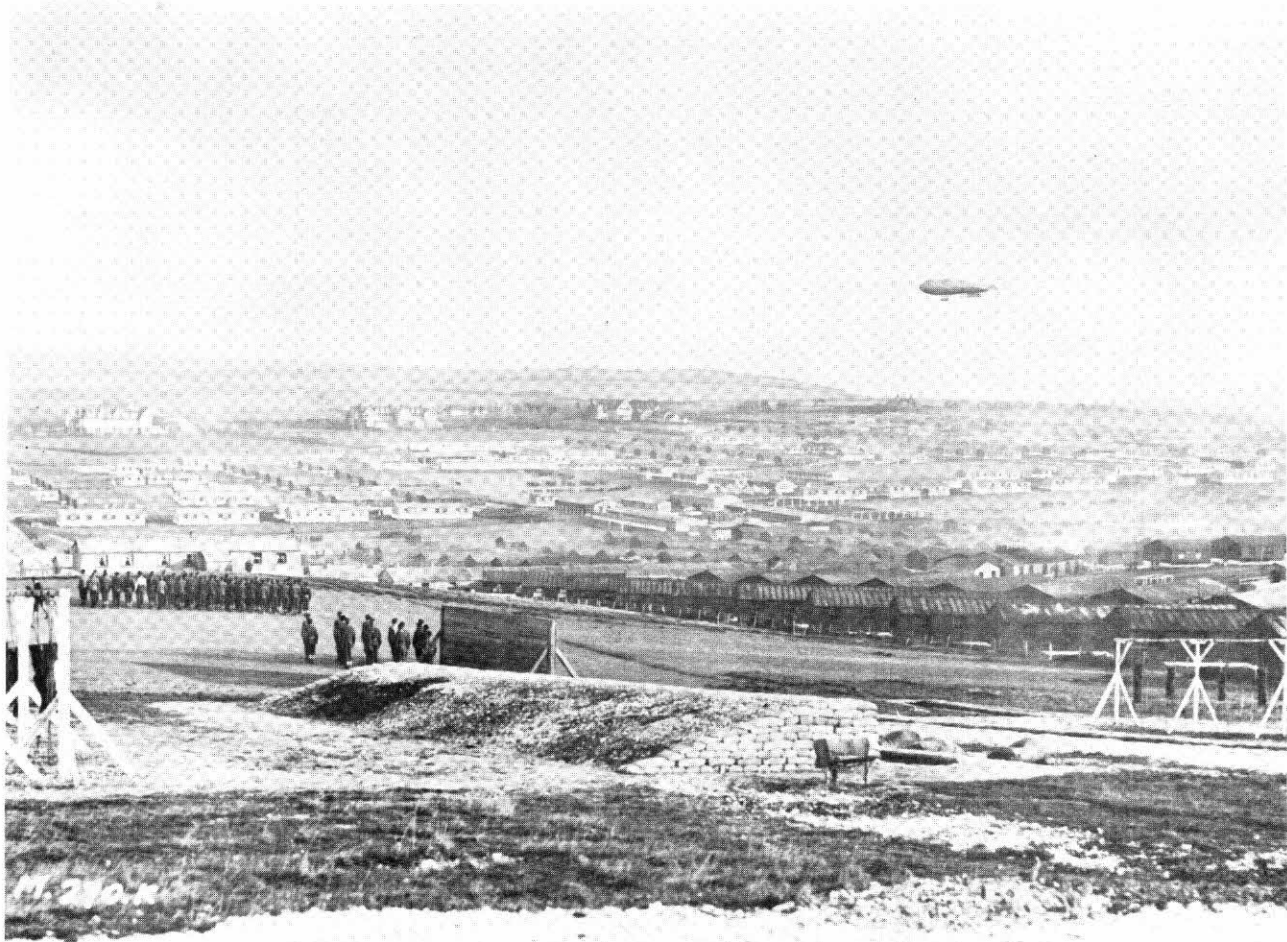
SERVICE:
 CANADA--December 21, 1915 to November 1, 1916
 ENGLAND--November 11, 1916 to January 4, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 168th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 4th and 6th RESERVE Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. K. McMULLEN-
 October 30, 1916 to January 4, 1917

Seaford Camp, October, 1917. A general view of South Camp Seaford.





169th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 169th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: King Calls
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--December 22, 1915 to October 26, 1916
 ENGLAND--November 5, 1916 to January 24, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 169th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 5th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. C. WRIGHT-
 October 17, 1916 to January 7, 1917



170th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 170th Mississauga Overseas Battalion
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: With Many Horses
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--December 23, 1915 to October 25, 1916
 ENGLAND--October 31, 1916 to December 8, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 170th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 by the 169th Infantry Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel Le GRAND REED-
 October 25, 1916 to January 1, 1917



171st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: The Quebec Rifles
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Quebec
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Quebec City

SERVICE:
 CANADA--December 21, 1915 to November 24, 1916
 ENGLAND--November 30, 1916 to December 9, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 171st Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 by the 148th Infantry Battalion, the 5th Pioneers,
 and the 20th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel, Sir Wm. PRICE-
 November 23, 1916 to January 7, 1917



172nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Rocky Mountain Rangers (172nd Battalion, C. E. F.)
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Kamloops and district
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Kamloops, British Columbia

SERVICE:
 CANADA--January 6, 1916 to October 25, 1916
 ENGLAND--October 31, 1916 to January 1, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 172nd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 24th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. R. VICARS-
 October 25, 1916 to January 1, 1917



173rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 173rd Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Scotland Forever
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Hamilton, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Hamilton, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--January 6, 1916 to November 14, 1916
 ENGLAND--November 20, 1916 to January 4, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 173rd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 2nd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. H. BRUCE-
 November 13, 1916 to January 4, 1917

Taken on Christmas Day, 1917, at Dutchess of
 Connaught Red Cross Hospital, Taplow.



174th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Cameron Highlanders of Canada
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Ready
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Manitoba, Northern
 Saskatchewan, and Alberta
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
 CANADA--January 14, 1916 to April 29, 1917
 ENGLAND--May 7, 1917 to May 7, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 174th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 11th and 14th RESERVE Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. F. OSLER-
 April 29, 1917 to





175th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 175th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

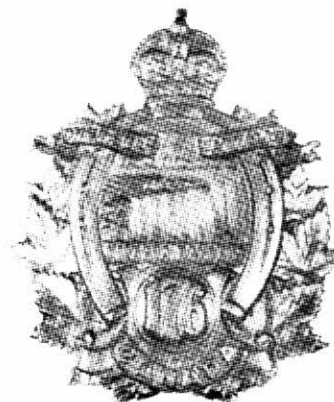
RECRUITING AREA: Medicine Hat and district
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Medicine Hat, Alberta

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 10, 1916 to October 4, 1916
ENGLAND--October 13, 1916 to January 10, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 175th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 21st RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel N. SPENCER-
October 4, 1916 to



176th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 176th (Niagara Rangers) Overseas Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Counties of Lincoln and Welland
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: St. Catharines, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 10, 1916 to April 29, 1917
ENGLAND--May 7, 1917 to May 7, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 176th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 12th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel D. SHARPE-
April 29, 1917 to



177th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 177th (Simcoe Foresters) Battalion, C.E.F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: County of Simcoe, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Barrie, Ontario; and
Camp Borden, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 10, 1916 to May 3, 1917
ENGLAND--May 14, 1917 to May 14, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 177th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 3rd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. B. McPHEE-



178th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: French Canadian Battalion
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Where there is a Will,
there is a Way; from Overseas
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: M. D. s 4 and 5; and
Eastern Ontario
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Victoriaville, P.Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 12, 1916 to March 4, 1917
ENGLAND--March 15, 1917 to March 15, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 178th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 10th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel L. de la B. GIROUARD-



179th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Cameron Highlanders of Canada
 AUTHORITY: G.O. 69 of 15 July 1916

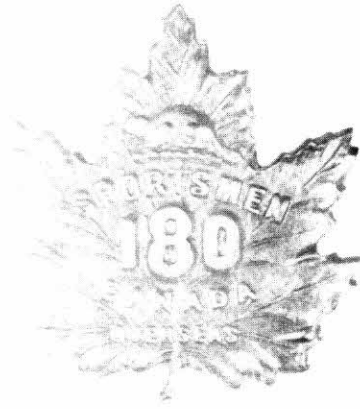
RECRUITING AREA: Winnipeg, Manitoba
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
 CANADA--January 12, 1916 to October 4, 1916
 ENGLAND--October 13, 1916 to October 21, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 179th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 17th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. Y. REID-
 October 3, 1916 to January 4, 1917



180th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 5th-88men Battalion
 AUTHORITY: G.O. 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--January 13, 1916 to November 14, 1916
 ENGLAND--November 20, 1916 to January 6, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

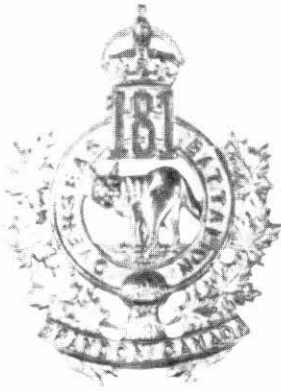
The 180th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 3rd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. H. GREER-
 November 13, 1916 to January 6, 1917

Yvonne, the railway crossing gate keeper just behind the lines. June, 1917.





181st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 181st Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Brandon and district
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Brandon, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 14, 1916 to April 18, 1917
ENGLAND--April 29, 1917 to April 29, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 181st Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 18th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel D. W. BEAUBIER -
April 18, 1917 to



182nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Ontario County Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: County of Ontario
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Whitby, Ontario

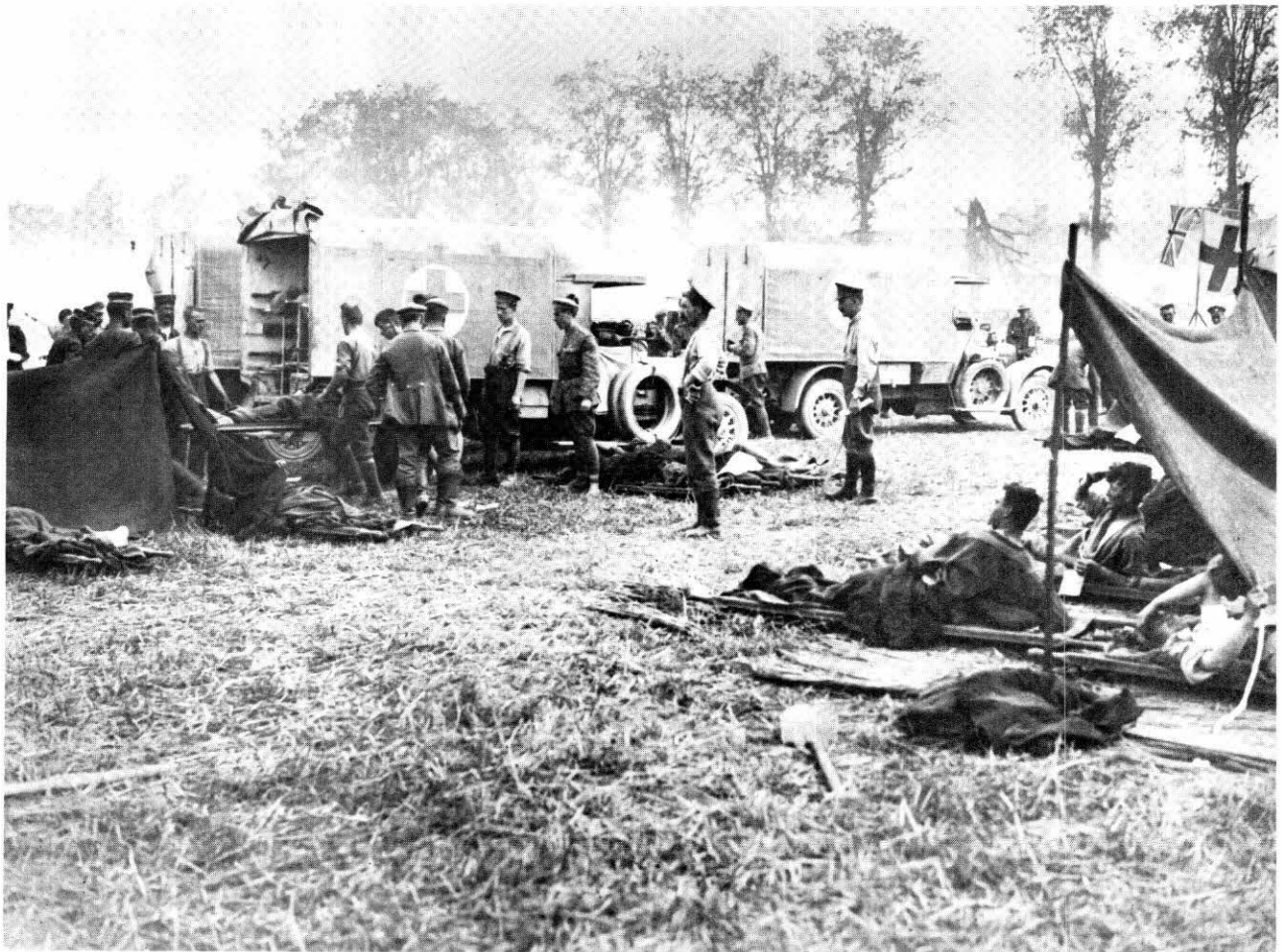
SERVICE:
CANADA--January 14, 1916 to May 3, 1917
ENGLAND--May 14, 1917 to May 14, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 182nd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 18th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. A. COCKBURN -

A Canadian Field Ambulance in the forward area during the advance,
Battle of Amiens. August, 1918





183rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Manitoba Beavers
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916.

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Manitoba
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 15, 1916 to October 4, 1916
ENGLAND--October 13, 1916 to November 1, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 183rd Infantry Battalion reinforced the 100th, 107th, 108th, and 144th Infantry Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. T. EDGECOMBE-
October 3, 1916 to



184th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 184th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916.

RECRUITING AREA: Winnipeg and Southern
Manitoba
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 17, 1916 to November 1, 1916
ENGLAND--November 11, 1916 to November 11, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 184th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 11th RESERVE Battalion.

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. H. SHARPE-
October 31, 1916 to November 12, 1916



185th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Cape Breton Highlanders
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Breed of Manly Men
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Cape Breton, Nova Scotia
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Broughton, Cape Breton

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 21, 1916 to October 13, 1916
ENGLAND--October 19, 1916 to February 15, 1918
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 185th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 17th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. P. DAY-
October 12, 1916 to February 23, 1918



186th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 186th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
MOTTO TRANSLATION: To the Very Altars
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Kent County, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Chatham, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 20, 1916 to March 28, 1917
ENGLAND--April 7, 1917 to April 7, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 186th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 4th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel SMITH NEIL-
March 28, 1917 to



187th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Central Alberta Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Red Deer and district
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Red Deer, Alberta

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 22, 1916 to December 20, 1916
ENGLAND--December 26, 1916 to February 20, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 187th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 21st RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel C. W. ROBINSON-
December 16, 1916 to January 22, 1917



188th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 188th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Northern Saskatchewan
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Prince Albert, Sask.

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 24, 1916 to October 13, 1916
ENGLAND--October 19, 1916 to January 4, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 188th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 15th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel P. S. J. DONALDSON-
October 12, 1916 to January 4, 1917

5th C.M.R. returning on a tank. Battle of Amiens. August 1918.





189th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 189th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: I Am On Guard
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Eastern Quebec
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Fraserville P. Q.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--January 10, 1916 to September 27, 1916
 ENGLAND--October 6, 1916 to October 6, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 189th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 69th Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel P. A. PUIZE-
 October 6, 1916 to October 6, 1916



190th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Winnipeg Rifles
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Named by the Enemy
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Winnipeg and district
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
 CANADA--January 21, 1916 to May 3, 1917
 ENGLAND--May 14, 1917 to May 14, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 190th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 18th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. K. WATSON-



191st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: South Alberta Battalion
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: McLeod and district
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: McLeod, Alberta

SERVICE:
 CANADA--January 25, 1916 to March 28, 1917
 ENGLAND--April 7, 1917 to June 9, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 191st Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 21st RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. G. BRYAN-



192nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 192nd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Blairmore and district
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Blairmore, Alberta

SERVICE:
 CANADA--January 25, 1916 to November 1, 1916
 ENGLAND--November 11, 1916 to November 11, 1916
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 192nd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 9th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. E. LYON-
 November 1, 1916 to November 11, 1916



193rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Nova Scotia Highlanders
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Breed of Man! Men
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Nova Scotia
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Truro, Nova Scotia

SERVICE:
 CANADA--January 27, 1916 to October 13, 1916
 ENGLAND--October 19, 1916 to January 20, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 193rd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 17th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. J. S. LANGFORD-
 October 12, 1916 to January 19, 1917



194th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Edmonton Highlanders
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Edmonton and district
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Edmonton, Alberta

SERVICE:
 CANADA--January 28, 1916 to November 14, 1916
 ENGLAND--November 20, 1916 to January 21, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 194th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 9th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. C. CRAIG-
 November 13, 1916 to

Tanks passing through a field. Battle of Amiens. August, 1918.





195th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 195th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Regina, Saskatchewan
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Regina

SERVICE:
CANADA--January 31, 1916 to November 1, 1916
ENGLAND--November 11, 1916 to November 11, 1916
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 195th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 32nd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. C. GARNER -
October 31, 1916 to December 22, 1916



196th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Western Universities C. E. F. Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Universities throughout
Western Canada
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 1, 1916 to November 1, 1916
ENGLAND--November 11, 1916 to January 2, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 196th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 19th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel D. S. MacKAY -
November 11, 1916 to December 31, 1916



197th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 197th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
(Scandinavian Overseas Battalion)
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Western Canada
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 1, 1916 to January 26, 1917
ENGLAND--February 6, 1917 to February 6, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 197th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 11th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. G. FONSECA -



198th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 198th (Canadian Buffs) Infantry Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 2, 1916 to March 28, 1917
ENGLAND--April 7, 1917 to March 9, 1918
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 198th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 3rd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. A. COOPER -
March 28, 1917 to February 28, 1918



199th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Dutchess of Connaught's Own Irish Rangers
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Who Shall Separate Us
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Montreal, P.Q.
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Montreal, P.Q.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 2, 1916 to December 20, 1916
 ENGLAND--December 26, 1916 to May 11, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 199th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 23rd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. J. TRIHEY -
 December 26, 1916 to January 10, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel J. V. O'DONAHOE -
 January 10, 1917 to April 11, 1917



200th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 200th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Winnipeg, Manitoba
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 3, 1916 to May 3, 1917
 ENGLAND--May 14, 1917 to May 14, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 200th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 11th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. L. BONNYCASTLE -
 April 3, 1917 to



201st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 201st Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 4, 1916 to September, 1916
 ENGLAND--No service as a Unit
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 201st Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 170th and 198th Infantry Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel E. W. HAGARTY -



202nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 202nd Sportsmen Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: CO 69 of 15 July 1916

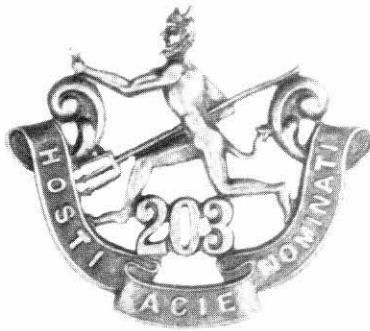
RECRUITING AREA: Edmonton and district
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Edmonton, Alberta

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 4, 1916 to November 24, 1916
 ENGLAND--November 30, 1916 to May 28, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 202nd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 9th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel P. E. BOWEN -
 November 23, 1916 to April 27, 1917



203rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Winnipeg Rifles
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Named by the Enemy
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Winnipeg, Manitoba
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 5, 1916 to October 28, 1916
 ENGLAND--November 5, 1916 to January 12, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 203rd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 18th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. E. HANSFORD-
 October 26, 1916 to January 12, 1917



204th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Toronto Beavers
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Toronto and district
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

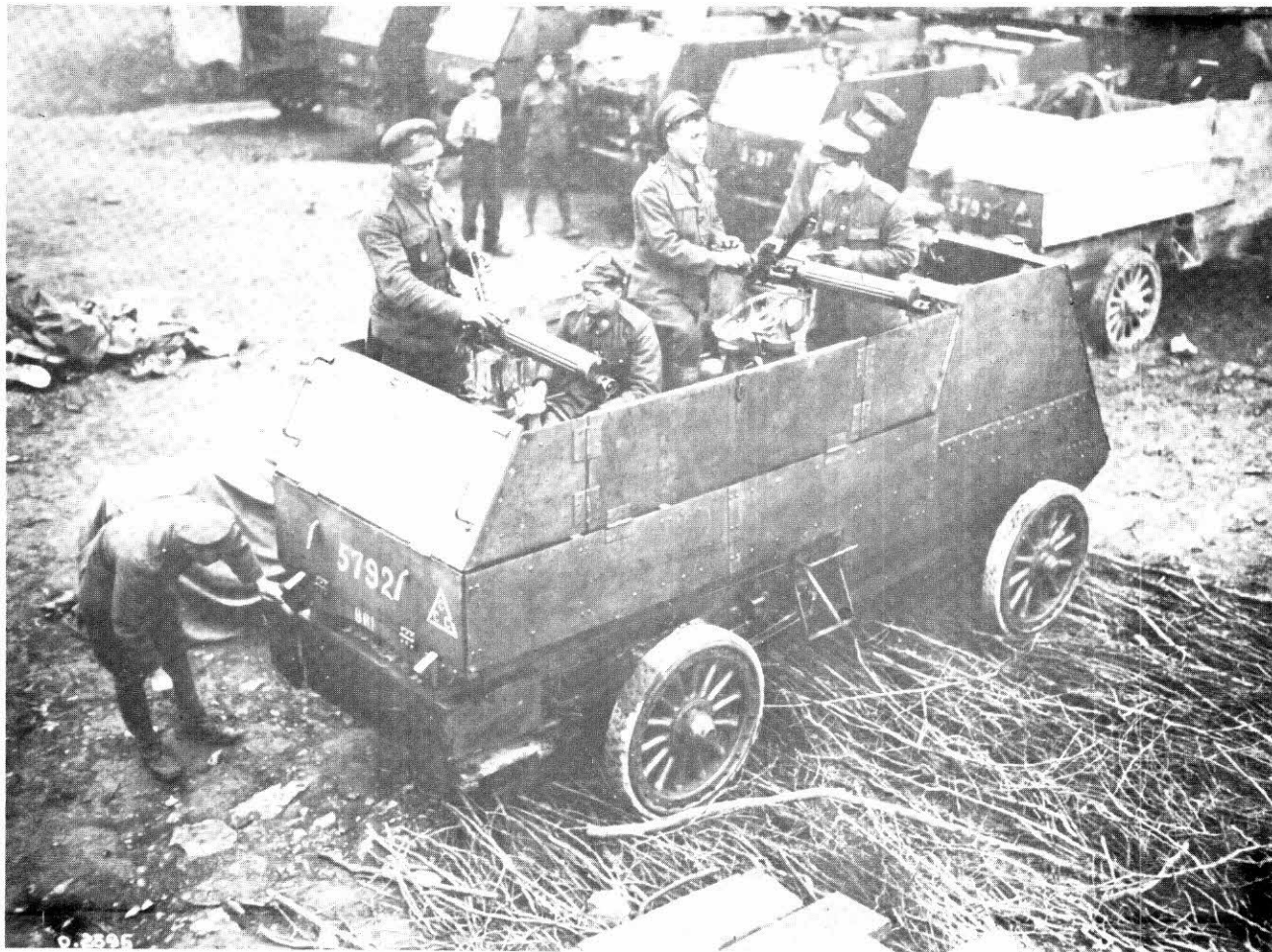
SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 7, 1916 to March 28, 1917
 ENGLAND--April 7, 1917 to May 4, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 204th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 2nd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. H. PRICE-
 March 28, 1917 to

Canadian armoured car carrying machine guns. April, 1918.





205th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 205th (Tiger) Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Hamilton and district
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Hamilton, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 7, 1916 to October 10, 1917
ENGLAND--No service as a Unit
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 205th Infantry Battalion was re-designated
Machine Gun Corps -- M.D. 2

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. R. MOODIE-



206th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 206th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Good Heart and a
Strong Arm from Overseas
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Counties of Beauharnois,
La Prairie and Terrebonne
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Montreal, P.Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 7, 1916 to August 17, 1916
ENGLAND--No service as a Unit
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 206th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 157th Infantry Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel T. PAGNUELO-



207th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Carleton Overseas Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: County of Carleton
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Ottawa, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 8, 1916 to June 2, 1917
ENGLAND--June 9, 1917 to June 9, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 207th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 7th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel C. W. McLEAN-
June 2, 1917 to



208th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 208th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Toronto and district
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 9, 1916 to May 3, 1917
ENGLAND--May 14, 1917 to January 3, 1918
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 208th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 2nd and 8th RESERVE Battalions

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel T. H. LENNOX-
April 3, 1917 to June 20, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel W. P. MALONE-
June 20, 1917 to January 11, 1918



209th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 209th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Swift Current and district
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Swift Current, Saskatchewan

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 10, 1916 to November 3, 1916
ENGLAND--November 11, 1916 to January 4, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 209th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 9th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. O. SMYTH-
October 31, 1916 to December 5, 1916



210th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 210th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Moose Jaw and district
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 12, 1916 to April 11, 1917
ENGLAND--April 22, 1917 to April 22, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 210th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 19th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. E. SEABORN-
April 11, 1917 to

A Canadian giving his pet a much needed wash. February, 1918.





211th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 211th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Deeds, not Words
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Alberta and British Columbia
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Vancouver, B. C.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 15, 1916 to December 20, 1916
 ENGLAND--December 26, 1916 to March 16, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 211th Infantry Battalion was transferred to the Canadian Railway Troops

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. M. SAGE-



212th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 212th Infantry Battalion
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Deeds, not Words
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Manitoba
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 15, 1916 to September 12, 1916
 ENGLAND--No service as a Unit
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 212th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 97th Infantry Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel E. C. PITMAN-



213th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 213th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Deeds, not Words
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: M. D. s 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 15, 1916 to January 21, 1917
 ENGLAND--No service as a Unit
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 213th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 4th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel B. J. McCORMICK-



214th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 214th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Districts of Mackenzie, and Humboldt
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Wadena, Saskatchewan

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 16, 1916 to April 18, 1917
 ENGLAND--April 29, 1917 to April 29, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 214th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 15th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. H. HEARN-
 April 18, 1917 to



215th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 215th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: With Mind and Patience
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Counties of Brant, Norfolk,
 and Haldimand
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Brantford, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 17, 1916 to April 29, 1917
 ENGLAND--May 7, 1917 to May 7, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 215th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 2nd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. E. SNIDER -
 April 29, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel H. COCKSHUTT -
 (listed on Recruiting Posters)



216th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 216th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: M. D. 2
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 17, 1916 to April 18, 1917
 ENGLAND--April 29, 1917 to April 29, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 216th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 3rd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. L. BURTON -
 April 18, 1917 to

Canadians observing movements of Germans near Cambrai.





217th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 217th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Saskatchewan
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Moosomin, Sask.

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 19, 1916 to June 2, 1917
ENGLAND--June 9, 1917 to June 9, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 217th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 19th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. B. GILLIS-
June 2, 1917 to



218th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 218th (Railway Construction Battalion)
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Edmonton, Alberta
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Edmonton, Alberta

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 23, 1916 to February 17, 1917
ENGLAND--February 27, 1917 to February 27, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 218th Infantry Battalion was transferred to the
Canadian Railway Troops

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. K. CORNWALL-
February 17, 1917 to February 27, 1917

Changing the guard in a post somewhere on the Canadian Front Line.
Note the use of a trench mat for a floor and roof. February, 1918.





219th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 219th Overseas Highland Battalion
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Breed of Manly Men
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Nova Scotia
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Aldershot, N.S.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 22, 1916 to October 13, 1916
 ENGLAND--October 19, 1916 to January 23, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 219th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 17th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. H. MUIRHEAD-
 October 12, 1916 to January 23, 1917



220th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 220th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Swift and Daring
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: County of York
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 22, 1916 to April 29, 1917
 ENGLAND--May 7, 1917 to May 18, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 220th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 3rd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel B. H. BROWN-
 January 26, 1917 to



221st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 221st Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Winnipeg, Manitoba
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 24, 1916 to April 18, 1917
 ENGLAND--April 29, 1917 to April 29, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 221st Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 11th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel V. A. V. McMEANS-
 April 18, 1917 to



222nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 222nd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Second to None
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Manitoba
 MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
 CANADA--February 24, 1916 to November 14, 1916
 ENGLAND--November 20, 1916 to January 2, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 222nd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 19th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. LIGHTFOOT-
 November 13, 1916 to December 31, 1916



223rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 223rd Scandinavian Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: M. D. s 10, 11, 12, 13
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 25, 1916 to May 3, 1917
ENGLAND--May 14, 1917 to May 14, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 223rd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 11th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Major H. M. HANNESSON-
May 3, 1917 to



224th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 224th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY:

RECRUITING AREA: Ottawa and district
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Ottawa, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--Sailed for England on May 19, 1916
ENGLAND--
FRANCE--

The 224th Infantry Battalion became the
Canadian Forestry Corps

OFFICER COMMANDING:

224th Infantry Battalion (Forestry)

Lieutenant Colonel A. McDOUGALL-

Four happy wounded Canadians at a C. C. S. September, 1918.





225th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 225th (Kootenay Battalion)
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

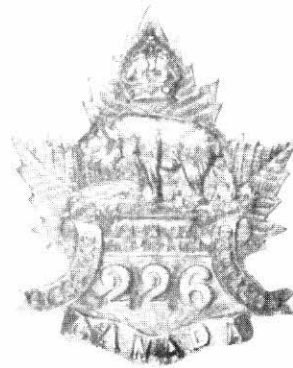
RECRUITING AREAS: Fernie, Cranbrook,
Nelson, Grand Forks
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Fernie, British Columbia

SERVICE:
CANADA--February 26, 1916 to January 26, 1917
ENGLAND--February 6, 1917 to February 6, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 225th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 16th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. MacKAY-



226th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 226th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: North half of the
Province of Manitoba
MOBILIZATION H. Q.'s: Dauphin, Manitoba,
and Camp Hughes

SERVICE:
CANADA--March 3, 1916 to December 20, 1916
ENGLAND--December 26, 1916 to April 7, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 226th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 14th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. A. GILLESPIE-
December 26, 1916 to January 4, 1917



227th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 227th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: The Island of Manitoulin
and Algoma Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.'s: Sault Ste Marie and
Camp Borden

SERVICE:
CANADA--March 3, 1916 to April 11, 1917
ENGLAND--April 22, 1917 to April 22, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 227th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 8th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel C. H. LeP. JONES-



228th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 228th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Nipissing and Sudbury
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: North Bay, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--March 6, 1916 to December 1916
ENGLAND--February 16, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit of Infantry

The 228th Infantry Battalion subsequently became
the 6th Battalion, Canadian Railway Troops.

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. EARCHMAN-



229th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 229th Infantry Battalion
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: South Saskatchewan
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Moosejaw, Sask.

SERVICE:
CANADA--March 7, 1916 to April 18, 1917
ENGLAND--April 29, 1917 to May 10, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 229th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 19th RESERVE Battalion.

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. D. PICKETT -
April 4, 1917 to



230th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 230th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Violence to the strong;
Mercy to the weak: from Overseas
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: M. D. 3 (East Ontario
and Hull, P. Q. and area)
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Ottawa, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--March 9, 1916 to October 25, 1916

The 230th Infantry Battalion subsequently became the 230th Forestry Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:
230th Infantry Battalion (Forestry)

Lieutenant Colonel R. De SALABERRY -
January 23, 1917

Three men of the 5th Infantry Battalion reading a copy of the Canadian Daily Record in the trenches near Lens. February, 1918.





231st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 231st Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: Help the King
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Vancouver and district
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Vancouver, B. C.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--March 10, 1916 to April 11, 1917
 ENGLAND--April 22, 1917 to April 22, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 231st Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 24th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. E. LEACH-
 April 11, 1917 to



232nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 232nd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Battleford and district
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: North Battleford, Sask.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--March 10, 1916 to April 9, 1917
 ENGLAND--April 29, 1917 to June 9, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 232nd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 15th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel R. P. LAURIE-



233rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 233 Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 MOTTO TRANSLATION: To the Northwest:
 From Overseas.
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Western Canada
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Edmonton, Alberta

SERVICE:
 CANADA--March 14, 1916 to March 2, 1917

The 233rd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 178th Infantry Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel E. LEPROHON-



234th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 234th Peel Battalion
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July, 1916

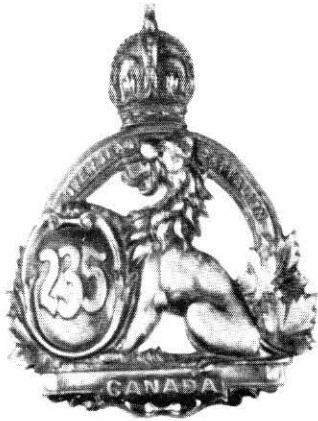
RECRUITING AREA: Peel County, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--April 4, 1916 to April 18, 1917
 ENGLAND--April 29, 1917 to April 29, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 234th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 12th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. O. MORRIS-
 April 18, 1917 to



235th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 235th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Northumberland and Durham Counties, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Bowmanville, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--May 6, 1916 to May 3, 1917
ENGLAND--May 14, 1917 to May 14, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 235th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 3rd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel S. B. SCOBELL-
May 3, 1917 to



237th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 237th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Action not Words
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: M.D. 4, 5, 6, 7
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Sussex, New Brunswick

SERVICE:
CANADA--May 15, 1916 to September 12, 1916

The 237th, being an "American Battalion" was absorbed by the 97th Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel, the Reverend C. S. BULLOCK-



236th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: The New Brunswick Kilties; or MacLean Kilties of America
NICKNAME: "Sir Sam's Own"
MOTTO TRANSLATION: No one shall touch me with impunity
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: All of Canada, and New England in the United States of America
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Fredericton New Brunswick; and Camp Valcartier, P. Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 25, 1916 to November 9, 1917
ENGLAND--November 19, 1917 to March 13, 1918
FRANCE--No Service as a Unit

The 236th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 20th Infantry Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel P. A. GUTHRIE-
May 13, 1916 to February 28, 1918



238th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 238th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Ontario and Western Provinces
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Ottawa, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--June 2, 1916 to September 15, 1916
ENGLAND--September 22, 1916 to November 14, 1916
FRANCE--No service as an Infantry Unit

The 238th Infantry Battalion became the 14th Company, Canadian Forestry Corps

OFFICER COMMANDING:
238th Infantry Battalion (Forestry)

Lieutenant Colonel W. R. SMYTH-
September 13, 1916 to



239th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 239th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA:
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Camp Valcartier, P.Q.

SERVICE:
The Unit sailed for England on December 15, 1916

The 239th Battalion subsequently became part of the Canadian Railway Construction Corps--the 3rd Battalion, Canadian Railway Troops

OFFICER COMMANDING:
Major J. B. L. MacDONALD-



240th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 240th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Counties of Lanark, Renfrew, and Frontenac.
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Renfrew, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--June 1, 1916 to May 3, 1917
ENGLAND--May 14, 1917 to June 4, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 240th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 156th Infantry Battalion and the 6th and 7th RESERVE Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:
Lieutenant Colonel E. J. WATT-
May 3, 1917 to

A Canadian soldier hidden behind a tree to avoid the sniper's bullets. East of Arras. October, 1918.





241st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Canadian Scottish Borderers (241st Battalion, C. E. F.)
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: County of Essex, Ontario
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Windsor, Ontario

SERVICE:
 CANADA--June 2, 1916 to April 29, 1917
 ENGLAND--May 7, 1917 to May 7, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 241st Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 5th and 12th RESERVE Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. L. MCGREGOR-
 April 29, 1917 to



242nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 242nd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY:

RECRUITING AREA: Montreal and district
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Montreal, P. Q.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--
 ENGLAND--
 FRANCE--No service as an Infantry Unit

The 242nd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the Canadian Forestry Corps

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. B. WHITE-
 November 23, 1916 to



243rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 243rd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREAS: Saskatoon, Prince Albert,
 Yorkton, and North Battleford
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Prince Albert, Saskatchewan

SERVICE:
 CANADA--June 6, 1916 to June 2, 1917
 ENGLAND--June 9, 1917 to June 9, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 243rd Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 15th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Major G. G. SMITH-
 June 2, 1917 to



244th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 244th Infantry Battalion (Kitchener's Own)
 AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Montreal and district
 MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Montreal, P. Q.

SERVICE:
 CANADA--June 6, 1916 to March 28, 1917
 ENGLAND--April 7, 1917 to April 21, 1917
 FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 244th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
 into the 23rd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel E. M. McROBIE-



245th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 245th Canadian Grenadier Guards
AUTHORITY: GO 69 of 15 July 1916

RECRUITING AREA: Montreal, P. Q.
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Montreal, P. Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--June 6, 1916 to May 3, 1917
ENGLAND--May 14, 1917 to May 14, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 245th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 23rd RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel C. C. BALLANTYNE,
May 3, 1917 to

Canadian Scottish moving up to the attack on Cambrai
in the early morning. East of Arras. October, 1918.



246th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 246th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Breed of Manly Men
AUTHORITY: GO 48 of 1 May 1917

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Nova Scotia
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Halifax, N. S.

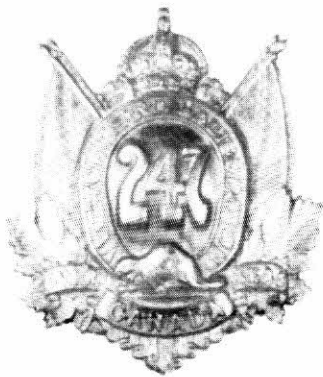
SERVICE:
CANADA--July 14, 1916 to May 28, 1917
June 2, 1917
ENGLAND--April 7, 1917 to April 7, 1917
June 9, 1917 to June 9, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 246th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 17th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel N. H. PARSONS-
June 2, 1917 to





247th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 247th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 48 of 1 May 1917

RECRUITING AREAS: Peterborough, West Hastings,
and Gavan Townships in Ontario
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Peterboro, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--August 15, 1916 to April 10, 1917
ENGLAND--No service as a Unit
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 247th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 235th Infantry Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel C. H. ACKERMAN-



248th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 248th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
MOTTO TRANSLATION: For Good Courage to
serve the King
AUTHORITY: GO 48 of 1 May 1917

RECRUITING AREA: County of Grey
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Owen Sound, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--August 31, 1916 to June 2, 1917
ENGLAND--June 9, 1917 to June 21, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 248th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 7th and 8th RESERVE Battalions

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. H. RORKE-
June 2, 1917 to



249th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 249th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 48 of 1 May 1917

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Saskatchewan
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Regina, Saskatchewan

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 6, 1916 to February 21, 1918
ENGLAND--March 4, 1918 to March 4, 1918
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 249th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 15th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel C. B. KEENLYSIDE-



250th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 250th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 48 of 1 May 1917

RECRUITING AREA: Winnipeg, Manitoba
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 12, 1916 to October 10, 1917
ENGLAND--No service as a Unit
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 250th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 249th Infantry Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. H. HASTINGS-



251st INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 251st Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 48 of 1 May 1917

RECRUITING AREA: Winnipeg and district
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Winnipeg, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 12, 1916 to September 29, 1917
ENGLAND--No service as a Unit
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 251st Infantry Battalion was partially absorbed by the 18th RESERVE Battalion; the remainder were absorbed by the 1st Depot Battalion, Manitoba Regiment

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. H. NICHOLSON-



252nd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 252nd Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY: GO 48 of 1 May 1917

RECRUITING AREAS: Victoria and Haliburton
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Lindsay, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--September 12, 1916 to June 2, 1917
ENGLAND--June 9, 1917 to June 10, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 252nd Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 6th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:*

Major G. J. THOMSON-
June 2, 1917 to

Lieutenant Colonel J. J. GLASS-

*These Officers may not be listed in the order in which they commanded the 252nd Battalion. There are no dates for Lt. Col. J. J. Glass.

Officers of the Canadian Motor Machine Gun Brigade having a musical evening. April, 1918.





253rd INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 253rd Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
AUTHORITY: GO 48 of 1 May 1917

RECRUITING AREA: University Students from across Canada. Other sources state that anyone could join this unit.
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Kingston, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--October 25, 1916 to April 29, 1917
ENGLAND--May 7, 1917 to May 18, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 253rd Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 5th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel P. G. C. CAMPBELL-



254th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 254th Infantry Battalion, C.E.F.
AUTHORITY: GO 48 of 1 May 1917

RECRUITING AREA: County of Hastings
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Belleville, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 6, 1916 to June 2, 1917
ENGLAND--June 9, 1917 to June 10, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 254th Infantry Battalion was absorbed into the 6th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. P. ALLAN-
June 2, 1917 to

Canadian Corps Headquarters--Hindenburg Line. October, 1918.





255th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: Queen's Own Rifles of Canada
AUTHORITY: GO 48 of 1 May 1917

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 22, 1916 to June 2, 1917
ENGLAND--June 9, 1917 to June 12, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 255th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 12th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. C. ROYCE-
June 6, 1917 to



256th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 256th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY:

RECRUITING AREA: Toronto, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--
ENGLAND--
FRANCE--No service as an Infantry Unit

The 256th Infantry Battalion subsequently
became the 10th Battalion, Canadian Rail-
way Troops

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. A. McCONNELL-



257th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 257th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
AUTHORITY:

RECRUITING AREA: Ottawa, Ontario
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Ottawa, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--
ENGLAND--
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 257th Infantry Battalion subsequently
became the 7th Battalion, Canadian Rail-
way Troops

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel L. T. MARTIN-



258th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 258th Infantry Battalion, C. E. F.
MOTTO TRANSLATION: Honour, Courage
AUTHORITY: GO 63 of 15 June 1917

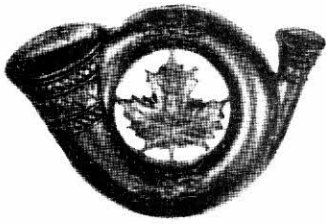
RECRUITING AREA: Province of Quebec
MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Montreal, P.Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--April 2, 1917 to October 6, 1917
ENGLAND--October 17, 1917 to October 18, 1917
FRANCE--No service as a Unit

The 258th Infantry Battalion was absorbed
into the 10th RESERVE Battalion

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel P. E. BLONDIN-



259th INFANTRY BATTALION

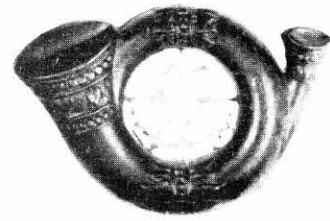
NAME: 259th Infantry Battalion (Siberia)
AUTHORITY: GO 63 of 15 June 1917

RECRUITING AREAS:

Ontario--London and Kingston

Quebec--Montreal and Quebec City

MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Victoria, British Columbia



260th INFANTRY BATTALION

NAME: 260th Infantry Battalion (Siberia)
AUTHORITY: GO 63 of 15 June 1917

RECRUITING AREAS: Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia

MOBILIZATION H.Q.: Victoria, B.C.

On July 12, the Canadian General Staff authorized the formation of a force to serve in Siberia. This force was composed of the following units: "B" Squadron R.N.W.M.P., 85th Battery Artillery, 259th and 260th Infantry Battalions, 20th Machine-Gun Company, Medical and Ordnance Sections. At nearly 5000 men strong, the force became known as the Canadian Siberian Expeditionary Force. On October 11, 680 men under Major-General J. H. Elmsley, (formerly O.C. 8th Canadian Infantry Brigade in France) left Vancouver for Siberia. The S. E. F. suffered no heavy casualties on their tour of duty, and on the 21st of April 1919, the first Canadians left Vladivostok and returned home.

Officers resting outside a dug-out captured from the enemy. Note the chalk marks above the door, naming Lieutenant-Colonel Harbottle of the 75th Infantry Battalion.





Preparing dinner in the trenches.

An officer inspecting a machine-gun.





part 4

**battalions in
reserve groupings**

Not all of the Infantry Battalions of the Canadian Expeditionary Force were on what is called the "Order of Battle". The Order of Battle comprised those Units actively engaged in the fighting on the Front. These particular Battalions are the subject of PART 2 of "Over the Top!"

In PART 4, we take a look at all the other Infantry Battalions raised in Canada during the First World War. These Battalions were used to recruit and train the men of the C. E. F. and to lend order in transporting them overseas. It was the hope of every Infantryman that his Battalion from his home should go into battle as a part of a Brigade. Unfortunately, there were just not enough Divisions and Brigades to meet this wish, and when the men arrived in Great Britain, fate was awaiting them and their Units.

During battle, an Infantry Battalion's ranks can be thinned rapidly. To remain at strength sufficient enough to face the enemy, the Battalion has to call on reinforcements. These men have to have advanced training in methods employed in the field. Canada's system for supplying such men was to form the Recruiting Battalions into RESERVE BATTALIONS upon their arrival in England.

This, however, did not mean that an Infantry Unit just over from Canada would be sent intact to a Reserve Battalion. On the contrary. Battalions were split into "Drafts" and then assigned to a Reserve Battalion. An example of this is the 168th Infantry Battalion, raised in Oxford County. The 168th sent a major Draft to the 4th Reserve Battalion; and another Draft to the 6th Reserve Battalion.

In the RESERVE BATTALIONS, advanced training was carried out by instructors who were experienced soldiers from the front lines. When the call came from France that a Battalion or a Brigade needed reinforcements, then a Draft was called together from a RESERVE Battalion, and sent to the Front.

PART 4 groups together the major Drafts of the Recruiting Battalions raised in Canada into RESERVE BATTALIONS formed in England. Again, it should be remembered that these are only major Drafts, and that Units like the 168th supplied men to RESERVE BATTALIONS other than those under whose number their badge is illustrated.

As a footnote, certain Reserve Battalions absorbed other existing Reserve Battalions. These cases are charted below--

1st RESERVE BATTALION	absorbed the	16th RESERVE BATTALION
4th	"	" 25th
6th	"	" 7th
8th	"	" 2nd
11th	"	" 14th
12th	"	" 5th
15th	"	" 19th
17th	"	" 26th
23rd	"	" 22nd

1st RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

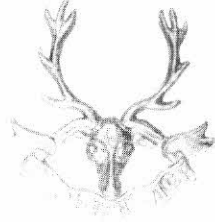
Lieutenant Colonel J. H. D. HULME-
January 2, 1917 to May 21, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel G. S. PRAGNELL-
May 21, 1917 to July 6, 1917

Major J. L. R. DeMORINNI-
July 6, 1917 to July 31, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel G. S. PRAGNELL-
July 31, 1917 to February 23, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel C. B. WORSNOP, D.S.O. -
February 23, 1918 to Demobilization



2nd RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. H. BRUCE-
January 2, 1917 to June 1, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel W. C. TOWERS-
June 1, 1917 to February 15, 1918



3rd RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. S. BUELL-
January 2, 1917 to Demobilization



4th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. C. McCORDICK -
January 2, 1917 to January 22, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel H. A. GENET, D.S.O. -
January 23, 1918 to April 24, 1918

Major L. B. UNWIN -
April 24, 1918 to May 17, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel C. H. ROGERS -
May 17, 1918 to Demobilization



5th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. T. CHISHOLM -
January 2, 1917 to June 8, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel J. D. McCRIMMON -
June 8, 1917 to February 16, 1918



6th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel M. A. COLQUHOUN, D.S.O. -
January 2, 1917 to April 24, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel A. C. PRATT -
April 24, 1917 to June 5, 1917

Major C. R. CAMERON -
June 5, 1917 to

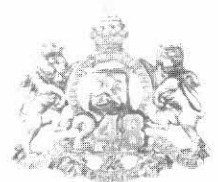


7th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. E. CARPENTER -
January 1, 1917 to June 4, 1917

Major D. A. CLARKE, M.C. -
June 4, 1917 to February 15, 1918



8th RESERVE BATTALION

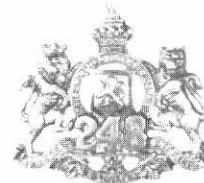
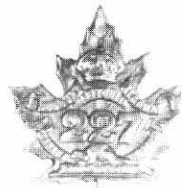
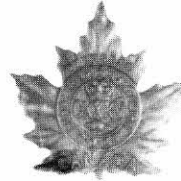
OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. F. McFARLAND -
January 2, 1917 to June 12, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel H. D. L. GORDON, D.S.O. -
June 12, 1917 to July 22, 1917

Major G. D. FLEMING -
July 22, 1917 to September 12, 1917

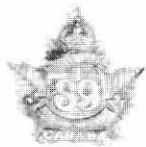
Lieutenant Colonel H. D. L. GORDON, D.S.O. -
September 12, 1917 to

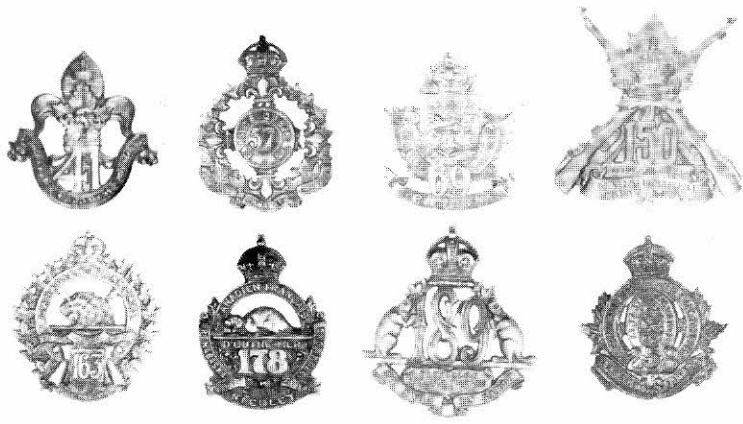


9th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. C. D. ARMSTRONG -
January 2, 1917 to





10th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. DesROSIERS-
January 2, 1917 to



11th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel P. WALKER-
January 2, 1917 to May 7, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel P. G. DALY, C.M.G., D.S.O.-
May 7, 1918 to



12th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. G. MITCHELL-
January 2, 1917 to June 2, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel B. O. HOOPER, M.C. -
June 2, 1917 to May 2, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel L. ROSS-
May 2, 1918 to

13th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. W. FOWLER -
January 2, 1917 to July 9, 1917

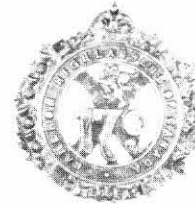
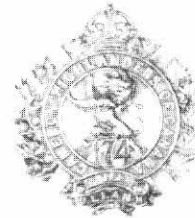
Major A. STERLING -
July 9, 1917 to



14th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel I. R. SNIDER -
January 2, 1917 to October 15, 1917



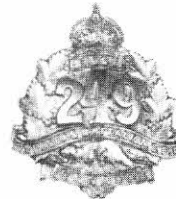
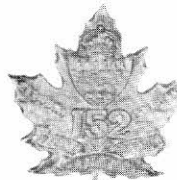
15th RESERVE BATTALION

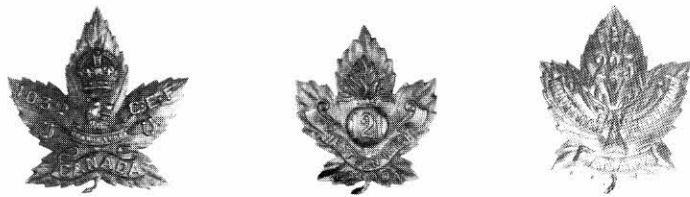
OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. J. CLARK -
July 14, 1916 to January 2, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel A. DULMAGE -
January 2, 1917 to May 28, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel J. A. CROSS -
May 28, 1917 to



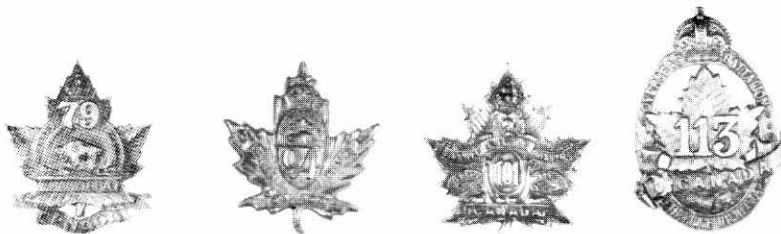


16th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel E. C. J. L. HANNIKER-
January 2, 1917 to May 3, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel J. C. L. BOTT-
May 3, 1917 to February 15, 1918



17th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel D. D. CAMERON-
January 2, 1917 to February 12, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel W. H. MUIRHEAD-
February 12, 1917 to



18th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel K. C. BEDSON-
January 9, 1917 to February 10, 1917

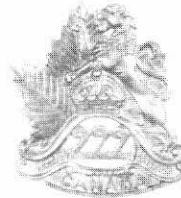
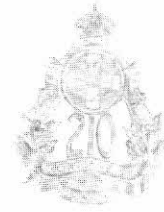
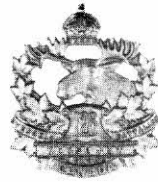
Lieutenant Colonel W. A. DYER-
February 10, 1917 to



19th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICER COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel D. S. MacKAY -
January 2, 1917 to October 15, 1917



20th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. A. MAGEE -
January 2, 1917 to May 27, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel G. S. CANTLIE, D.S.O. -
May 27, 1917 to



21st RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. D. R. STEWART -
January 2, 1917 to May 27, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel W. H. HEWGILL -
May 28, 1917 to

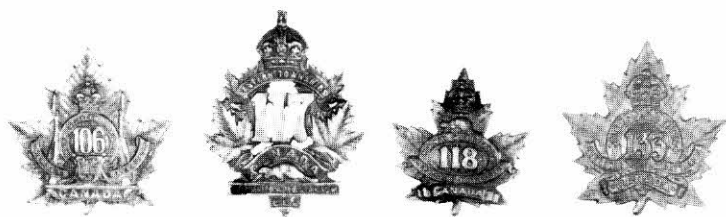


22nd RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel W. W. BURLAND, D.S.O. -
January 3, 1917 to April 2, 1917

Major R. E. POPHAM -
April 2, 1917 to May 9, 1917



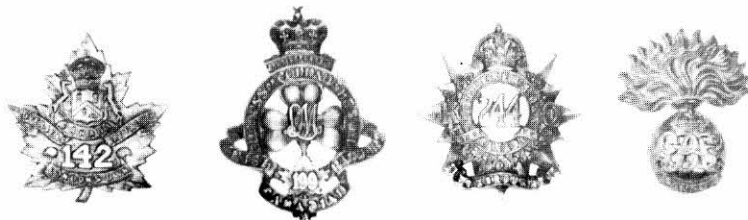
23rd RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel F. C. BOWEN -

Major D. A. McKAY -

Lieutenant Colonel F. W. FISHER -
January 2, 1917 to



24th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. H. KIRKPATRICK -
January 2, 1917 to April 21, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel G. S. PRAGNELL, D.S.O. -
April 21, 1917 to May 20, 1917



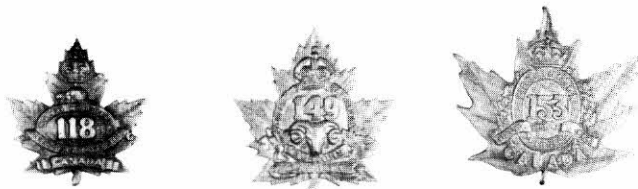
25th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel N. C. HOYLES -
January 4, 1917 to July 10, 1917

Major H. D. MEREDITH JONES -
July 10, 1917 to October 1, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel N. C. HOYLES -
October 1, 1917 to February 15, 1918



26th RESERVE BATTALION

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel A. G. VINCENT -
January 2, 1917 to May 19, 1917

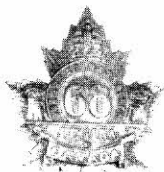
Lieutenant Colonel A. W. P. WESTON -
May 19, 1917 to October 15, 1919



30th RESERVE BATTALION



32nd RESERVE BATTALION



35th RESERVE BATTALION

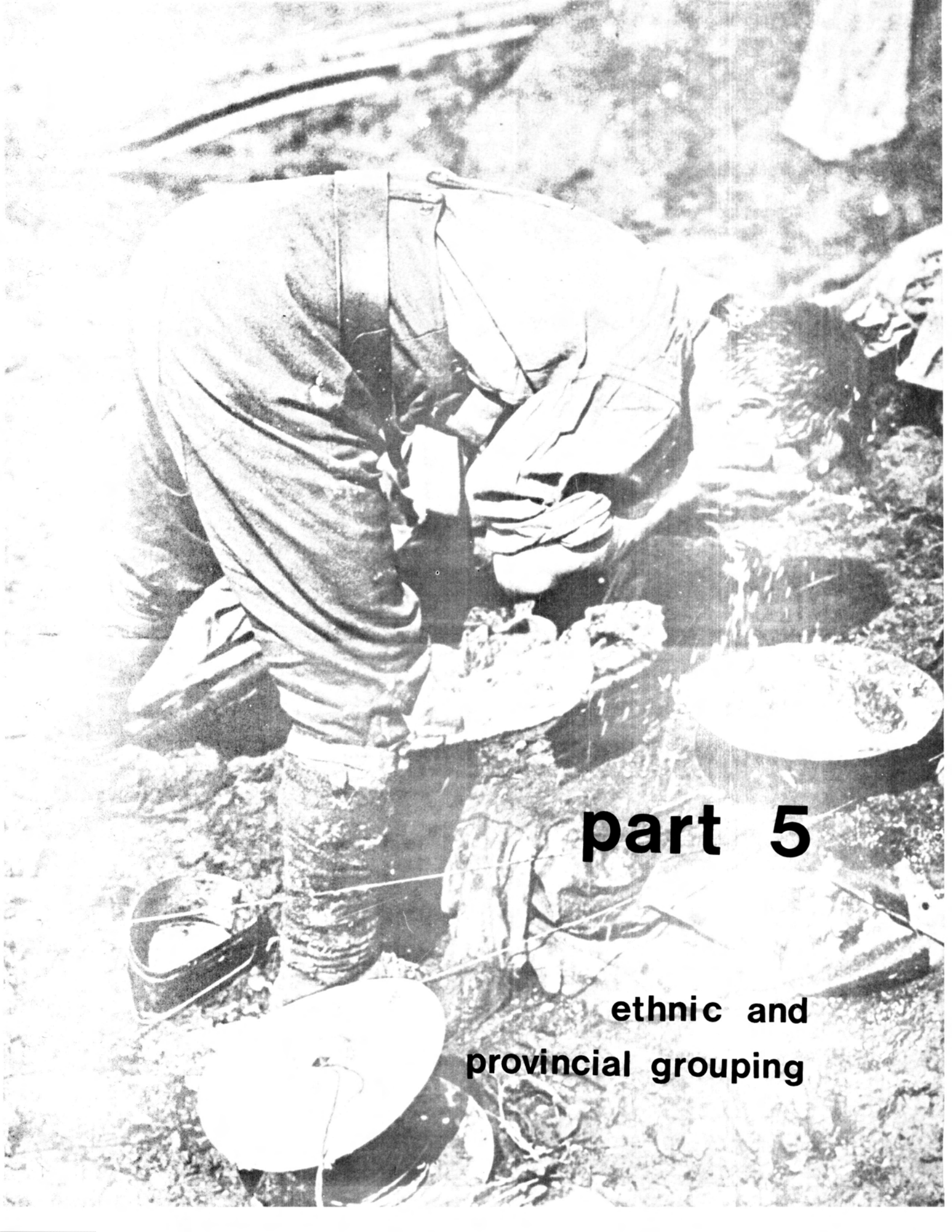




Stock-pile of food for the Canadian Army.

Life in a trench occupied by the 22nd Infantry Battalion.





part 5

ethnic and
provincial grouping

PART 5 of "OVER THE TOP!" serves a dual function in breaking down the Infantry Battalions of the Canadian Expeditionary Force, 1914-1919.

Firstly, the Battalions are broken down into their province of origin. The town listed under the MOBILIZATION HEADQUARTERS in the individual Battalion outlines in PART 3 has been used to determine the province of origin in cases where a Battalion was recruited or had representation from 2 different provinces. In the cases of the first 17 Infantry Battalions, whose Mobilization Headquarters were at Camp Valcartier, the city contributing the most men to the Battalion has been used to determine the province under which the Battalion would be listed in PART 5.

The sub-dividing of Battalions into categories such as the two used in PART 5 is practically endless. One will note that all the Battalions listed by province of origin could be once again sub-divided into a) city Battalions, and b) county Battalions. At this point it might be of interest to mention that being able to divide the Battalions into these categories is no mere accident. To make recruiting more appealing, the government decided to make use of the local patriotism of the country. The result was that County Councils and Municipal Governments were given permission to raise Battalions from their own sphere of authority.

Recruiting Officers scoured the County length and breadth for able men to serve in their Unit. Marches such as the ones described in PART 1 on pages 18 and 19 were used to try and promote pride in the County Battalion, and more important promote enlistment. The drawback to this system was that men enlisted at this stage who could not possibly pass the requirements for overseas service. Due to this, many of the County and City Battalions went overseas vastly under strength even though drafts were brought in from other centres of population.

The other category of sub-dividing some of the C.E.F. Infantry Battalions is discussed at the top of page 175.



MANITOBA









ONTARIO





QUEBEC





NOVA SCOTIA



PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND



Canada's population was primarily formed by the influx of people from many different countries in Europe, so it was only natural to form Battalions that appealed to the heritage of the particular area in which recruiting was being carried out.

The following pages list the Infantry Battalions by the major Ethnic Groupings in Canada at the time of the 1st World War. See page 178 for some further discussion on the topic of specialized Battalions.

FRENCH CANADIAN



CANADIAN SCOTTISH



CANADIAN IRISH



CANADIAN SCANDINAVIAN



NORTH AMERICAN INDIAN



AMERICAN



Some of the Ethnic Groupings can be sub-divided into smaller related groups. A prime example of this is the CANADIAN SCOTTISH grouping shown on page 176.

The 48th Highlanders of Toronto were a Regiment of long standing in that city. Their first contribution to the C. E. F. was in the form of the 15th Battalion. But throughout the 1st World War, they also raised 2 other Battalions, namely the 92nd Battalion and the 134th Battalion. Note the similarity of the badges in regard to the incorporation of motto and Regimental symbols.

The Cameron Highlanders of Winnipeg contributed the 43rd Battalion to the Order of Battle, and in addition recruited the 174th and 179th Battalions. Once again note the incorporation of Regimental symbolism in the three Battalion badges.

Nova Scotia's Canadian Scottish Battalions all took on the same shape badges. The numbers and some wording differed. The 85th Battalion was their Order of Battle Battalion, with the 185th, 193rd, 219th and 246th Battalions used for recruiting and training. The exception to this badge design is the 17th Battalion, a reserve unit that went overseas with the 1st Division.

The Royal Highlanders of Canada formed another 'family' of badges. In this case there is a difference. The 13th and 42nd Battalions both served on the Order of Battle, and both were similar in design. The third Battalion of the Royal Highlanders, the 73rd, had a completely different style of badge.

The Seaforth Highlanders of Canada raised the 72nd Battalion and the 231st Battalion, both incorporating a stag head on their badge. The 17th Battalion mentioned earlier also used the stag head on the cap device.

The above mentioned 'family' groupings are only examples of some of the many Battalions that can be grouped in this manner. Another example, this time it is not a Scottish Unit, is the 8th Battalion (90th Winnipeg Rifles). In addition to the 8th Battalion, the parent regiment also raised the 90th, 144th, 190th and the 203rd Battalions. All badges used by these Units have the same basic features.

Besides the Ethnic Groupings of badges, units were formed for men of a certain height. These, the 143rd and 216th Battalions were known as Bantams. Sportsmen Battalions were formed, these being the 180th and 202nd Battalions. All these are examples of Units formed to try to appeal to a certain group or type of man.

Grouping and sub-dividing Battalions into categories such as the ones shown in PART 5 can go on and on, but it is not within the scope of this book to do so. It is hoped that the reader will conduct his own research into this aspect of the Canadian Expeditionary Force 1914-1919.



appendices

APPENDIX 1

CANADIAN MOUNTED RIFLES

The Canadian Mounted Rifles have a complicated history, since the original 13 Units raised in Canada were all shipped overseas and 2 Brigades, consisting of the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th, 5th and 6th Regiments, respectively, even went to France.

However, they were all, including the 7th to 13th Regiments (concentrated in the United Kingdom), subsequently broken up and used as reinforcements. Some of the Drafts were used to form the 1st, 2nd, 4th and 5th C.M.R. Battalions, which formed the 8th Infantry Brigade of the 3rd Division.

The following is a summary of the 13 C.M.R. Regiments from Canada--

1st Regiment	Brandon, Manitoba
2nd Regiment	Victoria, British Columbia
3rd Regiment	Medicine Hat, Alberta
4th Regiment	Toronto, Ontario
5th Regiment	Sherbrooke, Quebec
6th Regiment	Amherst, Nova Scotia
7th Regiment	London, Toronto, Sarnia, Windsor--Ontario
8th Regiment	Ottawa, Ontario
9th Regiment	Lloydminster, Saskatchewan
10th Regiment	Regina, Saskatchewan
11th Regiment	Vancouver, British Columbia
12th Regiment	Calgary, Alberta
13th Regiment	Pincher Creek, Alberta

1st Brigade consisted of the 1st, 2nd, 3rd Regiments and was Headquartered at
Winnipeg, Manitoba

2nd Brigade consisted of the 4th, 5th, 6th Regiments and was Headquartered at
Sherbrooke, Quebec.



1st. C. M. R.

NAME: 1st Canadian Mounted Rifle Regiment
AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Brandon, Saskatoon, Yorkton
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Brandon, Manitoba

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 5, 1914 to June 12, 1915
ENGLAND--June 19, 1915 to September 22, 1915
FRANCE--September 22, 1915 to January 1, 1916

As the 1st Battalion, Canadian Mounted Rifles

RECRUITING AREAS: 1st and 3rd Regiments, C. M. R.
and drafts from England
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: France

SERVICE:
FRANCE--January 1, 1916 to February 13, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel H. I. STEPHENSON -
June 12, 1915 to January 12, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel A. E. SHAW -
January 12, 1916 to June 3, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel R. C. ANDROS -
June 3, 1916 to April 24, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel B. LAWS -
April 24, 1918 to Demobilization

BATTLE HONOURS:

"MOUNT SORREL," "SOMME, 1916," "FLERS-COURCELETTE," "Ancre Heights," "Arras, 1917-'18," "VIMY, 1917," "Hill 70," "Ypres, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "SCARPE, 1918," "Hindenburg Line," "CANAL du NORD," "CAMBRAI, 1918," "Valenciennes," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1915-'18."



2nd. C. M. R.

NAME: 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifle Regiment
AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREAS: Victoria and Vernon, B. C.
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Victoria, B. C.

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 5, 1914 to June 12, 1915
ENGLAND--June 19, 1915 to September 22, 1915
FRANCE--September 22, 1915 to January 1, 1916

As the 2nd Battalion, Canadian Mounted Rifles

RECRUITING AREAS: 2nd and 3rd Regiments, C. M. R.
and drafts from England
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: France

SERVICE:
FRANCE--January 1, 1916 to February 13, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel J. C. BOTT -
June 12, 1915 to November 27, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel G. C. JOHNSTON, D. S. O., M. C. -
November 27, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:

Captain John MacGregor: 29th September, 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:

"MOUNT SORREL," "SOMME, 1916," "FLERS-COURCELETTE," "Ancre Heights," "Arras, 1917, '18," "VIMY, 1917," "Hill 70," "Ypres, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE," "AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918," "HINDENBURG LINE," "Canal du Nord," "CAMBRAI, 1918," "PURSUIT to MONS," "FRANCE and FLANDERS, 1915-'18."



4th. C. M. R.

NAME: 4th Canadian Mounted Rifle Regiment
AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREA: M. D. 2
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Toronto, Ontario

SERVICE:
CANADA--November 5, 1914 to July 18, 1915
ENGLAND--July 28, 1915 to October 24, 1915
FRANCE--October 24, 1915 to January 1, 1916

As the 4th Battalion, Canadian Mounted Rifles

RECRUITING AREAS: 4th and 6th Regiments, C. M. R.
and drafts from England
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: France

SERVICE:
FRANCE--January 1, 1916 to February 13, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel S. F. SMITH-
July 18, 1915 to March 6, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel J. F. H. USSHER-
March 6, 1916 to June 3, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel H. D. L. GORDON, D.S.O. -
June 7, 1916 to May 27, 1917

Lieutenant Colonel W. R. PATTERSON, D.S.O. -
May 28, 1917 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:
Private Thomas William Holmes: 26th October, 1917

BATTLE HONOURS:
"MOUNT SORREL," "SOMME, 1916," "FLERS-
COURCELETTE," "Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917, 18,"
"VIMY, 1917," "HILL 70," "YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE,"
"AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918," "Hindenburg Line," "Canal du Nord,"
"CAMBRAI, 1918," "Valenciennes," "Sambre," "France and
Flanders, 1915-18."



5th. C. M. R.

NAME: 5th Canadian Mounted Rifle Regiment
AUTHORITY: GO 36 of 15 March 1915

RECRUITING AREA: Province of Quebec
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: Sherbrooke, P. Q.

SERVICE:
CANADA--December 1, 1914 to July 18, 1915
ENGLAND--July 28, 1915 to October 24, 1915
FRANCE--October 24, 1915 to January 1, 1916

As the 5th Battalion, Canadian Mounted Rifles

RECRUITING AREAS: 5th and 6th Regiments, C. M. R.
and drafts from England
MOBILIZATION H. Q.: France

SERVICE:
FRANCE--January 1, 1916 to February 13, 1919

OFFICERS COMMANDING:

Lieutenant Colonel G. H. BAKER-
July 18, 1915 to June 3, 1916

Lieutenant Colonel D. C. DRAPER, D.S.O. -
June 3, 1916 to May 25, 1918

Lieutenant Colonel W. RHOADES, D.S.O., M.C. -
May 25, 1918 to Demobilization

VICTORIA CROSS AWARDS:
Major George Randolph Pearkes: 30th October 1917
Lieut. Charles Smith Rutherford: 26th August 1918

BATTLE HONOURS:
"Mount Sorrel," "SOMME, 1916," "Flers-Courcelette,"
"Ancre Heights," "ARRAS, 1917, 18," "VIMY, 1917,"
"HILL 70," "YPRES, 1917," "PASSCHENDAELE,"
"AMIENS," "Scarpe, 1918," "Hindenburg Line,"
"Canal du Nord," "CAMBRAI, 1918," "VALEN-
CIENNES," "Sambre," "FRANCE and FLANDERS,
1915-18."

APPENDIX 2

PAY RATES OF THE C. E. F. "INFANTRY"

OFFICERS--

RANK	RATE of PAY	FIELD ALLOWANCE
Colonel	\$6.00	\$1.50
Lieutenant Colonel	\$5.00	\$1.25
Major	\$4.00	\$1.00
Captain	\$3.00	75¢
Lieutenant	\$2.00	60¢

If an Officer was the Battalion Adjutant, he received in addition to his rank earnings, 50¢ per day.
Officers serving as Quartermasters and Paymasters received \$3.00 per day as Rate of Pay with an Allowance of 75¢.

WARRANT OFFICERS and NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS--

RANK	RATE of PAY	FIELD ALLOWANCE
Regimental Sgt. Major	\$2.00	30¢
Company Sgt. Major	\$1.60	20¢
Staff Sergeant	\$1.60	20¢
Sergeant	\$1.35	15¢
Corporal	\$1.10	10¢

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS (Special Duties)

RANK	RATE of PAY	FIELD ALLOWANCE
Quartermaster		
Sergeant	\$1.80	20¢
Paymaster Sergeant	\$1.50	20¢
Orderly Room Clerk	\$1.50	20¢
Company Quartermaster		
Sergeant	\$1.50	20¢

PRIVATES--

RANK	RATE of PAY	FIELD ALLOWANCE
Private	\$1.00	10¢
Cook	\$1.00	10¢
Driver	\$1.00	10¢
Batman	\$1.00	10¢
Trumpeter	\$1.00	10¢
Drummer	\$1.00	10¢

APPENDIX 3

MILITARY DISTRICTS IN CANADA

Military District Number	Area covered by District
M. D. 1	Western Ontario, east of Thunder Bay
M. D. 2	Central Ontario
M. D. 3	Eastern Ontario and Hull, P. O.
M. D. 4	Western Quebec
M. D. 5	Eastern Quebec
M. D. 6	Maritime Provinces
M. D. 10	Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Ontario west of Thunder Bay
M. D. 11	British Columbia
M. D. 13	Alberta

5000 Canadians leave Southampton aboard "OLYMPIA" April, 1919.



APPENDIX 4

The following BATTLE HONOURS were awarded to the Infantry Battalions not on the "ORDER OF BATTLE" (Infantry) in the Canadian Expeditionary Force.

The list is extracted from General Order Number 110, 1929, List No. 1 and from General Order Number 123 of 1929, List No. 2.

6th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1914-15"	59th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	89th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
9th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1914-17"	61st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	90th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
11th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1914-17"	62nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	91st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
12th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1914-17"	63rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	92nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
17th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1914-17"	64th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	93rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
23rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1915-17"	65th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	94th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
30th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1915-17"	66th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	95th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
32nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1915-17"	67th Battalion (Pioneers) "SOMME 1916" "ANCRE HEIGHTS" "ANCRE 1916" "ARRAS 1917" "VIMY 1917" "ARLEUX" "FRANCE and FLANDERS 1916-17"	96th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
33rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"		97th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
34th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1915-16"		98th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
35th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1915-17"	68th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	99th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
36th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1915-17"	69th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	100th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
37th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1915-16"	70th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	101st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
39th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1915-17"	71st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	103rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
40th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1915-17"	74th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	104th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-18"
41st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1915-16"	76th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	105th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
45th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	77th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	106th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
48th Battalion (3rd Pioneers) "MOUNT SORREL" "SOMME 1916" "FLERS-COURCELETTE" "THIEPVAL" "ANCRE HEIGHTS" "ARRAS 1917" "VIMY 1917" "FRANCE and FLANDERS 1916-17"	79th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	107th Battalion (Pioneers) "ARRAS 1917-18" "VIMY 1917" "ARLEUX" "SCARPE 1917" "HILL 70" "YPRES 1917" "PASSCHENDAELE" "SOMME 1918" FRANCE and FLANDERS 1917-18
51st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	80th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	108th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
53rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	81st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	109th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
55th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1915-16"	82nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	110th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
57th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	83rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	111th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
	84th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	
	86th Machine gun Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	
	88th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	

112th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	135th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	168th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
113th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	136th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	169th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
114th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	137th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	170th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
115th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	138th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	171st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
117th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	139th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	172nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
118th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	140th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	173rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
119th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-18"	141st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	174th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
120th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	142nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	175th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
121st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	143rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	176th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
122nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	144th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	177th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
123rd Battalion (Pioneers) "ARRAS 1917" "VIMY 1917" "ARLEUX" "SCARPE 1917" "HILL 70" "YPRES 1917" "PASSCHENDAELE" "FRANCE and FLANDERS 1917-18"	145th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	178th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
124th Battalion (Pioneers) "ARRAS 1917" "VIMY 1917" "HILL 70" "YPRES 1917" "PASSCHENDAELE" "FRANCE and FLANDERS 1917-18"	146th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	179th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
125th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-18"	147th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	180th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
126th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	148th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	181st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
127th Battalion "YPRES, 1917" "PILCKEM" "LANGEMARCK, 1917" "MENIN ROAD" "POLYGON WOOD" "BROODSEINDE" "POELCAPPELLE" "PASSCHENDAELE" "SOMME, 1918" "ST. QUENTIN" "France and Flanders 1918"	149th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	182nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
128th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	150th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-18"	183rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
129th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	151st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	184th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
130th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	152nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	185th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-18"
131st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	153rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	186th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
132nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	154th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	187th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
133rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	155th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	188th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
134th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-18"	156th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-18"	189th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
	157th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	190th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
	158th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	191st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
	159th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	192nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
	160th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-18"	193rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
	161st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-18"	194th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
	162nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	195th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"
	163rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	196th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"
	164th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917-18"	197th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
	165th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	198th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917-18"
	166th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	199th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"

200th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	226th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	248th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
202nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	227th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	249th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1918"
203rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	228th Battalion "SOMME, 1918" "ST. QUENTIN" "BAPAUME, 1918" "HINDENBERG LINE" "EPEHY" "ST. QUENTIN CANAL" "BEAUFROID" "CAMBRAI, 1918" "FRANCE and FLANDERS 1917-18"	252nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
204th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	229th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	253rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
207th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	230th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	254th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
208th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917-18"	231st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	255th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
209th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	232nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	258th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"
210th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	234th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	259th Battalion "SIBERIA 1918-19"
211th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	235th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	260th Battalion "SIBERIA 1918-19"
213th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	236th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917-18"	
214th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	238th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"	
215th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	240th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	
216th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	241st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	
217th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	242nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	
218th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	243rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	
219th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"	244th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	
220th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	245th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	
221st Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	246th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"	
222nd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916-17"		
223rd Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"		
224th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1916"		
225th Battalion "THE GREAT WAR 1917"		

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